THE WEATHER.
Generally fair Sunday, slightly slightly warmer west portion; Monday fair, light to moderate variable winds.

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CLASH OF REBELS ENDED BY MADERO

Trouble Among Members of Cabinet Marked by Thrilling Incidents.

LIVES OF LEADERS IN DANGER

General Orozco Caused the Trouble At Juarez—Gen. Navarro Spirited Across the Border to Save Life.

Juarez, Mexico, May 13.—The supreme test, the clash between the military and political authorities was experienced by the Provisional government of Mexico today and Provisional President Francisco I. Madero, Jr., tonight is complete master of the situation.

After a day of thrilling incidents during which the lives of Madero and his chiefs were in danger, General Orozco in a moment of passion, ordering the arrest of the little rebel leader and demanding the resignation of the provisional cabinet, the capital of the provisional government is quiet.

General Navarro the defeated Federal commander, whose life was threatened early today by angry mobs of insurrectos, was spirited away by Francisco I. Madero, Jr., in person, to the American side of the Rio Grande, and tonight is safely ensconced in the home of friends in El Paso.

A plot quiet, deeply laid, is suspected by the rebel leaders as the cause of the near riot in front of the Madero headquarters today, and some of the Madero leaders assert that it was a sinister scheme on the part of those who are trying to break up the organization of the revolution to foster the opinion throughout Mexico that the movement is one of anarchy.

Provisional President Madero in a statement issued tonight, charged that General Orozco's actions "were incited by persons interested in bringing about disunion among us."

Early today General Orozco called on Provisional President Madero and the two talked alone for some time. Suddenly their voices were raised and the other rebel political chiefs rushed into the room only to find themselves held back by some of Orozco's men. A throng of soldiers had gathered outside the building and Senor Madero determined to appeal to them. Six-snooters had been drawn and rifles were leveled but Senor Madero stood before the crowd and slapping his breast, shouted: "Shoot me; shoot me if you dare."

General Orozco was at his side. His men ostensibly had been summoned to take part in the coup de stat, but as Madero stepped forth among them and talked in his reassuring way, the affection which has been ripened among his men since the revolution began crystalized in a mighty shout of "Viva Madero."

There are all sorts of stories in regard to the clash today, but at the bottom of it was apparent that dissension among the military chiefs was the cause of the disturbance. Colonel Villa was said to have insisted on General Navarro's life, while General Orozco also was said to have been displeased with the naming of a civilian as minister of war. Tonight all is harmony, Senor Madero has impressed upon General Orozco that the choosing of a cabinet and the management of a government is quite outside the function of the military.

Apprehension for the safety of General Navarro stirred the sympathy of General Madero after the incident at the municipal building and he determined at the risk of his own life, to save the brave Federal commander. He was whisked away in an automobile to where General Navarro has been staying since he was captured and after a brief explanation conveyed General Navarro to the river front where the latter waded the river and soon was safe on the American territory. American troops were ready to protect him, if necessary, but the insurrectos were ignorant of Senor Madero's move till it was accomplished.

General Navarro gave his word of honor that he would return to Mexican soil when required to do so by Madero. If the feeling against Navarro among the insurrectos, because of alleged acts of cruelty in previous battles becomes stronger it may be that a court martial will be ordered.

Some of the rebels want a court martial, but the disposition of Senor Madero and his supporters is to save Navarro from any harm.

Senor Madero tonight gave out the following explanation of the day's events:

"Orozco, excited by the victory, probably felt the adulation and bad advice of persons interested in causing disunion among us, committed a fault which fortunately had no consequences.

"He complained that the troops did not have sufficient provisions, and wanted to lay the fault upon the persons designated by me to provision the army; but the truth is that in the storehouses we have more than enough provisions, so that the fault is with the provider of his corps, who has not attended to his duty.

"He told me, also, that he did not like the persons whom I had designated as cabinet officers, but I told him that it was not he who should tell me whom I should appoint."

The provisional cabinet met several times today to arrange routine affairs of the government. Its meetings are held in the large east room of the customs house, where President Taft and President Diaz once met.

On the green burlap hangs a portrait of President Taft. A few days ago a painting of Gen. Diaz hung beside it. Now the gilt-edged frame stands on the floor, with the head down, underneath a painting of Benito Juarez, after whom this town was named and who in 1857 drafted the constitution for an enforcement of whose provisions the rebels claim to be fighting.

YEAR IN NAVAL STORES

Acting Census Director Falkner issues Interesting Statement and Review of Conditions During the Past Few Years.

Washington, D. C., May 9.—A preliminary statement showing the quantity and value of turpentine and rosin manufactured in the United States during the alandar year 1910, was issued today by Acting Census Director Falkner. It was prepared under the supervision of William M. Steuart, chief statistician, division of manufacturers, by A. H. Marsh, expert special agent. It contains comparative summaries of the production and value of turpentine and rosin, distributed by States, for 1910 and 1909, and also the quantity and value of spirits of turpentine and rosin produced and exported in 1910 and 1909. The statistics refer to the calendar year and not to what is termed the "naval-stores year," which ends March 31.

Substantial Increases in Values.

The crop yield of spirits of turpentine in 1910 amounted to 555,000 casks, as compared with 580,000 in 1909, a reduction of 4 per cent. The production of rosin amounted to 1,906,000 barrels, each weighing 500 pounds, in 1910, as compared with 1,828,000 barrels in 1909, an increase of 4 per cent.

The value of turpentine was $17,680,000 in 1910, as compared with $12,654,000 in 1909, an increase of 40 per cent.

The value of the rosin production was $18,255,000 in 1910 and $12,577,000 in 1909, an increase of 45 per cent.

The average price of turpentine was $31.86 per cask in 1910, as compared with $21.82 in 1909, an increase of 46 per cent.

The average price of rosin including all gredes, was $9.56 per barrel of 500 pounds in 1910, as compared with $6.88 per barrel in 1909, an increase of 40 per cent.

In the turpentine industry the largest relative decrease, amounting to 32 per cent., was sustained in the Carolina's the oldest producing territory. Georgia showed a reduction of 14 per cent., Alabama 18 per cent., and Louisiana 34 per cent. Florida, which ranks first, showed a gain of 8 per cent., and Mississippi a gain of 9 per cent., in value of production.

In the manufacture of rosin the largest relative decrease in total product, amounting to 51 per cent., occurred in Louisiana, although the decrease in value was only 34 per cent. North and South Carolina lost 17 per cent. in quantity, but gained 14 per cent. in value. Georgia's production decreaseed 4 per cent. Florida the largest producer, gained 17 per cent. in quantity and 60 per cent. in value. Alabama's quantity was the same in both years, but the increase in value was 38 per cent. in 1910. Mississippi increased its production in 1910 by 10 per cent., but the value rose 62 per cent.

The seeming disparity in the conditions between Louisiana and Mississippi is due probably to the fact that the turpentine interests of Southern Mississippi and Eastern Louisiana are interwoven so closely that State lines were not strictly regarded by factors and others in making their returns to the Census Bureau.

The decreased production shown in Louisiana was not due to the depleted conditions of the forests, but was caused probably by the arbitrary reduction or temporary cessation of turpentine operations by some of the large timber-owning companies who usually "work" the timber before cutting it.

The general decrease in turpentine production in 1910, as compared with 1909, is attributed to three principal causes: (1) Depletion of forests in older localities and arbitrary reduction of operations in parts of newer territory; (2) unfavorable weather conditions for production; and (3) inability of operators to get sufficient labor to work the crops.

It should be noted that the products marketed in the first three months of the year are comparatively small. After April 1 they are referred to as the "old crop." An old crop is liable to vary more in value than in quantity; the difference in price betwen products of the two periods sometimes is large. For instance, the "old crop" in 1909 averaged about 40 cents per gallon, while in 1910 it averaged about 60 cents.

Review of Industry.

The most prosperous period of the industry during the past decade was from 1903 to 1907. During these years there was a ready demand for the products, especially spirits of turpentine, at renumerative prices. Encouraged by the prevailing prosperity, new teritory was exploited and tim-

(Continued on Page Two.)

TAFT IS AGAINST JUDGES' RECALL

President Denounces the Provision With Reference to the Judiciary.

LIMITS THEM TOO CLOSELY

President Talks Plainly Before Conference on Reform of Criminal Law and Procedure—Tells of Duties of Judges.

Washington, May 13.—President Taft came out publicly tonight in most pronounced fashion against the recall of the judiciary. In his speech at the Hotel Astor before the Conference on Reform of the Criminal Law and Procedure, the President made his attitude plain.

Most of his speech had been devoted to a comparison, highly unfavorable to this country, of the judicial systems of Great Britain and the United States. He lamented the tendency manifested, even in England, but more particularly in this country, to put limitations on the power of the judge.

"And now," he said, "not content with reducing the position of the judge to one something like that of the moderator in a religious assembly or the presiding officer of a political convention, the judge is to be made still less important and to be put still more on trial and to assume still more the character of a defendant by a provision of law, under which, if his rulings and conduct in court do not suit a small percentage of the electors of his district, he may be compelled to submit the question of his continuance on the bench during the term for which he was elected, to an election for recall, in which the reason for his recall is to be included in 200 words and his defense thereto to be equally brief.

"The statistics show the crimes that go unpunished in this country as compared with those in England," said Mr. Taft, "are startling and humiliating to any son of America, who has pride in his fellow countrymen as a law abiding and law enforcing people.

"Wherein is the great difference between the effectiveness of the two systems. I believe it to exist in the character, experience and learning of the judges, in the power which they maintain and exercise in the course of the trial for the saving of time and the simplification of the issues."

In many States judges are not permitted to comment upon the facts at all. They are not even allowed to charge the jury after the arguments of counsel, but they are required to submit written charges to the jury upon abstruse questions of law with no opportunity to apply the principles concretely to the facts of the case.

"The restraint that a judge in the course of a trial imposes upon the manner and conduct of counsel in an English court is thus wholly wanting, with the result that there seems to have been a substantial change in the code of professional ethics governing counsel and in the extremes to which counsel in the defense of their clients seem to think it is entirely proper for them to go. Their conduct makes neither for the dignity of the court, for the elevation of the ethics of the bar, for the expediting of criminal procedure, nor for the reasonable punishment of crime."

Attorney General Wickersham was to have made an address, but was unable to attend. Francis J. Heney, of San Francisco, was one of the speakers.

Among the 400 guests were Detective William J. Burns, who arrested the McNamara brothers and McManigal for alleged dynamiting, and Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, who has denounced Burns as having trumped up a case against labor.

The President spent the night at the home of his brother, Henry W. Taft. Tomorrow he goes to Harrisburg, Pa., to address the 10th biennial convention of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen.

PENNSY DEFEATS NAVY.

Track Records Were Smashed at Annapolis Yesterday.

Annapolis, Md., May 13.—Local track records were smashed at a great rate on the Naval Academy cinder path this afternoon when the University of Pennsylvania field and track team defeated the navy by the score of 64 to 53. Nine academy records were broken and one equalled out of the 12 events contested, the visitors getting credit for most of the new records.

HATCH AGAIN WINNER.

Missouri Athletic Club's Annual Marathon Event.

St. Louis, May 13.—Sidney Hatch, of Chicago, three time winner of the Missouri Athletic Club's annual marathan, won the event again today. His time was 3:04:56.

Of the 34 entrants, 32 started at Freeburg, Ill., but not more than 20 managed to finish. The heavy dust caused the slow time.

To the Beach.

Today cars to the beach every half hour in afternoon. **

TAFT MEETS NEW SECRETARY

Greeted Henry L. Stimson on Visit to Newark Yesterday—Spoke on Value of Masonry at Anniversary Banquet.

Newark, N. J., May 13.—President Taft here tonight as guest at the 150th anniversary banquet of St. St. John's Lodge of Masons, had a pleasant little chat with the new member of his official family, Mr. Henry L. Stimson, at a reception before the banquet. Mr. Stimson, whose appointment as Secretary of War, was announced yesterday was near the end of a line of guests, at the informal function held at the home of former Governor Franklin Murphy, of New Jersey.

Mr. Stimson told the President he would be in Washington Monday to take the oath of office.

The President's speech to the Masons was just a little talk about the value of Masonry.

"Masonry," he said, "aims at the promotion of morality and higher living by the cultivation of the social side of man, the rousing in him of the instincts of charity, and the love of his kind. It rests surely on the foundation of the brotherhood of man and the fatherhood of God."

Representative McCall, of Massachusetts, a member of the President's party, who spoke at the banquet at Newark, said the referendum and recall raised the issue between direct government and representative government. Experiment in direct Democratic government, he said, has been trid under favorable conditions and among the most intelligent peoples that ever existed; such a government has reflected the popular passion of the moment rather than ectle in the public opinion and has generally shown itself fickle, unstable and the prey of demagogues.

"Would Lincoln," he asked, "have escaped recall in 1862 after a long series of unsuccessful battles and with the great organs of public opinion against him?"

COLUMBIA CREW WINNER.

Outclassed Navy on Severn River—The Events.

Annapolis, Md., May 13.—Showing form and speed superior to that ever seen before on the Severn river, Columbia's 'Varsity eight simply ran away from the Navy crew for two miles here this afternoon.

Rowing easily an at no time as high a stroke as their opponent, Columbia took the lead from the start and was never headed. At the mile mark they were a length and a quarter ahead and although the midshipmen spurted they could not keep it up and were beaten by three and a half lengths of open water. The winning time was 11:27.

Ithaca, N. Y., May 13.—Cornell ran away from Princeton in the annual dual track and field meet today and swamped the Tigers 79 1-2 to 37 1-2. In the field events, where Princeton was considered strong, Cornell proved a surprise, taking first in both the shot and hammer. No records were broken.

SHRINERS AT NEWBERN.

They Took to Water After Trail of Sands Yesterday.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Newbern, N. C., May 13.—The larger part of the Mystic Shriners left this afternoon by special train, after spending the day in sight-seeing. The Elfrinda and the Cutter Pamlico took the entire party down the river and did not return until 4 o'clock. The 66 pieces of fresh meat have about recovered from the cooking and today has been one of pleasure to all. Last night about 500 were in the city saw the novices across the hot sands. The logan "Hava Big Time," was carried out by the visitors and citizens in general and all enjoyed the Eastern Pilgrimage. Hundreds of pictures were taken of the beautiful parade yesterday and were much in demand today.

SUICIDE AT MARS HILL, N. C.

Archie Linley, of Andeson, S. C., Blew His Brains Out With Gun.

Asheville, N. C., May 13.—After borrowing a shotgun from a merchant at Mars Hill, Archie Linley, 24 years of age, from Anderson, S. C., went to his room and blew out his brains this afternoon. Linley arrived at Mars Hill, eighteen miles from this city, morning and told various people there that he had come to spend the Summer.

The deceased was a ministerial student and it is thought that his mind had been affected by close study. He is survived by a mother, a sister and two brothers, one of whom is Dr. William Linley, now in the Philippine Islands.

BIG HAUL IN ASHEVILLE.

Police Seized 34 Barrels and 25 Cases of Whiskey Last Night.

Asheville, N. C., May 13.—Continuing the war against alleged "blind tigers," conducted under the provisions of the "search-and-seize" law, the police department tonight raided a chicken house in the rear of a vacant suburban residence and seized 34 barrels and 25 cases of whiskey. The police were unable to determine the owner of the goods, and they were taken in four wagon loads to the city hall.

In the three days raids the police department has seized 1,600 gallons of whiskey.

WILSON OUT WEST WARMLY GREETED

Governor of New Jersey Addressed Los Angeles Club Last Night.

TALKS OF COMMISSION FORM

Strongly Urges Initiative, Referendum and Recall as a Reform—General Consul to Japan Presided—Details.

Los Angeles, Cal. May 13.—Woodrow Wilson, Governor of New Jersey, was greeted enthusiastically by a large crowd when he addressed the Los Angeles City Club today.

E. C. Bellows, former consul general to Japan, presided. Governor Wilson spoke on the commission from of government, the initiative, the referendum and the recall, of party platforms and on the barrier between voters and their own institutions. He said in part:

"It must be evident to every one that party lines are being very much obscured; that more and more men are holding themselves free to follow this leader or that according to their own perception of the public interest dictates. And so a great many new terms have come into our politics. It is amusing to note their variety and the way in which men are seeking labels for themselves and for their opponents. The classification most in fashion is that of "Progressives" and 'Reactionaries'; and I dare say those terms will serve as well as any others to express the real contrasts which now begin to show themselves in our political action.

"It is interesting to me as a Democrat to note that while we have heard a great deal of talk about insurgent Republicans we have heard very little about insurgent Democrats. Insurgents are those who throw off authority. It must be that the insurgent Republicans are throwing off the authority of the major portion of their party, while Democrats are free to be progressive without being insurgents. It would seem that to be progressive is not to defy the general authority of their party colleagues. I should like to believe that this meant that the Democratic party as a whole is naturally progressive, and that it is easier, through the instrumentality of that party, to accomplish the new purposes of the day than through the instrumentality of the Republican party.

"It is important to note that the word 'progressive' means something much more than mere impulse or inclination. It means, if I understand it correctly, a concentration upon actual problems, and upon the means of solving them.

"It is the sober business of the progressive to understand and to act. It is his business to know a great deal more than that something is wrong. He must know just what it is that is wrong, and when he sees it he must daily recognize his duty to act and to act along definite lines of reform. We have passed the time of excitement, of general complaint, of undiscriminating condemnation, and have come to a day when men are inclined to take politics more seriously than they have taken it in earlier generations.

"The first and most important thing is an apprehension of the actual facts. A perception of the facts is as important as a comprehension of the remedies; and the facts cannot be stated too plainly for our purpose.

"For example, a great deal of discussion is now concentrated upon proposed methods of reform which a great many people interpret as meaning that we are impatient of our long established institution; that we wish to substitute for representative government, that great system which has had so long and so admirable a history, and which has seemed the chief instrument of liberty throughout many centuries, some more direct, less organic system of action on the part of the people; and many champions now arise to defend the great institutions which they conceive to be in danger. I do not find anywhere a desire to dispense with or to impair representative government. What I do find is a very general impression that our governments have ceased to be representative; that they wear the form, but do not exemplify the reality. If we are to act intelligently, we must first of all look into this question and see if this impression is well founded.

"I think that everyone familiar with the actual methods of our politics must admit that under the political methods we have been in the habit of using in recent decades the people do not select and do not control their representatives. The selection of those representatives has been in the hands of small groups of men who were not chosen by anybody but themselves to make the selection. The peculiarity of our method of nomination has been that it has been left to small groups of self-constituted managers who have determined—generally in private conference—who the candidates for office should be, and who, because they had practically complete control of the matter could use men who would be willing to serve any special purpose that they might have in mind. In recent years these small groups of men have themselves been in large measure controlled by those who supplied them with money for campaign purposes. They have formed very close alliances with certain great business interests—in some places with one set of interests, in other places with another set—but always with men who wished, as a return for their contributions, to be assured that nothing would be done by legislatures and city councils, or executive officers, that was detrimental to their private interests, or obstructive of their private purposes."

AFFAIRS AT STATE CAPITAL

Wake County Wants Farm Life School—Highway Party Holds Enthusiastic Meeting—Corporation Clerks.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., May 13.—Adjutant General Leinster received a call from the War Department for the designation of another group of four Guard officers for the special training in San Antonio, Texas camp, Mexican border, to report there May 27th. Specification is that there be one major of infantry, and three company officers. Gen. Leinster names the following: Major R. L. Flanigan, first Infantry, Statesville; Capt. W. S. Privott, Second Infantry, Edenton; Capt. W. O. Burgin, Third Infantry, Thomasville (Mayor of the town), and Capt. E. D. Kuykendall, Third Coast Artillery, of Greensboro.

A largely attended mass meeting of farmers and business men held here today under the auspices of the Wake Farmers' Union, adopted resolutions pledging support for a movement to establish a farm life school for Wake county and asking that the Wake county commissioners hold a special meeting May 20th for the purpose of ordering a special election on the questions of issuing the necessary $25,000 bonds for the school plant and for the special tax to raise the $25,000 annually that the county must provide in order to receive the additional $2,500 annually toward maintenance from the State.

The clerical force of the North Carolina Corporation Commission enjoyed a delightful outing today at Neuse river as the guests of Secretary A. J. Maxwell, of the Commission. They drove out this morning with full picnic and fishing equipment. Consequently there was nothing doing in the offices of the Commission today.

The formal welcome of the Central Highway scout party of pathfinders who have just made the initial run over the proposed route from the seashore to Raleigh, was tendered here this afternoon in a mass meeting held in the Court House. There were addresses of welcome by Mayor James I. Johnson, Chairman D. T Johnson, of the board of county commissioners, A. A. Thompson, Rev. Geo. W. Lay and others and the principal response by J. D. Wellon, of Smithfield. There was also a message from Governor Kitchin regretting that he could not be present in person to welcome the pathfinders and assuring them of his hearty interest in the success of the undertaking. President H. B. Varner, of the board of trustees for the Central Highway, presided for the meeting and incidentally declared that the movement is going forward in a wonderfully successful way. He announced that it is his purpose to have special meetings and Central Highway addresses in all the towns along the route, clear across the State on July 4th, and set in motion a system of work to begin on July 5th. Indeed, he believes that the whole line of the road can be gotten in good condition for travel with one week's work all along the route. Dr. Joseph Hyde Pratt made the principal address for the meeting this afternoon reviewing the work that is ahead of the construction of the Central Highway and treating questions in general bearing on road-building in North Carolina.

After the meeting there was a luncheon served at the Giersch Cafe, a number of local celebrities sharing the lunch with them.

June 5th, the "pathfinders" will start from Marshall via Asheville, for the run to Statesville, and two weeks later there will be the final run, Statesville to Durham and Raleigh, which will complete the run the length of the State over the proposed highway.

YALE LOSES THE RACE.

Pennsyl Crew Slid Across Fnish Six Lengths in the Lead.

Springfield, Mass., May 13.—From the dashing start to the paddling finish there was never a question in today's race of the superiority of the University of Pennsylvania over Yale in the rowing game. The Quaker crew slid across the finish line more than six lengths in the lead. The time for the two miles, Pennsylvania 9:29 4-5, and Yale 9:48 4-5. In view of the strong current and following breeze was considered slow. The Yale crew pulled a steady, but at times a splashing stroke, while the oar work of Pennsylvania was well nigh perfect.

BRITISH POLO TEAM WON.

Foreigners Played Fox Hunters at Bryn Maw Yesterday.

Philadelphia, May 13.—The British polo team which will play in the International challenge match in the first week in June, defeated the Fox Hunters' at Bryn Maw this afternoon 12 goals to 5 3-4. The visiting team were on strange ponies but succeeded in outplaying the Fox Hunters, displaying a dash and spirit that aroused the enthusiasm of the large fashionable throng.

LUTHERAN SYNOD CHARLOTTE NEXT

Closing Business Sessions of Wilmington Meeting Held Yesterday.

THE CONSOLIDATION REPORT

Goes Over to Next Year—Ordination Services Today—Other Proceedings of the Body—Entertainment at Wilmington.

(By Mamie Bays.)

The action of Synod of the Evangelical Lutheran church near the close of the morning session yesterday with reference to the report of the commission on college consolidation was not wholly unexpected. Owing to the difference of opinion on this subject among the members of Synod, it was hardly to be expected that such a decided change in the educational system of Synod as that proposed in the report would be adopted upon first proposal. The discussion of this report occupied the larger part of three sessions of Synod and the opinion prevails that the discussion was timely, and that it will prove profitable in result.

It was almost the hour for the morning session to adjourn when Rev. J. E. Shenk made a motion that the whole matter involved in the report of the commission be recommitted to the commission, but the motion was ruled not to be parliamentary, as it did not carry with it instructions as to how the commission should act.

The motion which was adopted was offered by Rev. W. A. Snyder, D. D., and it recommended that the whole matter involved in the report be recommitted to the commission with these instructions: (1) that Synod is ready for the consolidation of North Carolina College with Lenoir College; (2) that the co-educational feature of the college be eliminated within five years; (3) that a school for girls be established within the territory of the North Carolina Synod. The members of the commission of last year having resigned and their resignation having been accepted, Rev. R. L. Patterson and Rev. J. R. C. Fisher were appointed in their stead.

The Synod will not adjourn finally until after the ordination service to be conducted in St. Paul's church this morning, but the business of the body was concluded with the sessions of last evening. The only candidate for ordination at this meeting of Synod is Rev. J. L. Smith. He was presented to the president during the session of yesterday afternoon, and the president, for the Synod, received him for ordination.

The hospitality and entertainment which Synod has received in Wilmington could not easily be equalled, and never has been excelled in the history of the body. The members of Synod have given frequent expression regarding the many courtesies extended them during this meeting.

Morning Session.

Rev. L. B. Spracher, pastor of Union Church, in Rowan county, conducted the devotional service with which the morning session opened. On motion the calling of the roll was omitted. The minutes of preceding day's sessions were read and approved.

Rev. M. M. Kinard, president of Synod, announced the following committees for the meeting of Synod next year. Examining Committee—Rev. W. A. Snyder, D. D., Rev. G. H. Cox, D. D., Rev. J. L. Morgan and Rev. R. L. Patterson. Committee to Nominate Speakers for Next Convention of Synod—Rev. C. L. Morgan, Rev. C. A. Brown and Rev. G. H. S. Seigle.

Dr. Kinard also announced that he had appointed as preacher of the ordination sermon next year, Rev. V. Y. Boozer as principal, with Rev. J. L. Morgan as alternate.

Synod then resumed the consideration of the report of the commission on consolidation of colleges. Prof. G. P. McAllister, principal of the Collegiate Institute, at Mt. Pleasant, was the first speaker. He said that he hesitated to speak on this subject again, because further discussion would of necessity involve reference to the very points of difference between the Synod of North Carolina and the Synod of Tennessee. He said further that when the commission held its meeting in Hickory, a report became current after the meeting to the effect that the consolidation of North Carolina College with Lenoir College would be conducted upon the basis upon which Lenoir College is conducted. This course, he said, should it be pursued, would be to emphasize the very points of difference which have kept the two Synods apart and prevented union of Lutheranism in North Carolina. The North Carolina Synod, he said, is not the only Synod which is experiencing trouble of this kind and in support of this statement, he cited the Holston and Virginia Synods.

Prof. McAllister urged Synod not to act hastily in this matter. He said also that Mt. Pleasant was attached to the North Carolina College and has the right to be, the fathers of that town having established the school there. He said that he knew argument was made that Mr. Pleasant was

(Continued on Page Eight.)

SPORTING NEWS

M-519

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Results Yesterday.

At New York, 19; St. Louis, 9.
At Brooklyn, 4; Chicago, 5.
At Boston, 3; Pittsburg, 9.
At Philadelphia, 5; Cincinnati, 4.

Standing of the Clubs:

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Philadelphia	20	6	.690
Pittsburg	15	9	.624
New York	15	9	.624
Chicago	14	11	.560
Cincinnati	11	9	.550
St. Louis	7	14	.333
Boston	8	19	.296
Brooklyn	6	19	.240

Philadelphia, May 13.—In the longest Major League game of the season, Philadelphia today defeated Cincinnati in the 16th inning 5 to 4. The winning run was made in the sixteenth inning on singles by Paskert and Muderus, the former being forced out, and Moran's single, after the teams had struggled from the seventh inning without either being able to score.

Philadelphia 1000030000000001—5 12 0
Cincinnati ..0000202000000[illegible]0—4 9 4

Smith, Keefe and Clark; Chalmers Alexander and Moran. Time 3:45. Umpires Finneran and Rigler.

Boston, May 13.—Bunching three hits in the eighth inning for a total of five runs, Pittsburg won from Boston today 9 to 3. Wagner's fielding was the feature.

Boston ....000 200 010—3 12 3
Pittsburg .. ....011 100 051—9 15 0

Curtis and Graham; Adams, Leifield and Simon. Time 2:00. Umpires Johnstone and Eason.

Brooklyn, May 13.—Chicago beat Brooklyn 5 to 4 in the first clash of their series today, but had to go ten innings to accomplish the feat. Scanlon made his season's debut in the game. Tinker was put off the field for kicking.

Chicago .. ..001 001 200 1—5 7 2
Brooklyn .. ..300 000 010 0—4 6 2

Cle and Kling; Scanlon, Rucker and Bergen. Time 2:05. Umupires Klem and Doyle.

New York, May 13.—The Giants hit Sallee, Harmon and Laudermilk for nine safeties in the first inning today and made thirteen runs. Devore, Snodgrass, Murray and Merkle each scored twice and Merkle made a run and a double in the first inning. Laudermilk pitched a fair game after he went in. Marquard, who took Mathewson's place in the second inning, struck out fourteen of the Cardinals.

St. Louis .. ..002 000 300—5 13 2
New York .. ..1330 020 10x—10 12 2

Sallee, Harmon, Laudermilk and Bresnahan and Bliss; Mathewson, Marquard and Myers and Hartley. Time 2:20. Umpires Brennan and O'Day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Results Yesterday.

At Chicago, 6; Washington, 11.
At St. Louis, 0; Philadelphia, 7.
At Detroit, 11; Boston, 13 (11 innings).
At Cleveland, 12; New York, 16.

Standing of the Clubs:

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Detroit	22	5	.815
Philadelphia	13	9	.591
Boston	14	10	.583
New York	12	11	.522
Chicago	11	12	.478
Washington	10	12	.455
Cleveland	9	18	.333
St. Louis	5	19	.208

Cleveland, May 13.—Cleveland won easily from New York 12 to 6. The New York team was weakened by the absence of its entire regular infield, manager Chase being in with a cold, while Third Easeman Hartzell was injured by a collision with Cobb at Detroit Friday.

Cleveland .. ..006 230 01x—11 12 2
New York .. ..001 000 320— 10 7

Krapp, West and Fisher; Quinn, Brockett and Blair. Time 2:05. Umpires Evans and Mullen.

St. Louis, May 13.—Philadelphia had little trouble in winning today's game from the local team by 7 to 0. Plank was in great form.

Philadelphia ... 000 013 020—7 13 3
St. Louis .. ...000 000 000—0 4 3

Plank and Thomas; Lake and Krichell. Time 2:00. Umpires Dineen and O'Loughlin.

Chicago, May 13.—The wildness of Lange and Scott, coupled with bunched hits and errors gave Washington the final game of the series here today, with Chicago by a score of 11 to 6.

Chicago .... ..400 001 010—6 12 3
Washington .. ..001 013 222—11 13 4

Lange, Scott, Young and Sullivan; Walker, Otey and Henry. Time 2:40. Umpires Perrine and Sheridan.

Detroit, May 13.—After Detroit apparently had today's game won, Boston knocked Willett out of the box in the ninth, and in the tenth, after Detroit tied the score, found Mullin for the winning runs. Cobb and Lewis both secured home runs with the bases full. In the tenth Tris Speaker sprained his right leg sliding into first and will be out of the game for some time.

Boston .. ...100 002 107 2—13 20 3
Detroit .. ....006 220 001 0—11 14 2

Karger, Hall, Killay, Wood and Carrigan; Willett, Works, Mullin and Stanage. Time 2:35. Umpires Connolly and Egan.

INTERNATIONAL GOLF.

United Kingdom Won in Ireland—America Represented.

Rush, Ireland, May 13.—Playing for Scotland against England for the International shield on the links of the Royal Port Rush Golf Club today, Miss Dorothy Campbell lost to Miss Colille Leitch, 4 up and 2 to play.

The American champion, driving poorly, snatched at tee shots and this was responsible for her defeat. Otherwise she played splendidly.

The United Kingdom beat the United States and the British Colonies by seven matches to two. Miss Graham, of the Royal Country Down Club, defeated Miss Louise Kethins, of the Oakmont Country Club, of Pennsylvania, by two holes. Miss Brown beat Miss Mary Fownes, of the Oakmont Country Club, 3 up and 2 to play.

Removal Sale of the French Millinery Parlors. All goods at cost beginning Monday, May 15th. tf.

American Association.

At Indianapolis 3; Toledo 2.
At Minneapolis 8; Milwaukee 2.
At St. Paul 17; Kansas City 5.
At Louisville: No game account horse races.

Eastern League.

At Montrea 1; Jersey City 3.
At Rochester 8; Baltimore 2.
At Buffalo 10; Providence 2.
At Toronto 8; Newark 10.

Carolina League.

At Anderson-Winston-Saem, rain.
At Greensboro 2; Greenville 3.
Other game postponed, rain.

South Atlantic League.

At Jacksonville 2; Savannah 0.
At Macon 13; Charleston 1.
At Albany 0; Columbia 3.
At Columbus 14; Augusta 0.

Southern League.

At New Orleans 8; Memphis 3.
Second: New Orleans 1; Memphis 4.
At Montgomery 3; Atlanta 8.
At Mobile 6; Chattanooga 8.
At Birmingham 11; Nashville 7.

Virginia League.

At Roanoke 6; Lynchburg 1.
At Danville 1; Norfolk 3.
At Petersburg 8; Richmond 5.

College Games.

At Atlanta: Georgia 6; Techs 2.
At Philadelphia: Yale 1; Pennsylvania 3.

THE YEAR IN NAVAL STORES

(Continued from Page One.)

ber land became enhanced in value. The largest crop recorded, amounting to 731,000 casks, was in 1908. This proved, however, to be an overproduction, and owing to the curtailed demand for raw materials following the adverse financial conditions in 1907, the price of turpentine decreased, averaging about 40 cents per gallon during the year, the lowest obtained for several years.

The value of rosin in 1908 showed an advance over that of previous years. The varied and increased users of rosin in industrial lines is, no doubt, one of the important causes of its steady advance in value. It is now used extensively in the manufactue of soap, paper, oil-cloth, linoleum, sealing wax, fly paper, ink, roofing materials brewer's pitch, electric wiring, lubricating compounds, medicinal preparations, etc.

Source of Data.

So acute have become the conditions in the "naval-stores" industry, through the inceasing demand for the products and the gradually diminishing sources of supply of the raw material that statistical investigations at the five-year census periods no longer answer the needs of the trade. The Bureau of the Census has, in deference to a well-defined demand for the most recent data regarding the industry, instituted an annual inquiry. The data are collected from the naval-stores "factors," who are middlemen between producers and buyers, from jobbers, and a few manufacturers who sell thei products direct to consumers.

The present investigation has developed the fact that approximately 93 per cent. of the production of turpentine and rosin is sold through about 25 factorage houses. Owing to the close financial relations between factors and producers and the system of records employed, the factors are prepared to give accurate information in regard to the annual production. It is gratifying to state that in the preparation of its statistics the Census Bureau has had the hearty co-operation of the factors, as well as the jobbers and independent dealers.

MISSIONARY CONFERENCE.

Newbern Sessions End With Election of Officers—Littleton Next.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Newbern, N. C., May 13.—The woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the North Carolina Conference closed its business session this afternoon. Littleton was selected as the place for meeting in 1912. Mrs. R. H. Willis, of Elizabeth City, was elected president; Mrs. T. H. Person, Greenville, vice president; Mrs. F. D. Swindell, Wilson, corresponding secretary; Mrs. B. B. Adams, Four Oaks, treasurer; Miss Blanche Fentress, Wilmington, recording secretary; Mrs. E. N. Snipes, Roxboro, assistant recording secretary.

Tomorrow Rev. E. K. McLearty, of Greensboro, will preach the annual sermon and at night Miss Mattie Levy, a returned missionary from Korea, will deliver an address. The delegates will return home Monday.

CURES PIMPLES EASY.

Simple Remedy That Clears Skin Quickly of All Eruptions.

For several weeks past J. Hicks Bunting Co. have done the biggest business it ever had in any one article in selling Hokara, the skin food that has won so many friends in Wilmington.

It has been found to be an absolute cure not only for all minor skin troubles, such as pimples, blackheads, herpes, ache, scaly scalp, complexion blemishes, itching feet, piles, etc., but for the worst sores, ulcers, or even chronic eczema and salt rheum. There has yet to be found any form of wound on disease affecting the skin or mucous membrane that Hokara does not heal, and its action is so instantaneous that those who try it are simply delighted with it right from the start.

In spite of its unusual curative powers, the price is trifling To convince every one of its merits, they will sell a liberal-sized jar for 25 cents. And remember that if you do not think it does what it claims, you get your money back. You certainly can afford to try it on this plan.

If the skin trouble is caused by impure blood or if the bowels are inactive, use Hokara Blood Tablets. They cool and cleanse the blood and regulate the bowels in a natural way.

Carnations, white and pink, for Mother's Day May 14th, at Will Rehder's. **

GAMES IN THE CITY LEAGUE

Light Infantry Defeats Association and Coast Line Trounces Brigade, the Latter Being a Shut-Out—Attendance.

Games Yesterday:

W. L. I. 8; Y. M. C. A. 7.
A. C. L., 11; Boys' Brigade, 0.

Standing of the Clubs:

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
A. C. L.	2	0	1.000
Boys' Brigade	1	1	.500
W. L. I.	1	1	.500
Y. M. C.	0	2	.000

The second doubleheader of the City Baseball League was pulled off at League Park yesterday afternoon, a decidedly better exhibition of the game being put up than on the opening day. The first game between the Y. M. C. A. and the W. L. I. resulted in the close score of 7 and 8, in favor of the latter, and was a very well played game, LeMoyne and Peschau, the opposing artists on the mound rivaling each other at different stages of the game, finally ending up with six and eight hits respectively charged against them.

The W. L. I. was charged with five errors to three by the opposing team, making it a very interesting and evenly matched game. The crowd was estimated at about 400, which is very encouraging to the management of the league. The details follow:

The Y. M. C. A. was first at bat with McCravy up, who was safe on first when short threw wild to first, going to second on a passed ball while Betts was in process of being fanned; Bell was safe on an error of short, McCravy advancing to third; Bell stole second, and Wessell was given transportation, filling the corners; Taylor flew to third and McCravy was caught at the plate; Blue was given first when struck by a pitched ball, forcing Bell in, with bases full. While Goldberry was fanning at wild ones, Goldberg and Taylor scored, the frame ending when Goldberg struck out. For the W. L. I. Gore struck out, also Morse, after which Smith singled to third and stole second; Wright was the third man to fall a victim to Green's brand, ending the inning.

In the second, after Alderman went out second to first, LeMoyne was safe on an error of left; McCravy singled to left; Betts flew to second and Bell was out third to first. In the last half L. Orrell was given a pass and went to second on a passed ball a moment later. N. Orrell struck out, Rhodes went out second to first; L. Orrell advancing to third; Westbrook was safe on an error of second, Orrell scoring; Westbrook stole second; Peschau was walked and Gore singled to center, filling the bases, but the Gore stole second, but Morse struck out.

In the third, after the Y. M. C. A. had been retired in one, two, three order, Smith walked and stole second; Wright singled to short, scoring Smith, stealing second a little later, but getting tagged when he attempted to annex third; Orrell, L., struck out; N. Orrell was walked, but was caught stealing.

In the next inning Goldberg went out third to first; Alderman singled to right, but was caught stealing while LeMoyne aired to left. In the last half Rhodes walked and annexed second, Grand sacrificed him to third; Peschau struck out, after which Gore singled over short, scoring Rhodes; Gore stole second, was Morse struck out again.

In the fifth McCravy struck out; Betts singled to left, and went to second on wild throw; Bell hit to left scoring Betts and went to second on throw-in; Wessell fouled to catcher; Taylor was safe on an error of first, Bell scoring, and Blue struck out. In the last half after two men were down L. Orrell was safe on an error of third, went to second on a passed ball and embezzled third; N. Orrell walked and purloined second and Rhodes walked; Grant hit to infield and when first fumbled the ball three men scored. Grant being caught off third.

Beginning the sixth Fillyaw flew to second; Alderman singled to center; LeMoyne singled to center and stole second, advancing Alderman to third; McCravy singled to left, scoring Alderman, and stole second, LeMoyne being safe on third; Betts dropped one behind short scoring LeMoyne and advancing McCravy to third; Bell fouled to catcher, also Lewis, Wright making a spectacular run and catch of this ball against the grandstand wire. In the last half Peschau was presented with the initial station and "took twenty bushels" annexing second on a wild throw; Gore hit down left base line for two sacks, scoring Peschau, and annexed the last cushion himself a moment later; Morse flew to short and Smith singled to left, scoring Gore; Wright hit to short and a neat double retired the side, short to first.

In the seventh Taylor was safe on another error of short; Cashwell flew to left and Filyaw to center, Taylor being caught stealing second. The game was called.

The Tabulated Score.

A. C. L.—	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Grainger, c f	1	2	1	0	0	0
Emerson, 2-b	4	0	0	2	2	0
Houston, 3-b	4	1	1	2	2	0
Hines, s s	5	2	1	2	0	1
Terry, 1-b	3	1	2	4	1	0
Johnson, r f	4	2	2	0	0	0
Bergen, l f	2	10	0	0	0	0
Schalken, l f	1	0	0	0	0	0
King, c	3	1	1	8	1	1
Green, p	2	2	0	0	1	1
Total	12	8	21	7	7	3

Boys' Brigade—	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Irving, c f	3	0	1	1	0	0
Lacy, s s	3	0	0	1	1	0
Mintz, p, l f	3	0	0	1	3	0
Thompson, c	3	0	1	7	0	2
Barnett, 1-b	3	0	0	1	0	0
Greelish, 3-b	3	0	0	1	3	1
Barnes, r f, p	2	0	0	0	0	1
Davis, p, 2-b	2	0	0	3	2	1
Davis, c, l f	1	0	0	0	0	0
Dixon, r f	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	2	21	9	5	

Summary — Earned runs: A. C. L. 5; two-base hits: Terry 2; first base on balls: off Mintz 3, off Barnes 1; struck out: by Green 7, by Mintz 2, by Barnes 2; left on bases: A. C. L. 7, Boys' Brigade 3; double plays: Mintz to P. Davis, Greelish to Burnett; hit by pitched ball: Mintz 2, Barnes 2; stolen bases: A. C. L. 9; sacrifice hits: A. C. L. 3.

The Second Game.

At 5 o'clock the gong sounded and the Atlantic Coast Line and Boys' Brigade with their contrasting colors, took their stations, with blood in their eyes. The grandstand woke up suddenly and it seemed that everyone was rooting vociferously for one or the other team. The opposing pitchers, Green and Mintz, had developed a good natured spirit of rivalry to a high degree, and each went into the game determined to battle to the last for supremacy. Mintz was taken out after dishing out hits pretty promiscuously for three innings and Barnes went in in his stead. Green pitched a magnificent game, yielding only a couple of hits, fanning seven men, not a man being presented with free anchorage on first during the nine innings of him. The A. C. L. had nine stolen bases to their credit at the wind-up. The details were as follows:

Grainger took first base when hit by a pitched ball, and annexed second; Emerson sacrificed him to third; Houston singled to third, scoring Grainger, and stole second; Hines singled to second, advancing Houston to third; Terry peeled off a hot one to deep center for two bags, scoring Houston and Hines; Johnson was safe on an error of second, Terry going to third, scoring when Bergen was called safe on first by fielder's choice, Bergen going to third on the throw-in. Johnson also scoring close behind Terry; King was hit by pitched ball, and stole second; Green struck out and Grainger was safe on fielder's choice, going to second, while Bergen and King scored, Emerson going out pitcher to third. The Coast Line Kids scored only seven tallies this inning, eleven men facing Mintz. The Boys' Brigade was retired in order as were both sides in the second inning.

Beginning the third, Johnson singled to left; Bergen went out to first unassisted; Johnson going to third; King struck out and Green walked and stole second; Grainger was also given a stop-over ticket, filling the bases; Emerson was safe on an error of catcher, scoring Johnson and Green, Grainger going to third and Emerson to second; Houston walked, but Hines went out to first. With the exception of a single to right by Irving, there was nothing doing in the last half.

In the fourth Barnes was put in to pitch in place of Mintz, and Terry, first up, hit by the Ball's head for two bases; Johnson struck out; Bergen hit to second and was safe on error of first, Terry being nailed at the plate; Bergen stole second, but King flew to right. In the last half Mintz struck out; Thompson flew to short; Burnett hit to short and attempted second when short threw wild, but was caught before reaching the goal.

In the fifth Green was the first man up and was hit by a pitched ball, knocking him senseless for a few moments, Johnson running in his stead; Grainger walked; Emerson flew to left, who threw to second, catching Johnson; Grainger stole second, but Houston expired, short to first. The Brigade was out in order.

In the ninth Hines singled and stole second; Terry lost his Swastika and fanned at wild ones; Johnson singled to first, scoring Hines; Schulken, batting for Goldberg, popped to third and the side was retired by a double to first. In the last half, after Dixon had fanned, Irving was safe on an infield hit; Lacy hit to third, forcing Irving at second, and Mintz struck out.

In the seventh and last inning King started with a single to second and appropriated 2nd; Green hit to short and King was caught off second, Terry running for Green; Grainger was hit by another pitched ball advancing Terry to second; Emerson singled to left scoring Terry and went to second himself; while Houston was up, Grainger scored on an "error of the umpire" in interfering with ball; Houston was safe on fielder's choice and stole second, Emerson being caught at the plate; Hines struck out. The Brigade went out in order, ending the game.

The Tabulated Score.

Y. M. C. A.—	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
McCravy, 1-b	4	0	2	3	0	0
Betts, 2-b	4	1	2	2	4	1
Bell, 3-b	4	1	2	2	0	1
Wessel, c	2	1	0	8	2	0
Lewis, c	1	0	0	1	1	0
Taylor, s s	4	1	0	1	3	0
Blue, c f	2	0	0	0	0	0
Cashwell, l f	1	0	0	0	0	0
Goldberg, l f	2	0	0	0	0	0
Fillyaw, r f	2	0	0	1	0	1
Alderman, c f, r f	3	1	2	0	0	0
Total	32	7	8	18	10	3

W. L. I.—	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Gore, 3-b	4	1	3	1	3	0
Morse, l f	4	0	0	2	0	1
Smith, s s	3	1	0	0	0	3
Wright, c	3	0	1	9	2	0
Orrell, L., c f	2	2	0	1	0	0
Orrell, N., 2-b	1	1	0	5	1	0
Rhodes, 1-b	1	2	0	3	0	1
Westbrook, r f	2	0	0	0	0	0
Grant, r f	1	0	0	0	0	0
Peschau, p	1	1	0	0	0	0
Total	22	8	6	21	6	5

Summary — Earned runs: Y. M. C. A. 5; first base on balls: off LeMoyne 8, off Peschau 1; struck out: by LeMoyne 9, by Peschau 5; left on bases: Y. M. C. A. 6, W. L. I. 5; double play: Taylor to Betts to McCravy.

Carnations, white and pink, for Mother's Day May 14th, at Will Rehder's. **

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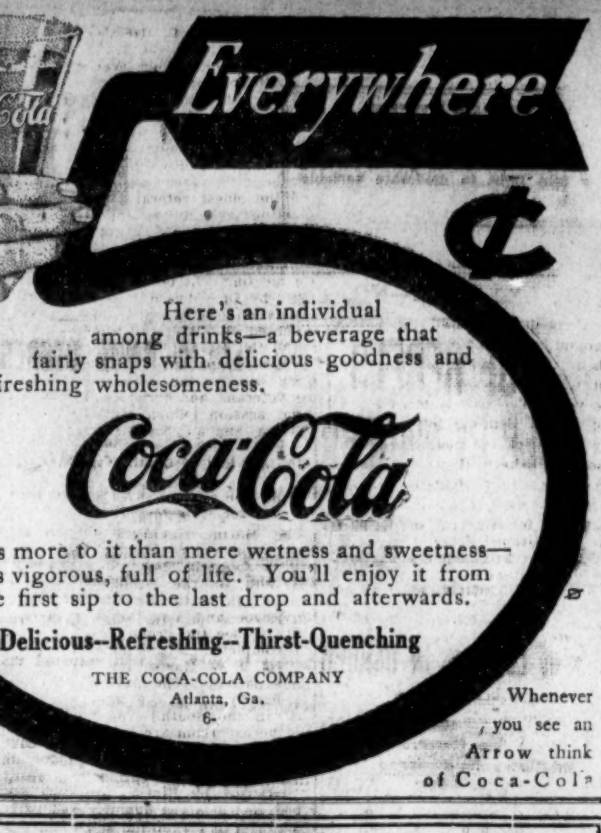

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has more to it than mere wetness and sweetness—it's vigorous, full of life. You'll enjoy it from the first sip to the last drop and afterwards.

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Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola

SUICIDE PACT ENDS TWO LIVES

Former Well Known New York Man and Wife Take Poison—Lost Fortune During Panic—They Faced Poverty.

Binghamton, N. Y., May 13.—After notifying friends where their bodies would be found, Mr. and Mrs. Frank M. Harrington divided a vial of poison on the bank of the Chenango river here today and died together in a clump of trees. He was widely known as a newspaper man, broken in health and finances, and his wife had been his devoted companion throughout a long married life. Friends who received the letters rushed to the scene only to find them dead.

The double tragedy had been carefully planned. Inspection of the Harrington apartments showed that the couple had packed treasured belongings with care and addressed them to old friends as mementoes. On a table was a note to a physician who has been attending Harrington, stating that the bill was a "dead horse" and that he was going to "a land where money is supposed to be useless."

Harrington was at one time employed on the Albany Argus. Later he drifted to New York where he engaged in the publishing business, accumulating a comfortable fortune. Owing to illness during the panic of 1907 he was unable to attend closely to his affairs and his money was lost. He at one time worked on the Washington (D. C.) Times and had been connected with several papers in New York State.

Removal Sale of the French Millinery Parlors. All goods at cost beginning Monday, May 15th. tf.

PREPARED BY A PHYSICIAN.

Recommended by the Medical Profession.

The best, safest and perfectly harmless treatment for dyspepsia and diseases of the stomach and intestines, is prepared and presented to the public by Saiz de Carlos, a physician, surgeon and pharmaceutist of undoubted standing and highest repute. This remedy,

STOMALIX

gives prompt relief in all cases of disorder and disease of the digestive functions, provided there is not actual organic deterioration.

This remedy is not over-prescribed Stomalix, as the people generally are learning patents to be useless and offer a stomach trouble, report the cases of thirty years' standing have readily yielded to this treatment.

Stomalix makes a healthy stomach capable of performing its work unaided. It is not a mere stimulant, plunging the patient into the horrors of drug habit.

Stomalix is beneficient in its action, relieving pain, and toning the entire system—it is good for the young and the aged. It corrects the ailments of children. Sold by all Druggists.

E. FOLCERA & CO., Agents, B. S., New York.

"A" MAGNIFICENT TRIP TO THE PACIFIC COAST VIA SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.

ROUTE is through Atlanta, Birmingham, Memphis, Kansas City, Denver, Salt Lake City, Pikes Peak, National Park, Los Angeles, City of MEXICO, Paso Robles, San Francisco, Portland, Seattle, Vancouver, through the Selkirk Mountains, Canadian Pacific, Winnipeg, St. Paul, Chicago.

Five Days in Yellowstone Park.

Every detail carefully planned; stops at all PRINCIPAL POINTS.

Pullman Sleeping Cars, Dining and Observation Cars.

Special Train.

Send three two-cent stamps for full information to,

REV. Wm. BLACK, Charlotte, N. C.
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Base Ball!

It is Time to Play Ball—and the place to get

BASE BALL SHOES

(the kind the League players wear) is

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202 N. Front St., Next to Murchison Bank

Notice

Starting Monday morning, May 15th, our wagons will make their usual calls for laundry. We are now settled in our new home and are prepared to give the public prompt service.

City Laundry Co.

No. 20 North Second Street.

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HACKNEY WAGONS and TRUCKS

Harness and Buggies

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Prompt and Efficient Attention given to all your wants, small or large.

All Goods Bought and Sold for Cash.

Your patronage will be deeply appreciated.

WALTER R. KINGSBURY, Manager.

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15 Tons Muriate Potash.
10 Tons Sulphate Potash.
10 Tons Cotton Seed Meal.
—also Three Carloads of Ellwood and Universal Fence,
3,000 Kegs Nails (wire and cuts);
100 Barrels Mullets.

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WEEK'S NEWS AT LUMBERTON

Crops Suffering From Drought—Speed Ordinance Being Violated—Other News Notes of Interest in Robeson.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., May 13.—If dry weather continues much longer the result cannot be foretold. Already we hear of several farmers who have planted cotton the second time, but the ground is so dry nothing can grow. We hear many people say it is the dryest they ever saw at this season of the year. The dust is terrible.

Prof. R. E. Sentelle left with his family this week for their home near Waynesville where they will spend the Summer. Prof. Sentelle will return in a few days to assist in selecting teachers for the Fall and Winter term of the Graded School.

If there was any doubt about the popularity of Chief of Police Redfern and Policeman Strain, it should all be banished when the fact is known that they were both unanimously re-elected to succeed themselves. As we have often said, no town can surpass Lumberton in the way of efficient police officers. The office of tax collector was abolished and that work was put on the chief. While the commissioners were in session discussing various matters, something was said about the chief making bond when one member made the remark that "Redfern could go right into his home town, Wadesboro, and make a bond of one hundred thousand dollars before he could turn round."

We hear it said that automobile drivers are going to be in trouble if they do not pay more attention to the speed ordinance. Ladies and children will do well to be on the look-out when on Elm street above the opera house. Some of the cars have no horns as they go so fast the drivers don't have time to blow between street crossings.

The John R. Smith Shows seem to have struck the same luck in Wilmington as in Lumberton, except that in Lumberton they were not allowed to show in town at all. They went outside and Sheriff McNeill went out and had some of the shows closed. It is hard to understand how such attractions travel through the country.

An attractive sign advertising the town has been erected near the railroad station within full view of persons passing on trains.

Col. S. A. Edmunds expects to leave tomorrow morning for Hot Springs, Ark., where he will remain for some time. Col. Edmund is suffering much from rheumatism and hopes the waters there will benefit him.

Wednesday night our people will have opportunity of witnessing an exact reproduction of Buffalo Bill's Wild West Show and Pawnee Bill's Far East Shows in motion pictures. These pictures come in three reels, 3,000 feet of films. They will be shown in the opera house here for one night only. On account of the fact that these pictures cannot be rented or leased, but are shown same as any traveling attraction, it will be necessary to raise the price to 10 and 20 cents, but it's worth a dollar.

Rev. L. W. Curtis will preach to the Presbyterian congregation in the old Baptist Church tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock and in the country in the afternoon.

Several veterans and others from this section will attend the Confederate Reunion at Little Rock next week. Railroads have offered very low rates.

Manager Sledge, of the Lumberton Drug Co., beginning Monday night, will give away "absolutely free" ten fountain drinks to visitors at the moving picture show. There will be a list of 10 lucky seats and those occupying these seats will be entitled to cool drinks. Mr. Watrous, who lectured here last night, says Lumberton has the best operated moving picture show he has seen. Mr. J. L. Williamson, who operates the machine, is right on the job.

The town authorities having seen fit to change superintendents of the water and light plants, why not keep Mr. Gerald Pittman, who is temporarily in charge. Applicants are required to appear before the town board May 22nd. Mr. Pittman is a home boy and a hard worker, who would look out for the town's interest as well as anyone. Mr. McGuire, former superintendent, we are glad, will not leave Lumberton.

Mayor White yesterday addressed a letter to Supt. Gore, of the Seaboard, inviting him down to look over some improvements which the town will require the company to make in its yards here.

It is said that at the last meeting of the County Commissioners one physician sent in a bill for $142 for vaccine points and vaccinating people. The board allowed all the bill except $100. It is also said that the board received an invitation to pay nearly $100 for drawing three bills passed in the recent Legislature.

From 9 to 11 o'clock the Lumberton Drug Co., will give a concert at its store Thursday night. Several leading musicians in town will take part.

Work is progressing satisfactorily on the building being erected between the Pope Drug Co., and the McAllister Hardware Co., to be occupied by Mr. Parker as a jewelry store.

A few mornings ago, while at the station awaiting for the train from Wilmington, we saw a gentleman, probably 30 years old, climb up on the R. & T. engine and made the remark that although he had spent most of his life near the railroad and seldom missed going to the station every day, that was the first time he ever put his foot on an engine. Some of the younger boys around here could teach him many things he doesn't know.

Messrs. A. T. Parmele, R. R. Carlyle, T. A. McNeill, Jr., Woodberry Lennon and J. P. Stephens attended a reception at Red Springs last night, returning this morning about 1 o'clock.——Mrs. H. H. Redfern and children left this week for Wadesboro to visit relatives.——Mrs. Wade Wishart and infant went to Whiteville Thursday to spend some time with relatives.

Horsman's, Art Dolls, Toodles, Baby Bumps, Campbell's Kids, Laughing Baby and Serious Baby Selling this week at Gaylord's. **

THIRD N. C. INFANTRY.

Annual Reunion This Week at Northrop Cottage, on Beach.

The 46th annual reunion of the Third North Carolina Infantry Association, composed of the surviving members of the command of the late Col. Wm. L. DeRosset and associate members, the eldest sons of survivors, and the oldest veterans' organization on either side during the Civil War, will be held on Tuesday of this week at Capt. W. H. Northrop's Cottage, on Wrightsville Beach A feature of the meeting will be the reading of a paper by Dr. Edward J. Wood, giving some reminiscences of his father, the lamented Dr. Wood, a gallant member of the regiment and a member of the Association until his death. Then there will be the annual dinner to the veterans and the very enjoyable social session, which always follows these annual reunions.

ANNUAL EXCURSION TO BEACH.

Will be Run by Marine Engineers' Association May 30th.

The Marine Engineers' Beneficial Association will run its annual excursion to Carolina Beach on Tuesday, May 30th, on the steamer Wilmington. It will be the first excursion of the season and also the first opportunity to see the grand new pavilion just completed at the popular resort by Capt. J. W. Harper for the benefit of his patrons. The pavilion is pronounced by many the finest on the coast in the South. All who patronize the excursion are promised a delightful time. Perfect order will be maintained and the steamer will make three trips, leaving here at 9:30 A. M., 2:30 P. M. and 7:30 P. M. The last boat will leave the beach at 10 P. M. returning to Wilmington.

CITY LAUNDRY COMPANY.

Now Removed to Handsome New Building on North Second Street.

The City Laundry Co., Capt. J. O. Hinton, manager, yesterday completed moving into its handsome new building at No. 20 North Second street, and will be open for business at the new location tomorrow morning. The plant is one of the largest and most splendidly equipped in the Carolinas and the company is to be congratulated upon getting into a new and handsome home of its own. The building is not only a credit to the progressive enterprise which occupies it, but to the city at large. The wagons will begin their collections and deliveries from the new building tomorrow morning and Capt. Hinton announces that he is now prepared to take care of any and all business that may be offered.

AFTERMATH OF THE SYNOD.

Meeting in Honor of Visiting Pastors and Delegates This Afternoon.

As a mark of honor to the visiting pastors and delegates, who have been attending the sessions of the Synod, a special meeting under the auspices of the Christian Association of St. Paul's Lutheran church will be held in the Lutheran Memorial Building this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock.

An interesting programme has been arranged and will be featured by short addresses by several pastors and lay delegates, who have consented to take part. The members of the Christian Association and the congregation of St. Paul's Church, are urgently requested to be present. The public in general is invited. The meeting will be in the nature of an aftermath of the North Carolina Synod, which has been in session here during the past week.

Appeal to Superior Court.

The Tidewater Power Company was given judgment in Justice Silverman's court yesterday morning for $54.56 against John R. Smith, owner of the John R. Smith carnival exhibition this week at Fourth and Castle streets. The plaintiff company claimed this account for lights and fixtures placed on the grounds. The defendant took appeal to Superior Court a few days ago against the Tidewater Power Co., for $2,000 for alleged damages for failure to furnish lights on the carnival grounds. The lights were in commission on Monday night, but on Tuesday the manager of the show was presented with a bill for $140 for lights for the week, and upon his refusal to pay the amount, the lights were cut out. K. C. Sidbury, Esq., appeared for the defendant at the hearing yesterday and Thos. W. Davis, Esq., for the plaintiff.

One Defendant Before Recorder.

There was only one defendant before the Recorder yesterday, Gus. Royal, colored, was charged with disposing of mortgaged property. The evidence was to the effect that he purchased on the installment plan from W. J. Bradshaw & Co., some furniture, the firm retaining title to the property, and it was testified that before making the last payment the furniture was sold by Royal. The Recorder adjudged him guilty. It was ordered that if the defendant return the property and pay the costs of the action the case would be dismissed. He had not been able to arrange the matter yesterday afternoon and may have to go to the roads.

Barber Shops to Close Earlier.

A movement was started yesterday among the proprietors of several of the barber shops in the city to come to an agreement whereby they would close at 7:30 every evening except Saturday during the Summer months. Ellis' barber shop on Princess street, and Mr. J. E. Cowell's shop on Market street and at The Orton Hotel have agreed to this and give notice in today's paper to that effect. An effort will be made to get all barber shops down town to join the movement, announcement of which will be made later.

Will be Married This Afternoon.

Mr. Geo. M. Millan, of this city, and Miss Ellen F. Kerr, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William F. Kerr, will be united in marriage this afternoon. The ceremony will be performed at the home of the bride's parents, No. 513 Harnett street, by Rev. C. F. Whitlock, pastor of Brooklyn Baptist Church. The couple have a wide circle of friends who will extend best wishes for a long and happy life of wedded bliss.

Read Star Business Locals.

STRAWBERRY PRICES.

Half a Crop Will be Made With Increased Prices—Other Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Whiteville, N. C., May 13.—Mr. C. W. Brown, who is one of our local strawberry buyers and a close observer of the crop, was in town yesterday from Tabor. He says farmers will this year make something over half a crop, but the increased prices they have been getting for their fruit will make up for any shortage in the yield. He thinks shipments will continue until the 26th.

Growers are again beginning to complain about the price they are paid for berries. One day last week, when they were selling at $3 to $3.50 per crate, Mr. J. L. Memory, of Whiteville, sent his berries to Chadbourn and only received $1.35 for them. He says they were good berries and he does not understand why he was not paid as much as others received.

A gentleman was in Whiteville this week from New York, and he says the demand for strawberries is greatly in excess of the supply, and on May 5th, the time it was claimed the bottom had dropped out of the market, the cheapest strawberry you could buy was 18 cents per quart, for the refuse of the market, while the better grades sold way out of sight. He says he knows of one dealer who made $400 net from a single carload.

We are not as yet ready to give out the information, but will state that the prospect for getting a railroad from Whiteville to Southport is today brighter than ever before. We have positive assurance that work on the projected line will start up in 30 days.

Hon. John D. Bellamy, of your city, says that he is satisfied that the Waccamaw river, if dredged, is rich in phosphate rock. He once crossed at Reaves' Ferry when the water was very low, and could see the fossil deposits covering the bottom of the stream. When the railroad to Southport is built this valuable deposit will doubtless be mined. There are millions hidden beneath the soil of Columbus county, if only brought to light and utilized. A geological survey of this section should be made by the State.

STATE BUILDING COMMISSION.

Sub-Committee Met in Raleigh Yesterday—Proposed Sites Inspected.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., May 13.—Col. Ashley Horne, J. A. Long and J. Elwood Cox, three of the sub-commission of four named by the State building commission to investigate the question of the site for the $250,000 fire-proof administration building and report back to the full commission, were in conference here today but made no announcement as to their conclusions.

The fourth member, Mr. Wm. E. Springer, of Wilmington, was unable to be here today. The four inspected four proposed available sites, these being corner of Salisbury and Morgan streets, where the State owns the corner and would have to buy two adjacent lots, another is the old hotel property corner of Edenton and Halifax streets, now occupied by the agricultural department, another the Grimes property, fronting Morgan street, between Fayetteville and Salisbury, and the fourth the Ed Chambers Smith and W. H. Williamson property, fronting Edenton and Wilmington streets. There is to be another conference in about ten days and then the full commission will be called together to receive their report. The sub-commission is also to report on a proper selection of clerk to the commission and on other preliminary matters.

STRAWBERRY SITUATION.

Mr. W. W. Pearsall Says Large Proportion of Crop Has Been Sold.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Rocky Point, N. C., May 13.—Please allow me space in your valuable paper to write a line regarding the present strawberry situation. I notice from the Truckers' Journal of yesterday that not one-fourth of the berries on the W. & W. had been shipped, when as a matter of fact, four-fifths have gone forward; in fact, we are practically over and we as well as the buyers are still waiting for the Jounal's predicted crop of 1,000 acres to turn up. We could have disposed of several cars here at a fair price had not the buyers stood off in fear of a big movement and we don't think it is fair for a man to sit down in his office and figure on something that he knows absolutely nothing about, and the greatest misfortune we could wish such a person is that they had to make a living growing strawberries with no other source of income. We would hear no more of money being plentiful as sand on the beach. The crop has been big only as a disappointment, the bulk here went out at a low figure and a very poor yield. Respectfully,

W. W. PEARSALL.

Residence Entered.

Mr. D. D. Lennon has reported to the police that his apartments at corner of Seventh and Orange streets, were entered Friday night and a Smith & Wesson pistol, 32-calibre, was stolen. Members of the family are out of the city and Mr. Lennon himself was downtown the early part of the night and as he returned he was met in front of his house by a neighbor who told him that he had just observed a suspicious light in the house and had started to investigate. Mr. Lennon tried the front door and could not get in, the thumb bolt having been used on the inside. He then went to the rear of the house and entered through a window. It was through this window that the intruder effected his entrance to the building. The pistol is all that was missing from the house.

Horsman's, Art Dolls, Toodles, Baby Bumps, Campbell's Kids, Laughing Baby and Serious Baby Selling this week at Gaylord's. **

BETTER THAN SPANKING

Spanking does not cure children of bedwetting. There is a constitutional cause for this trouble. Mrs. M. Summers, Box W, Notre Dame, Ind., will send free to any mother her successful home treatment, with full instructions. Send no money, but write her today if your children trouble you in this way. Don't blame the child, the chances are it can't help it. This treatment also cures adults and aged people troubled with urine difficulties by day or night.

Woman's Power Over Man

Woman's most glorious endowment is the power to awaken and hold the pure and honest love of a worthy man. When she loses it and still loves on, no one in the wide world can know the heart agony she endures. The woman who suffers from weakness and derangement of her special womanly organism soon loses the power to sway the heart of a man. Her general health suffers and she loses her good looks, her attractiveness, her amiability and her power and prestige as a woman. Dr. R.V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N.Y., with the assistance of his staff of able physicians, has prescribed for and cured many thousands of women. He has devised a successful remedy for woman's ailments. It is known as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is a positive specific for the weaknesses and disorders peculiar to women. It purifies, regulates, strengthens and heals. Medicine dealers sell it. No *honest* dealer will advise you to accept a substitute in order to make a little larger profit.

IT MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG, SICK WOMEN WELL.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and strengthen Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

DAVID'S

Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx

MEN of all kinds, of all sizes, of all ages, come to us for clothes, and get just what they want. Men who can afford to pay any price they please; men who have to study economy; bankers, merchants, clerks, workingmen; they all find here the kind of clothes that are best worth buying.

Hart, Schaffner & Marx

clothes are made for men who want real value; there's economy in them; the kind of economy that means saving in what you get, more than in what you pay; the economy of service, style, good fit, of being well dressed; the real economy. These clothes cost just enough to be good; you'll be surprised at how little they cost, compared with how good they are.

Let us show you the new suits; some very smart styles; some beautiful new weaves and colorings.

Suits, $18 and up.

Suits made to order, $18.00 and up; workmanship and fit guaranteed.

The Best Shirts in the World (Manhattan and Eclipse) $1.00 to $3.50. Neckwear, Underwear, Etc., equally high-class.

THE A. DAVID COMPANY

This store is the home of Hart Schaffner and Marx Clothes.

We close at 6 o'clock, except Saturdays.

Warm Weather Goods

For less money than you can find them elsewhere.

Boys' and Girls' Straw Hats .....10, 15, 25 and 50c
Men's $6.00 Panamas, latest styles, best quality ..**$4.85**
Ladies' trimmed Hats .....$2.50 to **$25.00**
Standard Gold Brand Longerie Shirt Waists, from $1.25 to $4.50 in Kimona Sleeves and Hand Embroidery.
Ladies' Marquisette Dresses **$12.50**
Ladies' Dresses of beautiful style and best material in French Lawns and Batiste, from $3.50 to.....**$10.00**
Beautiful line of Sash Ribbons, in all colors and dainty shades, eight inches wide, per yard.....**50c**
Small check Hair Ribbon, to match little tots' sock tops **25c**
Beautiful Kimonas in Jap and Crepe, from 19c to **$2.19**
Men's Zephyr Weight Rain Coats, in Tan, Colors, **$4.48**
16-button Mercerized Gloves, for .....**55c.**
16-button Black and White double topped Silk gloves, for .....**75c.**
Splendid line of Mercerized Foulards .....**15c.**
Beautiful Cross-Barred Muslin for Waists .....**10c.**
Porch Screens, 6-foot wide ..**98c.**; 8-foot, ...**$1.25**
Folding Bar Mosquito Nets .....**$1.48** to **$1.98**
Come and See us, if you want a Baby Carriage or Go-Cart.
Best line of Heavy China Matting ever sold for....**20c.**
200 Hammocks, all sizes, styles and qualities, **88c** ot **$5.**
Cheapest line of Trunks, for the Quality, to be found in the State .....**$2.25** to **$15.00**
Window Shades, 3 and 4 feet wide, of the best Holland cloth .....**25c, 50c** and **$1.00**
Men's Finest Grade Nainsook Athletic Underwear **25c.**

at

Gaylord's

North Front Street.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

These time tables are corrected to April 15th, 1911, but their correctness nor the arrivals and departures of trains are not guaranteed, the figures being given as the best available information as to schedules of this company and its connections

90	42	48	*Daily.	Daily except Sunday.	49	41	91
13 40am	*7 00pm	*8 40am	Lv.	WILMINGTON	Ar	6 15pm	9 45am	1 00am
6 38am	10 05pm	11 43am	Ar.	Goldsboro	Lv	2 50pm	6 40am	10 05pm
7 55am	11 00pm	12 43pm	Ar.	Wilson	Lv	1 52pm	5 40am	9 00pm
8 30am	11 45pm	1 18pm	Ar.	Rocky Mount	Lv	12 58pm	5 05am	8 23pm
.....	2 17am	4 55pm	Ar.	Weldon	Lv	11 30am	3 20pm	.....
.....	4 00am	7 05pm	Ar.	Petersburg	Lv.	9 13am	1 36am	.....
.....	4 40am	8 00pm	Ar.	Richmond	Lv.	8 15am	1 00am	.....
.....	8 48am	11 50pm	Ar.	Washington	Lv.	4 20am	9 40pm	.....
.....	10 02am	1 13am	Ar.	Baltimore	Lv.	2 50am	8 20pm	.....
.....	12 28pm	3 40am	Ar.	West Philadelphia ..	Lv.	12 19am	5 44pm	.....
.....	2 12pm	5 41am	Ar.	Manhattan Tr. (a) ..	Lv.	9 50pm	3 58pm	.....
.....	2 31pm	6 00am	Ar.	NEW YORK	Lv.	*9 30pm	*3 38pm	.....
				(5th Ave and 32nd St.)				

(a)—Connections made at Manhattan Transfer with trains to and from Jersey City, and thence with Desbrosses or Cortlandt street ferries and with Hudson River Terminal tubes to and from lower New York City.

(b)—Sleeper arriving New York 6:00 A. M. may be occupied until 7:30 A. M.

48 and 49—Pullman parlor car between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman service.

42 and 41—Pullman Broiler buffet sleeping cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains with Pullman service.

90	42	48	*Daily.		49	41	*91
3 40am	*7 00pm	*8 40am	Lv.	WILMINGTON	Ar	6 15pm	9 45am	1 00am
8 30am	11 45pm	1 18pm	Ar.	Rocky Mount	Lv	12 58pm	5 05am	8 23pm
8 35am	3 30am	1 20pm	Ar.	Rocky Mount	Lv	12 55pm	10 35pm	8 20pm
9 53am	4 13am	2 46pm	Ar.	Tarboro	Lv	12 18pm	9 58pm	7 40pm
1 35pm	8 00am	5 55pm	Ar.	NORFOLK	Lv	*8 15am	*6 20pm	3 35pm

48 and 49—Pullman parlor cars Wilmington and Norfolk.

42 and 41—Pullman Broiler Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norf

55	51		*Daily.		50	54	
*3 15pm	*5 45am	Lv.	WILMINGTON	Ar.	11 40pm	1 40pm	.....
7 25pm	9 30am	Ar.	Florence	Lv.	8 00pm	9 30am	.....
11 20pm	1 35pm	Ar.	Charleston	Lv	*4 00pm	5 25am	.....
2 25am	.....	Ar.	Savannah	Lv	.....	12 25am	.....
11 55am	.....	Ar.	Albany	Lv	.....	1 55pm	.....
9 40am	.....	Ar.	Thomasville	Lv	.....	2 05pm	.....
5 50pm	.....	Ar.	Montgomery	Lv	.....	6 05am	.....
7 15am	.....	Ar.	JACKSONVILLE. ..	Lv	.....	7 55pm	.....
2 05pm	.....	Ar.	Sanford, Fla	Lv	.....	2 35pm	.....
7 00pm	.....	Ar.	TAMPA	Lv	.....	10 30am	.....
8 35pm	.....	Ar.	ST. PETERSBURG ..	Lv	.....	6 45am	.....
10 20pm	.....	Ar.	FORT MYERS	Lv	.....	*8 45am	.....

ALL TRAINS CARRY PULLMAN SLEEPING CARS — Sleeper arriving Wilmington on No. 50, at 11:50 P. M. may be occupied until 7:00 A. M., and sleeper leaving Wilmington on No. 51 at 5:45 A. M., will be open to receive passengers at and after 10:00 P. M. the previous night. Seat fares sold in Pullman cars to and from Wilmington.

55	51		*Daily.		50	54
*3 15pm	*5 45am	Lv	WILMINGTON	Ar	11 50pm	1 40pm
7 25pm	9 30am	Ar	Florence	Lv.	8 00pm	9 30am
9 25pm	11 25am	Ar	Sumter	Lv	5 55pm	7 40am
11 10pm	12 55pm	Ar	COLUMBIA	Lv.	4 10pm	6 00am
10 00am	.....	Ar	AUGUSTA	Lv	2 00pm	.....
11 50pm	1 00pm	Lv	COLUMBIA—Sou. Ry	Ar.	2 30pm	4 40am
5 30am	6 00pm	Ar	Saluda—Sou. Ry	Lv.	8 45am	10 25pm
6 00am	6 35pm	Ar	Hendersonville—Sou. Ry	Lv.	8 05am	9 50pm
7 00am	7 34pm	Ar	ASHEVILLE—Sou. Ry.	Lv.	7 00am	8 50pm
7 20pm	.....	Ar	Knoxville—Sou. Ry	Lv.	*1 35am	8 30am
11 05am	.....	Ar	Louisville—Sou. Ry	Lv.	.....	7 40am
8 00am	.....	Ar	CINCINNATI—Q. & C.	Lv.	.....	*8 10pm

51—SLEEPING CAR, Wilmington to Columbia.
55—SLEEPING CAR, Wilmington to Columbia.
54—SLEEPING CAR, Columbia to Wilmington.
50—SLEEPING CAR, Columbia to Wilmington.

Sleeping cars arriving Wilmington 11:50 P. M. and Columbia 11:10 P. M. may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.

Sleeping cars leaving Wilmington 5:45 A. M. and Columbia 6:00 A. M. will be open to receive passengers at and after 10:00 P. M.

Seat fares sold in all Pullman cars to and from Wilmington and Columbia.

57	51	55	* Dly.	‡ Dly. ex. Su.	x Su only	54*	50	58
7 30pm	*5 45am	*3 15pm	Lv.	WILMINGTON	Ar.	1 40pm	11 50pm	8 30am
9 15pm	7 28am	5 00pm	Ar.	CHADBOURN	Lv.	*11 40am	9 58pm	6 25am
10 10pm	11 50am	x5 15pm	Lv.	CHADBOURN	Ar.	7 10am	5 00pm	6 35am
11 45pm	1 30pm	6 45pm	Ar.	CONWAY	Lv	x5 40am	3 30pm	4 30am

50	53	*	*Daily	‡Daily ex. Sun.	60	52
6 30pm	*8 45am	Lv.	WILMINGTON	Ar.	10 15am	8 05pm
9 45pm	11 45am	Ar	Fayetteville	Lv	7 10am	4 50pm
9 45pm	12 10pm	Lv	Fayetteville	Ar	7 00am	4 45pm
11 10pm	1 40pm	Ar	SANFORD	Lv	5 35am	*3 30pm

*Daily. ‡Daily Except Sunday. xcept Sunday.

*3 25pm	5 50am	Lv.	WILMINGTON	Ar.	12 50pm	6 50pm
5 22pm	7 42am	Ar	Jacksonville, N. C.	Lv.	10 55am	4 55pm
6 44pm	9 05am	Ar	Nor. and Sou. Junction	Lv.	9 35am	3 35pm
6 50pm	9 10am	Ar.	NEWBERN, N. C.	Lv	*9 30am	3 30pm

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect Wednesday, May 3rd.

TO THE BEACH

Week Days:

Leave Front and Princess:	Leave Lumina:
6:20 A. M.	
6:50	7:15 A. M.
8:30	7:45
10:00	9:15
11:30	10:45
1:00 P. M.	12:15 P. M.
2:30	1:45
	3:15
and every half hour until	and every half hour until
5:30	5:45
6:10	6:25
7:10	6:50
8:30	9:15
10:00	9:45
	10:45
Sundays:	
8:30 A. M.	9:15 A. M.
9:30	10:15
10:00	10:45
11:30	12:15 P. M.
1:00 P. M.	1:45
2:00	2:45
and every half hour until	and every half hour until
5:30	5:45
6:10	6:20
7:10	6:50
8:30	7:50
	9:15

WRIGHTSVILLE.

Leave Wilmington for Wrightsville:
Week Days—6:20, 6:50, 8:00, 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M.; 1:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00, 11:00 P. M.
Sundays—8:30, 9:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M.; 1:00, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:10, 7:30, 8:30, 10:00, 11:00 P. M.

Leave Wrightsville for Wilmington:
Week Days—6:20, 7:25, 7:55, 8:30, 9:25, 10:55 A. M.; 12:25, 1:55, 3:55, 4:25, 4:55, 5:25, 5:55, 6:30, 7:00, 8:00, 9:25, 10:55 P. M.
Sundays—9:25, 10:25, 10:55 A. M.; 12:25, 1:55, 2:55, 3:25, 3:55, 4:25, 4:55, 5:25, 5:55, 6:30, 7:00, 8:00, 9:25, 10:30, 11:30 P. M.

FREIGHT
Daily, Except Sunday.
Leave 9th and Orange—10 A. M. and 4 P. M.
Leave Beach—12:15 P. M. and 5:15 P. M.
Freight depot open daily, except Sunday, from 8 A. M. until 7 P. M.

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and Best Line West and Northwest.
Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb. Rail
Schedule in Effect February 12, 1911.

Lv Norfolk	8:30 a m	8:00 p m
Lv. Petersburg	11:00 a m	10:40 p m
Lv. Durham	7:00 a m	5:30 p m
Lv. Lynchburg	2:40 a m	6:25 p m
Ar. Cincinnati	7:20 a m	6:25 p m
Ar. Columbus	8:45 a m	6:35 p m
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p m	7:30 a m
Ar. St. Louis	6:33 p m	8:30 a m

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all western points.

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited

W. B. BEVILL,
Gen. Pass Agent, Roanoke, Va.
C. H. BOSLEY,
Dist. Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.

HEADQUARTERS

for Mayatone, Therox, Parnotes, Quinzoin, etc.

Fresh supply of Pneumonia Antitoxin and Oxygen.

Sold by

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co.

Wholesale and Retail Druggists.
Wilmington, N. C.

SEABOARD

Air Line Railway

SCHEDULE

Apply at Union Depot Ticket Office, 'Phone 1294, or Office of Commercial Agent, Orton Hotel, 'Phone 179.

Trains leave Wilmington, Effective Nov. 6th, 1910.

NO. 45—8:00 A. M.—For Hamlet and intermediate points to Charlotte, connects at Hamlet with No. 66, for Raleigh and points North.

No. 39—3:40 P. M.—For Charlotte, connecting at Hamlet with through trains for Atlanta, Birmingham, Jacksonville, Norfolk, New York and trains in all directions. Arrive Hamlet, 7:40 P. M.; leave Hamlet, 8:00 P. M.; arrive Charlotte, 10:50 P. M.

Trains Arrive at Wilmington:
No 40—12:20 P. M.—From Charlotte.
No. 44—11:50 P. M.—From Charlotte and intermediate points.

No. 45 connects at Hamlet with No. 66, for all points North; at Monroe, with No. 53, for Atlanta.

No. 39 connects at Hamlet with No. 41, for Atlanta, Birmingham and Memphis. No. 64, for Washington and New York; No. 62, for Portsmouth, Norfolk, and No. 43, for Columbia, Savannah and Jacksonville.

Parlor car service will be maintained between Wilmington and Charlotte on No. 66, leaving Wilmington at 3:40 P. M., and No. 40, arriving at Wilmington at 12:20 P. M.

H. W. ARRINGTON,
Union Ticket Agent.
'Phone No. 1294.
F. A. FETTER,
Commercial Agent,
Orton Hotel.
'Phone No. 178.
H. S. LEARD,
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ma13-tf

Clyde Steamship Company

to NEW YORK and GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.
Steamship "Navahoe," Fri., May 12th, 1911.
Steamship "Carib," Fri.,.. May 19th, 1911

Wilmington to New York.
Steamship "Navahoe," Sat., May 6th, 1911.
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Wilmington to Georgetown.
Steamship "Carib," ..Mon., May 8th, 1911.
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Both steamers have good passenger accommodations.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

For freight, apply to
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Night, 8:15 and 9:15.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, served by carriers in the city, or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, or if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to readers of the paper.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of contracts are charged transient rates for time actually published. Payment for transient advertisements must be cash in advance. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space at same rates or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge. Advertisements to occupy special place will be charged for according to position desired.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51; Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

Sunday, May 14, 1911.

Many a man in the United States is getting rich by knowing how to get other men to make his money for him.

Millions of Mexican gold is being rushed to New York on account of the disturbed conditions in Mexico. Capital always would run from a fight, and, if you will notice closely, capital hides mighty quick when any kind of monkey business is on foot.

It is said that Canadians are divided on the subject of reciprocity. Those who favor it believe they will make more out of us than we will make out of them. Those who oppose it must have caught on to the fact that we are going into it for everything we can get out of it.

A cablegram from Paris announces that there will be no change in the style of women's clothes during the next two years. No North Carolina woman will believe any such stuff as that, for if Paris neglects to change the styles, our stylish ladies won't wait for those slow Parisians modistes.

Our contemporaries up the country keep on declaring that "fish are biting." This is the usual Summer excuse for a fellow to take a day off. It's one of the finest excuses a man has and for that reason men like to go fishing with a party which knows how to fully equip itself for a day's sport.

"How shall we send civilization to the Fiji Islands?" inquiries a contemporary. According to reports, they would prefer to have a lot of soup bones and enough red cloth to make a few waist-bands for those who wish to put on airs. We rather suspect that about all the clothes a Fiji Islander wants is the label from a tomato can pasted on the back of his neck.

Tom Watson, of Georgia, has for some time been afraid somebody wants to kill him. Some dynamite found on his premises recently confirmed his suspicions, but it turned out that a few boys hid the dynamite so they could use it to kill fish. Tom should give up all idea of being put out of commission, even if he does now and then say things that make people wish they had their gun.

Juarez is an insignificant town but, those Mexicans fought over it like it was worth having. From what we can learn about that town it isn't worth "taking in." Anyhow, if there are no good roads leading to Juarez, it isn't worth a trip to it much less a fight with fireams and artillery. We are very much like Mark Twain who abstained from fighting of any kind because it was entirely too ridiculous.

Something like a week ago a cablegram announced that Holland had seized one of the numerous Philippine islands. The United States government has not paid a particle attention to the situation, no doubt quite content that it won't take the Dutch very long to see the joke they have played on themselves. Holland should be given the silent treatment for fear she might abandon the island and throw it back on our hands.

If those Radcliffe college girls are not allowed to wear fussy clothes when they graduate they will be ashamed to take their diplomas from the crank professor who has kicked up such a distrubance by forbidding lingerie effects embroidery affectations, and smart trimmings of any kind on any kind of clothes. At the same time the girls should recollect that they are themselves the real articles and not their clothes.

NEW METHOD STRAWBERRIES.

Eastern North Carolina is the ideal strawberry growing country in America, but, like every other product of the soil, it requires the best methods to get the best results. Of course, many of our strawberry growers have secured splendid results from the methods of production they follow, but when strawberries do their best in North Carolina, how much better will they do under the best methods. The method of culture that will make the Carolina berry still more famous is what our growers are after, for they are a progressive lot of people and believe in securing the completest success.

Last Summer Mr. T. C. Keditt, of Athenia, N. J., visited Wilmington and looked over the North Carolina strawberry belt. He was greatly impressed and was quick to see greater possibilities for the industry in the development of new methods of cultivating berries. He has acquired fame in New Jersey as a berry grower and has a method of his own which he was anxious to have tried in North Carolina. He was not long in finding someone to try his method, and it was the Carolina Trucking and Development Company, of Wilmington, that undertook it. Here is again where one of their intelligent and thrifty Italian colonists scored. He was Mr. Eligio Dallago, one of the successful farmers of the St. Helena Colony. Mr. Dallago adopted the Keditt method and the result was magnificent.

Last Fall Mr. Dallago set out some Lady Thompson strawberries, followed the Jerseyman's plan, and yesterday we saw the fruit of his labor. It was a lot of tremendous berries, kindly brought to this sanctum by Mr. C. Van Leuven, of the Carolina Trucking and Development Company. They were three to four inches in circumference, the color was rich and the flavor delicious. The fruit was simply superb, and it is hard to conceive that there is the least possibility of their ever being surpassed.

Yet it must be explained that the season has been extraordinarily dry and that the conditions were not at all ideal for making the best test. However, it was all that could be desired, both for the quality of the fruit and the yield per acre. It must be borne in mind that these Lady Thompsons were set out only six or seven months ago, so that the result has accordingly been more than should have been expected. While the berry season is not yet quite over, the indications are that the yield will be 200 crates per acre. That means a production of 6,400 quarts, which at the prevailing price for berries of such quality would represent a money value of $1,600 per acre.

Mr. Van Leuven highly endorses the Keditt method and regards the yield from such young plants as phenomenal. He is satisfied that owing to the unfavorable season prevailing, these young plants would not have yielded more than 25 crates per acre if old methods had been pursued. The particular berry produced by Mr. Dallago, the Lady Thompson, is very much superior in size and quality to the Lady Thompson grown this season under the customary methods, so that the test has proven highly satisfactory.

Under his method on his New Jersey farm, Mr. Keditt has produced from 20,000 to 30,000 quarts per acre. His method covers a certain manner of preparing the ground, fertilizing it, setting out the plants, and cultivating them during the growing season. All runners are cut off and thus the plants retain vigor and growth, not only producing larger but more berries than ordinarily would be the case. Mr. Keditt has gathered from two to three quarts of berries from one plant, as it goes to bush and not so much to vine. Four times as many plants per acre can be planted under the Keditt method, and that is another advantage about it.

It is learned that several growers around Wilmington will try the Keditt method next season. Mr. Keditt kindly offers to inform growers about it and he has published a small booklet which he forwards upon receipt of postage. Mr. Dellago is delighted with his experiment, and well he may be, for the berries he sent to Wilmington yesterday bear the highest testimonial of the method.

SPECIALIZE IN BOOSTING.

The membership campaign conducted by the Chamber of Commerce has been so successful that the membership has now reached 254, and at no period in the history of Wilmington has that useful organization been so large. However, it is believed that the 300 mark will be reached in a few weeks and there is no reason why it should not reach 500 before the campaign winds up.

The Chamber of Commerce is now a representative body of the commercial, industrial and mercantile interests of Wilmington. It now represents the citizenship of our city, and its enlargement indicates the earnest disposition of our people to get together for the purpose of building the city. Under President M. J. Corbett and his live assistants, the Chamber is now capable of fine work and we are expecting big results from it.

No doubt it will now undertake a make Wilmington campaign and there will be a big lot of work to do along many lines. The Star would suggest that in addition to the committee work on special lines, that individual members specialize and make a special study of some feature of building Wilmington. It may concern the commercial, jobbing, manufacturing, trucking, agricultural or other possibilities, but it will result in the specialist's being well posted on his hobby. He will become an expert as it were, and he can make of himself one of Wilmington's booster encyclopedias.

Mr. James H. Chadbourn is a good example of the man who specializes. He was formerly one of the able presidents of the Chamber and after he retired he did not quit working for Wilmington. He has specialized on our river and harbor interests, the inland waterway and navigation in general. He is now authority along those lines, and that is not all. He has spent an immense amount of his valuable time and money in attending river and harbor congresses, waterways conventions, and in looking after the port's interests in connection with the National Congress. We only mention this to show how some one live man can follow up some particular thing that will promote the growth and progress of Wilmington. We need a whole lot of "cranks" on different lines of work. Who will be the industrial crank, the trucking crank, the homeseekers' crank, etc.?

By the way, the exporting and importing interests of Wilmington have now become so extensive that we ought to have an Exporters and Importers' Association. The exporters and importers constitute a pretty good number of live men and it is for them to get together, organize, and study the problems in that line. They can look after their own interests, suggest betterment of facilities and keep this feature of Wilmington's business up to the notch. It might be an auxiliary of the Chamber of Commerce so that body can keep in touch with their interests and work.

Of course, this article does not pretend to point out the various lines of work that can be undertaken. There are scores of them, and there is no lack of opportunity for a booster to become a full-fledged "crank."

COUNTERFEITING SOLDIERS.

We hardly know how to characterize a man who has the nerve to pass himself off for a Confederate veteran. Of couse, it is not fair to the real soldiers who won glory in following Lee, Jackson, Gordon, Hampton, and the galaxy of Southern generals whose names illumine the pages of the world's history. However, if there is any excuse for counterfeiting of any kind it would be on account of the ambition to be a genuine Confederate soldier whose glory is established for ever. However, to filch fame is surely ignoble in any man. There are some who are fakers, however, according to this from the Greensboro Recod:

"There has been considerable talk for some time about men posing as Confederate veterans who were never in the war. It is said that every memorial day there are more of them, the meeting this week showing more than ever before. If men of this like are posing as veterans, the practice should be stopped. Aside from any other feature it is an imposition on the true and tried old fellows. Many of them know these fakers, but they do not feel like making a noise over it. If these conditions do exist, it would seem there is a way to stop the practice. The camp can take action that will end it. Why not investigate the record of applicants for membership? It would thus be easy to ascertain if there is fraud. It has been said that there are some veterans in the county who are not members of the camp, yet they come here on Memorial Day, secure a badge and pose as the genuine article. Before giving one a badge it would be well to investigate his standing. The Record has heard that men who are not now over fifty or fifty-five years of age are claiming to be veterans. It is a grave injustice and the practice should be stopped."

BRUNSWICK FERRY.

The inquiry is being very pertinently made: "What has become of the Brunswick free ferry proposition?" An act authorizing the purchase of the established ferry was passed at the late session of the Legislature, but it seems specific provision was not made for the revenue with which to make the purchase and provide for the maintenance of the ferry as a free institution. Some mighty good lawyers, however, have given the opinion that a free ferry is a necessary expense and that if the two counties will get together on some equitable basis, there should be no trouble about the necessary funds. On the other hand, a very timely suggestion has been made by the Southport Herald that Brunswick and New Hanover counties join in the establishment of a free bridge connecting the counties and provided with a modern draw that would eliminate the possible objection of the United States government to any obstruction to navigation. If there are no engineering difficulties in the way, this would seem a permanent settlement of the ferry question, as it is pointed out that the cost of maintaining an adequate free ferry would more than meet the interest on the bonds required to build the bridge. We would like to see something done. The bridge proposition will bear the closest investigation, but it should not be used as a method of delaying the accomplishment of this long deferred public necessity—cheaper and more rapid communication between the two sister counties.

Men often have a very poor opinion of public sentiment till they are up against it.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The freight on a ton of coal to Durham is $2.30, or twice what the coal can be bought for at the mines, and yet we have been worrying because the railroads would not give us what we thought was a fair passenger rate.—Durham Record.

Colorado is a Democratic State, and that party has a large majority in the Legislature. And yet the State will be repersented in the United States Senate for the next two years by one Republican and one vacancy. The fight on the leading candidate was so bitter that the Legislature has finally adjourned without making an election.—Philadelphia Record.

And now they are threatening the use of the recall in Wilmington. Some days the surface of the Cape Fear at that place is as placid as a mill pond, but in municipal politics, the waters are always a-bilin., The Wilmington people love a municipal scrap more than they love money and that is why they always have something "on" in that town.—Charlotte Chronicle.

"It may be said in the defense of the talk of Vice-President Sherman for the presidency that it gives him something pleasant to think about as he rides around in his government automobile and doesn't do a particle of harm."—Ohio State Journal. It might be inferred from the above that the vice-president is a hamless chauffeur as well as statesman—Atlanta Journal.

There may be a good deal of shutting down of industrial plants if the free list bill is passed but it will be for the purpose of coercing legislators rather than because they could not continue to operate at a fair profit. The protected interests naturally want all they can get, but the people should give them to understand that they can not have what is not coming to them.—Durham Herald.

A New Jersey Congressman who is engaged in manufacturing has just played a mean trick. Knowing of course that American-made machinery was shipped abroad and sold much lower than in this country, he has just returned from a trip on the other side where he purchased a lot of machinery, shipped it back, paying the freight on it, and finds he has made a great saving. Mind you, this is not foreign-made goods, made by what the tariff barons call pauper labor, but goods made in this country, shipped aboad and sold far below the price such goods are sold for in this country.—Greensboro Record.

The Durham Herald: "Mr. Simmons is wanting to tack the free list bill on to the reciprocity bill, but wonder would he vote for it in this shape?"

Our opinion is that he would. Mr. Simmons has contended from the beginning that the chief objection to the reciprocity agreement was its discriminatory character, and the ways and means committee subsequently admitted the validity of this objection, first through a formal report, saying the farmer should be given certain compensation benefits for what he was asked to give up, and then by the act of the committee in causing the House to pass the so-called companion piece legislation, the free list. —Greensboro News.

Some months ago publication was made of a proposition put forward by the Dukes to take charge of the marketing of cotton goods in China in behalf of Carolina mills, but that the project has been put into effect has not been announced. However, the Pekin corespondent of the New York Herald has sent his paper a story that reveals a situation at least interesting. The Herald is noted for the accuracy of its foreign news, and the Pekin correspondent is Joseph Ohl, formerly of the Atlanta Constitution, who is thoroughly familiar with conditions in the South. He states that the Chinese agents of the American Tobacco Company have been placing large orders for cotton goods in Manchuria and that the thoroughly organized selling system of the tobacco combine is handling the cotton goods direct from Southern mills. "Mr. Duke's entry into the field," says the Herald's dispatch, "has caused consternation among the importers at Shanghai and other parts, but it seems to give promise of a revival of the American cotton trade in China, which, of recent years, has so seriously declined."—Columbia Record.

CITY GOVERNMENT—PRAISE AND PATIENCE.

The day after the election of our Commissioners there was a general feeling of satisfaction and thankfulness in the city. "We have five good men," the people said, "and we think they are determined to do their duty." I did not vote for all these five men; but, from what I have learned and seen since, I think I would vote for the five elected, if the election were to take place tomorrow.

One of the Commissioners told me last week that he was deeply impressed by their preliminary meeting: every man seemed to be deply sensible of his great responsibility, and determined to meet it as far as he was able with God's good help.

These men have a difficult task before them; they have practically to make over the city government; and we, their fellow citizens, who put them in this difficult place, ought to trust them and to be patient with them. If we do not clearly see why they have made a certain appointment, or started a new line of policy, give them credit for being actuated by the best motives, for knowing what they intend to do and for taking the best means to accomplish it; be patient and wait to see how the matter will turn out, before criticising.

Then let us praise them for the good things they do; and I am sure it is the common opinon of our people that they do deserve much prase. The great question before us is the enforcement of the law; and the most persistent violators of the law have been the whiskey sellers, or "Blind Tigers." It has been generally thought that the reason for this is because the men who have had to enforce the law were opposed to prohibition, and therefore, winked at the violation of these laws. Now, in dividing out the departments, the Commisioners have given that of Public Safety, the chief work of which is to carry out the law, to Mr. B. C. Moore, who is known to be a pronounced prohibitionist and wishes most earnestly to see those laws obeyed. Let us praise the Commisioners for that.

They have elected a man for chief of police—the most important office, perhaps, in the city in our present crisis—who, in the opinion of all classes of citizens, will enforce the law. Let us praise the Commissioners for that.

While men may differ as to individuals, the Commissioners have as a whole elected honest and capable men to do the steady work in all the departments of the city. Let us praise the Commissioners for that.

Yesterday's Star stated that the police officers declared that there had been a marked change for the better in the city since the Commissioners assumed control and that they had never known the law so rigidly enforced and so fully obeyed. Let us praise the Commissioners for that.

My friends, judicious praise is a great tonic for men, especially for men in trying public position. If we will trust our Commissioners, as I believe they deserve to be trusted, be patient with them until we know all the facts, praise them when they deserve praise, they will grow to be stronger, wiser and more efficient men, and we shall have less and less to criticise. When, after a while, we we may have to criticise, that criticism will have a tremendous effect upon our Commissioners and upon all our fellow citizens.

ROBERT STRANGE.

Removal Sale of the French Millinery Parlors. All goods at cost beginning Monday, May 15th. tf.

9,480 Yds. of MATTING

All Remarkable Values

Japanese Mattings, in red, blue and green, in a wide range of pattern designs, special values at..... 22½c

China Mattings at Great Saving—25c values, in great assortment of colors and patterns, at..... 19c

Parasols for the Summer Girls, $1.50

"What a Pretty Parasol for $1.50" you will exclaim when you see them, and they are especially good looking for that price. They are kinds ordinarily sold for $2.00.

Boys' Wash Suits at 98c

Keep in mind the fact that these are new, seasonable; light weight, light colors, suits for small boys, two and one-half to six years old, and you get the force of these reduced prices. $1.25 values, 98c.

NEW CURTAIN CRASH—Ecru ground, with red and green figures, colors guaranteed, full 36 inches wide, special at..... 19c

Special Black Silk Hose, 8 to 10, at..... 50c

50c Mohair, Special Values 39c

Black, navy, brown, dark green, 36 inches wide Mohair, fine weave, special lustre.

New Lot of Fine Premiums

Long Silk Gloves black and white at $1.00.

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE

Silk Hose, fine quality, black and tan, at $1.00.

THE FIRM THAT PAYS YOUR CAR FARE.

Summer Hours

From Monday, May 15th, until August 31st, inclusive, this store will close at 6 o'clock P. M., excepting Saturdays, and the First Day of Each Month.

George Honnet

SILVER-SMITH JEWELER DIAMOND MERCHANT

Just Received

The largest line of Porch Goods ever shown in Wilmington and at prices that will promptly convert them into Money.

Porch Rockers, Three-Piece Porch Suits, Porch Swings, Porch Settees, Porch Chairs, Hammocks, Hammock Beds, Porch Screens, Crex Rugs, all sizes.

A large line of New Matting and Rugs of all sizes.

New lot Bloch Go-Carts and Carriages. Push Carts for Less than $2.00, with Rubber Tires.

See our line before you buy.

The Wilmington Furniture Co.

WILMINGTON'S GREAT FURNITURE STORE.

my3-tf

An Opportunity Free

We can teach you without cost and without trouble to yourself how to keep books, and give you a good general idea of business, if you will bring your money to this bank, deposit it, get you a check book, and, when you have to use money, use a check on this bank instead of the money. From time to time This Bank will render you an account, and will be glad to explain anything in connection with it that you do not understand.

The officers would like to talk with you about an account.

The Southern National Bank

The Murchison National Bank

Wilmington, N. C.

Capital and Surplus.....$1,300,000.00

With every facility known to banking, we are prepared to give most careful attention to all business intrusted to us, whether large or small

ap23-tf

Good Teeth Mean Sound Health

It is not sufficiently understood that the condition of the teeth has a very large influence on the general health. Poor teeth means imperfect mastication—one of the principal causes of indigestion. Let us examine your teeth free of charge, and we will put them in proper condition if they need our service. Work guaranteed.

DR. CULBRETH'S Dental Parlors

my12-tf

ATLANTIC INN

EUROPEAN PLAN.

Being opposite the Union Depot is, therefore, most convenient to Traveling Men. Large, Airy Rooms and Good Restaurant.

GIESCHEN BROS. :: :: :: :: :: :: :: Proprietors

SOUTHERN BAPTISTS MEET

Great Convention at Jacksonville, Fla., This Week—Something of Size and Influence of Large Body of Churchmen.

The annual meeting of the Baptists of the South will be held at Jacksonville, Fla., beginning Wednesday of this week. This convention is made up of messengers from the churches, associations and State conventions of the following States: Alabama, Arkansas, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, South Carolina, Oklahoma, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia. The number of churches in this territory is 22,468, with a total membership of 2,218,911, and to this number may be added 1,891,902 colored Baptists who are in the same territory, giving a grand total of 4,110,873 Baptists in the States represented in this convention. There are about six and a quarter millions of Baptists in the United States, over four millions of these being in the Southern States. They make up by far the largest religious denomination in the Southern States. The Baptists are said to have 39.5 per cent. at present of the entire church membership of the South, and the Methodists to rank next with 26.5 per cent. and the Catholics third, with 15.9 per cent.

The churches of this convention raised last year for carrying on their work at home and abroad, approximately $10,000,000, about $1,500,000 of this sum being given for missions. The church property of the convention is valued at $37,203,522.

Roger Williams was the first to represent Baptist principles upon American soil, though the recorded history of the denomination runs back for hundreds of years before his day. He organized the first Baptist church of America at Providence, R. I. The first baptist church in this convention was organized in South Carolina in 1682. The first one established in North Carolina was in what is now Hertford county, and according to the best authorities, was organized in 1727 by Paul Palmer. At first it was called the Meherrin Church, and later Camden Church and at present is called Shiloh. It is in the Chowan Association, has a membership of about 300 and last year contributed nearly $200 to the objects of the convention. The first pastor of this church and hence the first Baptist pastor of North Carolina, was Rev. Joseph Parker, who was driven from the Virginia colony by religious persecution during that period when civil disabilities were imposed upon all who dissented from the dominant church and where the jail and the whipping post were sometimes the arguments used to convince Baptists and others of their error.

This convention is not a legislative body in any sense, nor has it any authority over the Baptist churches, each church being an independent body. Its action is advisory, not compulsory. Ministers and laymen are admitted to the convention upon exactly the same basis and all ministers are recognized as having equal authority, there being no official distinction or superiority among Baptist ministers; but the terms pastor, bishop and elder being regarded different names for the same office. The chief work of the convention is committed to three boards, the Foreign Mission Board, located at Richmond, Va., of which Dr. R. J. Willingham is the corresponding secretary; the Home Mission Board, located at Atlanta, Ga., with Dr. R. D. Gray as its secretary, and the Sunday School Board, at Nashville, Tenn., having Dr. J. M. Frost as its secretary. The chief work of the convention will be the consideration of the reports of these boards upon the various departments of the work committed to them.

The work of the Foreign Mission Board is to look after the preaching of the gospel in foreign fields. This board had last year 231 missionaries and raised $460,797. The Home Mission Board has the oversight of the work in the home fields, which include the Southern and Southwestern States and the Panama section. This board had last year 1,066 missionaries in the field at work and raised for their support $282,486. These home missionaries reported 188,000 baptisms. The Sunday School Board is in the interest of Sunday Schools and young people's work, and publishes periodicals and literature for both, and also employs several Sunday School specialists who hold institutes and conventions over the territory and do much to arouse interest in the Sunday School work. The Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, at Louisville, Ky., which is the chief school for the equipment of Baptist preachers in all the South, is under the control of this convention and its interest will be considered as an important feature in the convention.

Several will attend the convention from Wilmington and vicinity whose names will be given later. The elected messenger from the Wilmington Association is Rev. A. C. Chaffin, of Sea Gate. Several others will attend from this section, both ministers and laymen.

THE REVISED SCHEDULE.

Games to be Played in the Sunday School Baseball League.

Due to an error in copying the schedule for the Sunday School Baseball League games for the present month, the dates were given wrong a few days ago and below is the schedule as it has been revised and as it should have appeared at first:

May 17th, Good Shepherd against St. Thomas; May 18, First Presbyterian against Y. M. C. A.; May 19, Boys' Brigade against St. James; May 24, St. James against First Presbyterian; May 25, Y. M. C. A. against St. Thomas; May 26, Good Shepherd against Boys' Brigade; May 31, Y. M. C. A. against Good Shepherd; June 1, St. Thomas against St. James; June 2, First Presbyterian against Boys' Brigade; June 7, Good Shepherd against St. James; June 8, First Presbyterian against St. Thomas; June 9, Boys' Brigade against Y. M. C. A.

Carnations, white and pink, for Mother's Day May 14th, at Will Rehder's. **

PROMINENT VISITOR HERE

Secretary of American Civic Association in City Short Time Yesterday—Short Talk to City Council.

Returning to his home in Washington, D. C., from a visit to Lumberton in the interest of civic improvement, Mr. Richard B. Watrous, secretary of the American Civic Association, spent yesterday afternoon in the city in conference with the officers of the several local civic organizations and committees and at 4 o'clock made a most interesting and instructive talk to the City Council upon the general subject of civic improvement, emphasizing the importance of having some definite plan, arranged by an expert, upon which to work.

Mr. Watrous had been in correspondence for some time with Mr. J. A. McGeachy, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, about Wilmington and conditions here. He was very anxious to pay a visit to Wilmington and give whatever aid he could to the organization here which are working for civic improvement. He had to fill an engagement at Lumberton last week and wrote Secretary McGeachy that he would spend a few hours in

MR. RICHARD B. WATROUS.
Secretary American Civic Association.

the city on his return to Washington yesterday, and if those interested desired he would be glad of the opportunity to make an address before the new Council. The men in charge of the affairs of the city met at the City Hall at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon for the sole purpose of hearing the remarks of the visitor.

Mr. Watrous arrived on the Seaboard train at noon yesterday and was met at the union station by Mr. John S. Blair, chairman of the civic committee of the Chamber of Commerce; Mr. Adam Empie, president of the Wilmington Civic League, and Mr. H. deW. Rapalje, chairman of the publicity committee of the league, who took him for an automobile trip over the city, including a visit to the waterworks plant. The party then went to The Orton, where Mr. Watrous had dinner.

Present at the informal meeting in the Mayor's office at the City Hall were Mayor Smith and all members of the Council; Mr. John J. Blair, Mr. H. deW. Rapalje, Mr. J. A. McGeachy, Mr. Adam Empie, Mrs. Wm. Latimer and Capt. Thos. D. Meares, City Clerk and Treasurer. Mr. Watrous talked for more than half an hour and was heard with much profit by members of the Council and others present. He commented upon the recent change of government and remarked that the Councilmen have the best opportunity ever given to a governing body of this city to do something for the advancement of Wilmington, and a glance into the faces of the Councilmen was sufficient to convince him that they are among the leading business men of the city who will put forth every effort to do those things which will mean for the growth of Wilmington and the happiness and comfort of the people. The speaker called especial attention to the importance of city planning—building upon some definite plan. In this connection he referred to the fact that when Dallas, Texas, changed to the commission form of government the Council voted to have an expert come and prepare plans for improvement of the city and that ever since the improvement had been going forward in a systematic way toward something definite and each year some of the things called for in the plans are realized. Columbia and Grenville, S. C., and Norfolk and Roanoke, Va., are among the cities which have recently adopted the city planning scheme. The speaker said that he hoped the Council would decide to adopt this modern and business-like way of improving the city, as better results would be obtained.

Mr. Watrous said that he had spent a short time on the water front since his arrival in the city and that he was persuaded to believe that the Wilmington people do not realize what an asset they have in their water front, and also remarked that Wilmington people seemingly do not take enough interest in seeing that the city is given its proper standing as a port, mentioning the fact that he had noticed on the map on his way to this city where there were no dotted lines indicating steamer boat lines, to Wilmington, while the dotted lines appeared to Charleston, Savannah, and other places. He said that the business men should insist that Wilmington be given its proper place on the map, as it has one steamer a week from New York (the speaker hoped this only the beginning), and a large number of foreign vessels to enter this port.

Mr. Watrous then showed conclusively how the city beautiful pays handsomely in dollars and cents to say nothing of the comfort and enjoyment of the citizens and the visitors. The speaker said that he was pleased to note so many miles of wide streets in the city in which plazes can be made and had observed that the plazas are used here as playgrounds for children. He declared that it is the duty of the city to provide playgrounds, not on the outskirts but in the very heart of the city, citing what the City of Chicago is doing in this respect. Again referring to the commercial side of the question, Mr. Watrous spoke of the splendid Winter climate in this section and of the possibilities of inducing thousands of tourists to spend their Winters here. An attractive city will go a long ways toward attracting the tourist, who spends million of dollars in the community in which he sojourns. Mr. Watrous said that the Council was fortunate in having in the city a live Chamber of Commerce and various civic organizations as co-laborers in the effort to build up the city. He also stated that he had visited the waterworks plant and that it was indeed a splendid system and that the commission in building had provided well for the future. He considered the waterworks plant a great asset to the city. In conclusion he extended to the Council an invitation to send an official representative to the National Conference on Civic Planning which will be held in Philadelphia, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of this week.

Mayor Smith thanked Mr. Watrous for his valuable talk. He said that the Councilmen desired all the information they could get on the matter of civic improvement. He said also that the Council will probably send a man North in a short time to get ideas, especially ideas as to street improvment. Mr. Watrous invited members of the Council to ask him any question they desired answered, and light on a number of matters was asked.

Upon adjournment of the meeting, Mr. Watrous was taken for a trip to Wrightsville Beach, accompanied by Messrs. Blair, Rapalje, Empie and McGeachy, returning just in time for him to catch the 7 o'clock train, upon which he departed for his home in Washington.

GREGORY NORMAL INSTITUTE

Commencement Exercises Begin Today With the Baccalaureate Sermon by Rev. J. A. Bonner. The Programme.

The commencement exercises of Gregory Normal Institute, the well known colored institution of this city, will begin with the preaching of the baccalaureate sermon this afternoon at 3 o'clock by Rev. J. A. Bonner, colored, a Presbyterian minister. The sermon will be delivered at the Christ Congregational Church. There will be special music by the choir. The attendance this afternoon is expected to tax the capacity of the church.

Tomorrow night, beginning at 8:30 o'clock, exercises of the primary and intermediate grades will be held at Christ Congregational Church. The grammar department will render the play "William Tell," on Tuesday night, beginning at 8:30 o'clock, and Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock the senior class day exercises will be held at the church, while Thursday is commencement day proper and exercises will be held in the church in the evening, beginning at 8:30 o'clock. The industrial exhibit, domestic science and shop work will be open at 7 P. M. tomorrow and will be open for the inspection of the public throughout the week.

Prof. Frank B. Stevens is principal of the school and the year now drawing to a close is probably the most successful in the history of the institution. The enrollment has been greater than ever before and the attendance has been splendid. During the year there has been made a number of improvements, the equipment of the school has been increased.

MEIER'S MARBLE WORKS.

Two Notable Contracts Recently Secured—Moore's Creek Monument.

Meier's Marble and Granite Works, of this city, has recently been awarded the contract for the stone work for the handsome new Methodist Church soon to be completed at Mount Olive and will begin work at once on this award. Another contract of note recently secured by the works is the building of a monument for the Moore's Creek Battleground Association to mark the old Wilmington and Fayetteville stage road built in 1776 and used by the troops in their marches leading up to the famous battle at Moore's Creek. The contract calls for completion in July. It will be a rock face granite monument with a cannon on it face and suitable inscription.

Yoke Fellows' Appointments.

The appointments of the Yoke Fellows of the Y. M. C. A. for today are as follows: City prison, 10 A. M., L. L. Corbett; county home, 3 P. M., Rev. G. B. Webster; Castle Haynes, 11 A. M., R. F. Coleman and R. G. Davis; Wrightsboro Baptist, 7:30 P. M., J. T. Sholar and H. S. McGirt; Wrightsville Sound, 4 P. M.; Wrightsboro Union Sunday School, 8 P. M., J. B. Huntington and G. C. Bordeaux.

Saved Child From Death.

"After our child had suffered from severe bronchial trouble for a year," wrote G. T. Richardson, of Richardson's Mills, Ala., "we feared it had consumption. It had a bad cough all the time. We tried many remedies without avail, and doctors' medicine seemed as useless. Finally we tried Dr. King's New Discovery and are pleased to say that one bottle effected a complete cure, and our child is again strong and healthy." For coughs, colds, hoarseness, lagrippe, asthma, croup and sore lungs it's the most infallible remedy that's made. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by R. R. Bellamy.

To the Beach.

Today cars to the beach every half hour in afternoon. **

Removal Sale of the French Millinery Parlors. All goods at cost beginning Monday, May 15th. tf.

BEGIN NEW TRAIN SERVICE

Norfolk "Shoo-Fly" to be Extended to Wilmington Beginning Tuesday Morning—Early Schedule Giving Fine Connection.

Effective one minute past mid-night Monday the new train service on the Wilmington & Weldon railroad, the extension of the Norfolk Shoo-Fly from Goldsboro to this city, as recently required of the Atlantic Coast Line by the North Carolina Corporation Commission, will be put on, this early train leaving Wilmington at 3:40 A. M. and returning, reach Wilmington at 1 A. M., connecting at Goldsboro with all trains north and east, Southern, Coast Line and Norfolk-Southern.

While all the details of the mail service have not yet been worked out, this is assured and for the present Postmaster Wallace will make up at Wilmington what is known as an express pouch for Goldsboro in which all mail for points between Wilmington and Goldsboro will be taken up on the morning train and then worked out to the several stations on the morning train down. Within a week or ten days, it is expected that full mail service will be inauguarted. The new train will afford a fine connection to Raleigh, Greensboro, Durham, Kinston, Wilson, Henderson and many other points in the State which travelers may visit, spend the entire day and return the same night. While the hour for departure is a little earlier than was expected, it is believed that traveling men and others, especially during the Summer and during the beach season when day begins to break at 4 o'clock, will find this train quite a convenience. The running time for the 84 miles between this city and Goldsboro has been made about three hours, whereas it was expected that the Coast Line would endeavor to considerably reduce this on a light train with no flag stops to make and with a much easier operation than on a day train, as is the case on the Seaboard Air Line, between Wilmington and Hamlet, but it has been decreed otherwise by the railway officials and the public will be glad to get the train even at the unseasonable hour.

The first train to reach Wilmington will be Tuesday at 1 A. M., and the first train to leave Wilmington will be at 3:40 A. M. the same morning. Little notice has been given by the railway company to the inauguaration of this new service but it is expected that the traveling public will gradually learn to appreciate its advantages, even on the unseasonable schedule, and that it will prove a paying train in the end. This train from the North will arrive at Goldsboro at 9:55 P. M. and leave for Wilmington at 10:05 P. M., arriving here at 1 A. M. Returning the train will leave at 3:40 A. M. and arrive at Goldsboro at 6:38, leaving at 7 P. M. for Norfolk, allowing time for breakfast at Goldsboro.

Several business men have suggested that if the Coast Line would attach to this train a sleeper under the same conditions as sleepers are now operated on the early morning Columbia train, it would prove a paying investment, but it is not believed that the railroad company will care to make this train very attractive as it is being operated on an experimental schedule with the hope of its being taken off January 1st, 1912. The train will make the connection for Clinton at Warsaw, arriving there in the morning at 5:36 A. M. and leaving Warsaw at 11:07 at night, bound to Wilmington. It is to be hoped that when another general adjustment of schedules is made beyond Goldsboro that the leaving time of this train from Wilmington may be made a little later, though it has not been so long since the Seaboard operated a train out of Wilmington as early at 3 A. M. and found this operation quite satisfactory, especially during the Summer and until the schedules beyond Hamlet could be adjusted to conform to a later departure from this city.

EAST WILMINGTON SCHOOL.

Closing Exercises Held Friday Night—Splendid Programme.

The closing exercises of the East Wilmington public school took place in the school house Friday evening and the event was largely attended by patrons and friends of the school. The programme was attractive and the participants acquitted themselves with much credit. A festival for the benefit of the East Wilmington Sunday School was held in connection with the exercises. Mr. Eustace Norfleet, superintendent of the Sunday School made a short talk after the formal exercises had been rendered. The following are among those who took part in a two-act comedy play: Misses Maude Yarborough, Lula Klein, Nina Simmons, Bessie Mills, Esther Klein, Rosa Blake, Jessie Yarborough, Annie Blake and Messrs. Rosco Barlowe, Hugh Barlowe, A. T. Blake, Dock Blake, Percy Tharp and Happy Lane. Justice Bornemann's Glee Club was present and rendered several selections.

Death of Little Son.

Friends will sympathize with Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Turbeville in the death of their eight-months-old son, Johnnie Turbeville, which occurred at the family residence, No. 1005 North Second street, early yesterday morning. The funeral was held from the house at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, conducted by Rev. Dr. J. H. Foster, and the interment was in Bellevue cemetery.

French Millinery Parlors.

The French Millinery Parlors will move into their new quarters June 1st, having secured three adjoining parlors in the new Solky building, second floor, and will be better prepared than ever to serve their customers. One parlor will be used for a private fitting room where the proprietors will show a more exclusive line of goods than ever.

To the Beach.

Today cars to the beach every half hour in afternoon. **

THAT BIG WHITE BUILDING

TRUCKERS

4 PER CENT

Throughout Eastern North Carolina find it convenient to keep their money with this firmly established, old Savings Bank. We pay FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST, compounded quarterly, on all accounts. There is no safer investment, and you can withdraw your money at any time without notice to us. If you have not an account here, open one today.

OLD AND STRONG

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

CORNER FRONT & PRINCESS

Money in Hand

Is worth more than stock on the ground floor. A Savings Account with

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

is "money in hand" any time you want it, and it is earning you 4% interest while you leave it there.

"BRONX" OPENS TOMORROW

Big and Promising Real Estate Development Will Begin Tomorrow by D. R. Foster & Co. —Near Delgado.

"The Bronx," of which Wilmington people have read and heard no little in an indefinite sort of way during the past week or ten days, will be put on the market tomorrow and from present indications, it will be one of the most successful real estate developments pulled off in Wilmington in some months.

At the immediate intersection of the suburban trolley line and the magnificent Castle Street boulevard, in close proximity to Delgado and very near the Wrightsville turnpike, has been laid out this plat of proprty into desirable building lots and these are being placed on the market in such a way as to make the investment especially desirable to the home builder or those who would like a more remunerative rate of interest for their money than the prosaic 4 per cent. A large page advertisement elsewhere in today's paper by D. R. Foster & Co. tells the story of this development and any information not contained in this announcement will be cheerfully given upon application to the office, No. 206 Princess street. A large force of hands have been at work on the improvements to the property for two weeks or longer and this will be kept up for ten days or more, so that the property will be one of the most attractive ever seen in the immediate environs of Wilmington. Yesterday and the day before large parties of prospective parties went out to the grounds and were delighted with the prospect. Others will find it convenient to walk out in that direction today and tomorrow when the sale formally begins, it is expected that there will be a rush for the desirable places in the plat.

There has been erected on the plat one of the largest wood signs ever displayed in Wilmington and this alone is a curiosity. Messrs. Foster & Co., invite the public to investigate the proposition whether they purchase or not.

Rev. Mr. Whitlock Returns.

Rev. C. F. Whitlock returned yesterday from a ten-days' revival meeting at Cooleemee, N. C. The meeting was a fine success there being about 20 accessions to the church. Rev. C. H. Utley, a former pastor of Southside church, of this city is the pastor. Cooleemee is a new town in Davie county and has one of the largest cotton mills in the State operated by the Erving Cotton Mill Co. The population is about 3000 and about one-fourth of the entire population work for the company. Mr. Whitlock will fill his regular appointments at Brooklyn Baptist church today. His subject this morning will be "Faithfulness and Its Reward." Tonight his subject will be "Two Armies."

Horsman's, Art Dolls, Toodles, Baby Bumps, Campbell's Kids, Laughing Baby and Serious Baby Selling this week at Gaylord's. **

RESOLUTIONS OF THANKS.

Adopted by the North Carolina Lutheran Synod Last ...ght.

During the session of the Lutheran Synod last night Rev. M. L. Came read the following resolutions of thanks which were adopted unanimously:

"Resolved, first, That we extend our most cordial thanks to the pastor of St. Paul's church, to the church council, the Dorcas Society, the choir and all others who have joined in entertaining Synod and visiting friends, and in making our stay in Wilmington so unusually delightful to us all; and that the president of the Synod express the thanks of this body to the congregation at the services on Sunday morning.

"Second, That Miss Mamie Bays be assured of our hearty appreciation of her reporting most satisfactorily our proceedings.

"Third, That we thank the press for the publication of these reports.

"Fourth, That the thanks of this Synod are hereby extended to the Tidewater Power Co., for the delightful trolley ride to and from the beach."

A Burglar's Awful Deed

may not paralyze a home so completely as a mother's long illness. But Dr. King's New Life Pills are a splendid remedy for women. "They gave me wonderful benefit in constipation and female trouble," wrote Mrs. M. C. Dunlap, of Leadill, Tenn. If ailing, try them, 25c at R. R. Bellamy's.

Removal Sale of the French Millinery Parlors. All goods at cost beginning Monday, May 15th. tf.

Challenge Sale

Our first Challenge Sale Starts WEDNESDAY, MAY 10TH, and LASTS FOR TEN DAYS.

During this sale we challenge competition as to price and quality. Note the prices elsewhere; no matter what they are, we will sell for

4% Less

Make your purchases Here—and SAVE the DIFFERENCE.

Platt & Haar

The Busiest Store in Town

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

The youngest visitor who came to Wilmington on account of the Lutheran Synod was little Miss Sarah Elizabeth McCullough, the four and a half-months-old baby daughter of Rev. and Mrs. H. A. McCullough, of Albemarle. The beauty of the little one was noted with interest by the many who saw her.

* * *

Messrs. A. J. Mitchell, of this city, and Joseph S. Mitchell, Esq., of Florence, S. C., left yesterday afternoon for Greensboro, N. C., whre they will spend Sunday with their sisters, Misses Mary Baldwin Mitchell, a member of the faculty, and Miss Fannie Starr Mitchell, a student at the State Normal and Industrial College.

* * *

Mrs. M. D. Bright has returned from Baltimore, bringing on the return with her the class of little crippled children, who were recently sent north through the beneficence of a Wilmington gentleman, for treatment by a specialist. Mrs. Bright is delighted to report that the little folks are doing nicely and have returned home restored to their former selves and better than ever euipped for the exacting duties of life.

* * *

Miss Mamie Bays, who reported the proceedings of the Lutheran Synod for The Star and a number of other papers in the State, will leave this afternoon for her home in Charlotte to spend a day or two before leaving for Louisville, Ky., where she goes to report the Presbyterian Synod for the Associated Press. Miss Bays is one of the best known newspaper women in the South and has many friends in Wilmington.

* * *

Her many friends will be interested to learn that Miss Veda Russ, for five years an attache of the local Western Union Telegraph office, has received a well deserved promotion, and left last night to take a similar position with the Western Union at Roanoke, Va. Miss Russ is well known to all patrons of the office here, and her going will be generally regretted by many friends as well as the employes of the Western Union here, but who wish her success in her new place, confident that she will "make good" as she did here.

* * *

The Y. P. S. C. E., of Dock Street Christian church, delightfully entertained the members and friends of the society in the Bible school rooms of the Christian church Friday evening. A very delightful musical programme consisting of piano and vocal selections, was rendered. Of special interest was the piano solo of Miss Willie Thigpen, and the vocal selections of Mr. Harold Pate, and Mr. Robert Anson. Quite a large crowd was present and all seemed to enjoy the evening very much. In the future the Endeavor Society will give these musical and social services each month.

* * *

The many friends in Wilmington of Miss Jean LeFrage, the charming and talented daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles LeFrage, who were residents of this city for years, will be delighted to learn of her conquests in her new home in Georgia. Miss LeFrage who is an elocutionists of much ability, having appeared in Wilmington on many social occasions with marked success, entered a big contest of expression in Baxley, Ga., and was awarded the first prize, a magnificent gold medal. Her success in this event makes her eligible to enter the Georgia State contest, which will be held in Athens. Only eleven in the whole State have qualified to enter this notable affair and even if Miss LeFrage does not come off victorious, the fact that she was one of so small a number who were qualified to enter this contest will, in itself, be a great honor. Mr. and Mrs. LeFrage are now residents of Dublin, Ga., where they moved from here a few months ago.

* * *

UNVEILING OF MARBLE TABLET AT FORT JOHNSTON.

On May 23rd the North Carolina Society of Colonial Dames of America will unveil at Southport with appropriate ceremonies a tablet marking the site of Fort Johnston, the first fort in the province of North Carolina. Built under act of Assembly of 1746, it was named in honor of Governor Gabriel Johnston. The patriots of the Cape Fear, resisting the execution of the Stamp Act in 1766, forced the spiking of the 24 cannon given by King George the Second. The fort was a refuge of Governor Josiah Martin after his flight from Newbern, May 24th, 1775, until he was compelled by the patriots to abandon it, July 18th, 1775, on which day it was destroyed and Royal Government in North Carolina ceased.

The public is cordially invited to attend and participate in the ceremony of the unveiling, and to this end an excursion to Southport has been arranged for the day. The Society will furnish a luncheon, the price of which will be included in the price of the ticket, $1. The steamer Wilmington will leave Market street at 10 A. M., returning about 5 o'clock.

The aim of the Society has been to mark with suitable memorials every historic spot in the State, and this work has naturally begun along the banks of the Cape Fear river where were made the earliest permanent settlements.

The first commemorative work done by the Society was the placing of a marble tablet on the walls of old St. Phillip's Church, at Brunswick, attesting the virtues and deeds of the patriots lying buried there.

The next memorial erected was a granite shaft which was placed in Wilmington in honor of the foremost Colonial patriot of this section, Cornelius Harnett.

In 1909 the Society unveiled at Russellboro on the Cape Fear, upon the site of Governor Tryon's palace, a marble tablet embedded in stones taken from the foundation of the palace.

Horsman's, Art Dolls, Toodles, Baby Bumps, Campbell's Kids, Laughing Baby and Serious Baby Selling this week at Gaylord's. **

To the Beach.

Today cars to the beach every half hour in afternoon. **

MORE HOTEL FACILITIES

Regarded by Traveling Men as Imperative If Wilmington Is to Go Forward—Advertising City at Greensboro.

Realizing that the local accommodations are inadequate and that this is a serious drawback to the development and growth of the city, Cape Fear Council, No. 374, United Commercial Travelers, in regular session last night, unanimously adopted a resolution instructing the hotel committee to write a communication to the Chamber of Commerce of this city asking that some movement be started whereby the hotel facilities of Wilmington may be increased.

The committee is composed of Messrs. Arthur Einstein, W. S. Bunting and F. L. Mills and they are expected to draft the communication right away and send it to the Chamber of Commerce, which organization, it is hoped, will take steps toward providing the increased hotel facilities. The matter was discussed at some length by the traveling men, all of whom stated that they had had it thrown at them any number of times throughout their territory that Wilmington did not have sufficient hotel accommodations, that even in an ordinary time, like last Saturday night, for instance, people were forced to walk the streets or find seats in hotel lobbies, because they were unable to get a room at either of the hotels or down town boarding houses. People in all sections of the territory traveled by the local salesmen say that Wilmington's growth is greatly retarded by a lack of hotel facilities. The traveling men themselves realize that Wilmington should have at least one more good hotel. Some months ago there was strong talk of a movement for a new hotel, but nothing has been heard of the matter recently. It is hoped that there will be a revival of the agitation for a new and up-to-date commercial hotel.

Appreciating the kindness of the business men at last Grand Council meeting, a committee, consisting of Messrs. J. S. Funchess, W. O. Page and F. L. Mills, was named to call upon the Commercial Club and offer the services of the traveling men as an advertising medium while in attendance upon the meeting of the Grand Council of the Carolinas to be held in Greensboro, June 1st to 3rd.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. W. F. Greer, of Southport, spent last night in the city on a business trip.

—Mr. R. C. Banks, an old Wilmingtonian who for the past several months has been located elsewhere, returned to the city yesterday and is being pleasantly greeted by his friends.

—Dr. M. H. P. Clark will leave on Monday afternoon for Charlotte, where he goes as a delegate from the local Ruling to the Grand Ruling, Fraternal Mystic Circle, which will be in session there this week. Dr. Clark will return Thursday or Friday.

—Among the arrivals at the Southern Hotel yesterday were the following: J. F. Simpson, Point Caswell; D. Earle Powell and Capt. Charles Manson, of Southport; D. J. Stokes, Burgaw; W. N. Blow, Cronly; V. R. Nichols, Salisbury; R. E. Pridgen, Currie; H. P. Rich, Fairmont; C. H. Zibelin, Currie; H. Warwick, Conway, S. C.; R. T. Hatchett, Folkstone; Geo. Bullard, Southport; W. T. Norrs, Teachey; C. J. Hahn, Charlotte.

CITY MAY BRING ACTION.

Reported That Claim and Delivery Proceedings May Be Started.

There was no development yesterday in the Sixth street bridge muddle, but it was announced that City Attorney Herbert McClammy will very probably bring claim and delivery proceedings in Superior Court tomorrow against Sheriff S. P. Cowan for the bridge materials which were seized by Deputy Sheriff Harvey Cox on Friday afternoon under an execution from Alamance county. The papers would have to be served on the Sheriff by Dr. C. D. Bell, the coroner. There was also some talk of the city giving a replevy bond, but it is thought that the claim and delivery proceedings will be the method adopted to regain possession of the property.

Laborers' liens have been filed in Justice Bornemann's court for service and materials in the construction of the bridge and vary in amount from $30 to $75. The complainants in the cases are: Ben Parker, C. H. Pannell, T. A. Biscoe, J. M. Weeks, C. C. Love, J. M. Pearsall, A. E. Thomas, C. H. Raspberry, J. F. Keeter, J. B. Garmer, King Brown, W. W. Hill, W. E. Keeter and H. J. Marshall. The Southern Construction Co., R. W. Curtis, Councilman P. Q. Moore and the City of Wilmington are named as defendants. The latter has charge of settlement of the muddle and therefore he was made a party to the actions.

The following figures were obtained yesterday showing the value of Sixth street bridge as the matter now stands: Misc. hardware, $141.57; lumber for flooring, $568.75; false work $85.35; steel (bridge proper), $5,819.27; labor $402; sundry claims $49; cash paid Southern Construction Co., A. C. L. R. R. freight, $547.25; Des Moines Bridge & Iron Co., $2,500; So. Con. Co., $762.25, a total paid to bridge company of $3,370. The total value of the bridge as it now stands is $8,326.96. It is estimated that with the expenditure of $1,679 above this figure, the bridge may be completed, making the total cost of the structure $9,996.94.

Suburban Freight Schedule.

Attention is called to the change in the freight schedule on the beach line that goes into effect tomorrow. Beginning tomorrow the freight car will make two trips to the beach daily, except Sunday; one trip at 10 A. M., and one at 4 P. M. The freight depot will be open from 8 A. M. until 7 P. M. on week days.

To the Beach.

Today cars to the beach every half hour in afternoon. **

BACK FROM BIG MEETING

Southern Wholesale Grocers' Association Had Profitable Meeting in Atlanta, Ga., Last Week—Officers.

The largest gathering of wholesale grocers held in the South in the past 20 years was the meeting of the Southern Wholesale Grocers' Association in Atlanta, Ga., the past week, there being in attendance something like 530 business men and their representatives from 13 Southern States. The delegation that went from Wilmington, consisting of Messrs. H. Lacy Hunt, L. B. Rogers, F. E. Hashagen and I. W. Cooper, returned at noon yesterday via the Seaboard.

They returned full of inspiration and enthusiasm looking to the betterment of trade conditions and benefits to the consuming public which is one of the purposes of the Wholesale Grocers' Association. Mr. J. H. McLauren, of Jacksonville, Fla., was re elected president; Mr. L. M. Hooper, of Selma, Ala., as first vice-president, and Mr. F. E. Hashagen, of the F. E. Hashagen Co., of this city, was re-elected second vice-president. The North Carolina directors elected are R. A. Morrow, Monroe; C. O. Kuster, Charlotte, and E. E. Mendenhall, of Greensboro.

One of the returning delegates stated that there was displayed at the convention a great determination and purpose to sustain the integrity and honor of the Southern Grocers' Association, which was beyond comprehension to the ordinary mind. Such a spirit is always displayed when the Southland is assailed or its integrity questioned.

There was also a good meeting of the Jobbers from all over the State and it was decided to meet at a later date at Wilmington or Wrightsville Beach to get in closer relationship looking to the advancement of better conditions than prevail at the present time. The Jobbers are greatly elated over the fine prospects of the association.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR SOCIETIES

Presentation of Picture and Banner at Meeting Thursday Night.

One of the interesting church meeting of the week was that of the Christian Endeavor societies of the city—the societies of St. Andrew's, Presbyterian church, the First Presbyterian church, and Delgado, which was held in the Memorial Hall of the First church Thursday evening.

This was in a special sense a "presentation" meeting. Miss Mamie Bays, of Charlotte, who is treasurer and chairman of the press department of the State Union of Christian Endeavor, was present, and after making a short address, she presented, in behalf of the State Union, to the Society of St. Andrew's church a picture of Rev. Francis E. Clark, D. D., founder of the Christian Endeavor Movement, and with the picture an "Increase" pennant of the United Society of Christian Endeavor. These tokens were presented on account of the fact that for the past three years this society has held the place of the "banner" society for progress along several lines of work in the State Union, which has entitled it to the "Increase Banner" to that time and to a permanent banner now.

The other presentation was a certificate of membership in the United Society of Christian Endeavor, which Miss Bays presented in the name of St. Andrew's Society, to Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, pastor of the church. This society having contributed an amount of money covering one share in the Headquarters Building of Christian Endeavor to be erected in Boston, is entitled to a membership certificate and this they very appropriately had issued to their pastor No pastor in North Carolina is more closely identified with and more interested in Christian work for young people, and no pastor is more helpful to them than is Dr. McClure, and the Christian Endeavorers of his church honored themselves when they honored their pastor with this certificate of membership.

OBSERVE MOTHER'S DAY.

Dr. Foster Will Preach Special Sermon at First Baptist Church.

The observance of Mother's Day, the second Sunday in May, will be featured by a special sermon to mothers at the morning service at the First Baptist church today. The day is observed generally by the wearing of white carnations and roses and in most places exercises appropriate are observed.

The special sermon will be by the pastor, Dr. J. H. Foster. In addition to this, in the afternoon, the Helping Hand Class has arranged a splendid programme for the Sunday School at 4 P. M. In the evening at the usual hour a special sermon will be preached to the children. The public is cordially invited to attend these services.

Thirty-five States of our Union, among them North Carolina, observe Mother's Day. The Governor of each State has named a flower to be worn on "Mother's Day" Governor Kitchin has chosen the white carnation for the Old North State. Is there any day, of all the days set apart for special observance, which we should observe with more pride and gratitude than "Mother's Day"? It points us to love, and sacrifice, and Christian fortitude, and undying loyalty.

Carnations for Mother's Day.

Mr. Will Rehder, the florist, announces that he has carnations in pink and white for "Mother's Day," but they are not "free" altogether as was announced through a typographical error in the afternoon paper yesterday. We make this correction at the suggestion of our evening contemporary and in order that Mr. Rehder may not be overrun today with requests for "free" carnations.

To the Beach.

Today cars to the beach every half hour in afternoon. **

Carnations, white and pink, for Mother's Day May 14th, at Will Rehder's. **

..Theatrical..

At the Bijou.

The Bijou brought to a close another whopping big week of both artistic and financial success last night. With a jammed theatre all evening the attractive and ever-popular Bijou rounded out another week of triumph. And yet, if the weather be fair, the present week gives promise of being even greater so far as merit goes. The new bill which will be presented tomorrow, opening with the very first matinee performance tomorrow afternoon, will offer two of the greatest laugh-hits of the day. They will also be two of the very latest, as they were only placed on the market yesterday; hence, they come to Wilmington as soon as they reach any other place. One is "The Country Lovers," and the fun is as wholesome as the fresh air of the country. "The Welcome of the Unwelcome" is also a big feature, and it is a comedy film that breathes the tenderness and sweetness. Monday Mr. Banks will sing "Dreams, Just Dreams." This song is the latest efforts of Berlin and Synder, of the Ted Snyder Publishing Co., New York, and is a positive sensation.

Grand Theatre.

Tomorrow the Grand offers another bill that will start the week off with a bang, the big feature offering the very latest Kalem production of "The Carnival." Still another picture that will be found very interesting is the Selig showing a wonderful reproduction of a shipwrecked vessel and how the crew washed ashore on an island make the best of things and are finally rescued. This is one of the most pretentious productions that Selig has ever attempted and will be found not only interesting but also thrilling. Mr. Baldwin will sing a new song every day and the orchestra will also have a new programme of late music for each day. The doors open daily at 2 P. M.

Joyland.

Joyland had its share of the large Saturday crowds, and seems to be growing in favor with theatre goers every day. The programmes presented for the past week have been everything that could be expected, and for this week they will not fall short the management assures all their patrons. Mr. Reilly will present a new repertoire of late song hits with which he is making such a success, and the picture bill will be up to the standard.

Crystal Palace—Vaudeville.

Three new acts at the Palace this week, two soubrettes and a black-face comedian, also several feature photo-plays. The programme will consist of Miss Mabel Fries in songs and wooden-shoe dancing; Miss Thayle Davenport in several late numbers, and Al. Lawson, a clever comedian with a perpetual flow of "funology." The pictures for Monday are "Kelly, U. S. A.," a comedy showing the adventures of a would-be deserter from the army, his misfortunes, and final capture and return to ranks—a laughable picture involving merriment from start to finish—and Tom and Jerry," a good plot worked out in varying situations—and intensely interesting.

GENERAL CLEAN-OUT DAY.

For Every City and Town Suggested by Insurance Commissioner.

Mr. James R. Young, Insurance Commissioner for North Carolina, suggests a "Clean-Out Day" for every city and town in the State for the purpose of cleaning out cellars and garrets, etc., which would mean a great check to the present fire waste. The suggestion of the Insurance Commissioner is contained in the following:

"Clean-Up Day.—It is very gratifying to see so many cities and towns having 'Clean-Up Day.' It is certainly to the interest of improved health as well as improved appearance in our cities and homes. As usual, the women all realize this, and are leading the movement in many places to have their cities improved in appearance and health. Through organization of their clubs they are enabled as a power for good in this and other matters.

"Clean-Out Day.—Now let us have in every city and town in North Carolina a 'Clean-Out Day'—a day in which we will not clean up our streets and lots, but will clean out our cellars and garrets, and all parts of our houses and premises where combustible matter has accumulated. This will mean a great check to our fire waste. At least two-thirds of our fires are preventive. It is right and necessary for us to spend thousands of dollars to support fire departments with which to put out fires after they once start, but money spent in preventing fires will go further and accomplish more.

"Will not our women's clubs and municipal officers help along this line?"

FUNERAL OF MRS. HOWELL.

Services Held From the Late Residence Yesterday Morning.

The funeral of Mrs. Laura Harriss Howell, relict of the late Andrew J. Howell, whose death occurred early Friday morning after a brief illness of pneumonia, was held at 10:30 o'clock yesterday morning from the family residence, No. 702 Market street, conducted by Rev. Dr. John M. Wells, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, of which the deceased was a devout member for many years and of which her son, Mr. Andrew J. Howell, is assistant pastor. There were present a large concourse of sorrowing relatives and sympathizing friends, and the many beautiful floral designs attested the high esteem in which Mrs. Howell was held in the community. The interment was in Oakdale cemetery and the pallbearers, nephews of the deceased, were: Honorary, Dr. R. Harllee Bellamy, Dr. A. H. Harriss; active, Hon. John D. Bellamy, Messrs. R. R. Bellamy, Douglas Norment, of Lumberton; Moares Harriss, W. N. Harriss and George Harriss.

To the Beach.

Today cars to the beach every half hour in afternoon. **

DIED.

DONLAN—Thursday evening at 7 o'clock, in Denver, Colorado, MR. FRANK P. DONLAN, son of Mr. Timothy Donlan, of Wilmington, N. C., in his 37th year. Funeral notice later.

The Latest Creations in Stylish, Elegant Footwear

The daintiest and dressiest shoe, the shoe that will fit your foot perfectly, the shoe that never pinches, the shoe you have always wanted, but couldn't get elsewhere, is our

COLLEGE WOMAN'S SHOE

$2.50 $3.00 $3.50

Our guarantee: We guarantee that the College Woman's Shoe, which we sell at $3.50, in boots and low quarters, to be equal in style, snap, workmanship and material, to any $5.00 shoe sold by our competitors.

The cut shows only one of our many styles. We have them in Patent Leather, Tan, Russia Calf, Cravenette, Suede and Dull Kid leathers. They are stylish and comfortable and superbly finished, inside and out. Drop in today and let us fit you in a pair.

The Wilmington Shoe Co.

217 N. Front Street.

"We sell for LESS because we sell for CASH"

LONG WEAR SHOES — Look for the Bell on the Sole.

LOCAL DOTS.

—The British steamer Kildale, arrived yesterday from Montevideo, on the east coast of South America with cargo of nitrate of soda to be discharged to the Seaboard; vessel to Heide & Co.

—The newly elected executive committee of the Chamber of Commerce is called to meet with the newly elected president, Mr. M. J. Corbett, at 12 o'clock tomorrow in the rooms of the organization. This will be an important meeting and all members are urged to be present.

INVOLVES TRACT OF LAND.

Motion Brought in Suprior Court by Pocomoke Guano Co.

Complaint was filed in Superior Court yesterday in the civil action brought by the Pocomoke Guano Co., against Alexander Newton and J. S. Williamson, co-partners, trading as Newton & Williamson. The action involves 400 acres of land on the Northeast branch of the Cape Fear river, purchased by the plaintiff company from Theo. G. Empie and wife, August 8, 1910, subject to the terms and conditions of a lease of Mr. Empie to the defendants in this action, and it is alleged in the complaint that the defendants have failed to comply with conditions of the lease. Two causes of action are set up and the plaintiff company asks that it be declared the owner in fee of the lands described; that the lease of said Empie to the defendants be vacated; that the plaintiff recover camages of the defendants in the sum of $1,000 for breach of the conditions of said lease, as alleged in first cause of action; that the plaintiff company recover of the defendants the sum of $225 with interest on said amount from December 15th, 1910, the average date when due until paid, on second cause of action as alleged. The plaintiff company is represented by Meares & Meares.

To the Beach.

Today cars to the beach every half hour in afternoon. **

Removal Sale of the French Millinery parlors. All goods at cost beginning Monday, May 15th. tf.

PAY US LATER

$1 ONE WEEK

— Summer styles await you.

— They are new and up-to-date.

— The assortments include everything that you could possibly want in clothing, hats and shoes.

— The prices are in your favor because we pay no middleman's profit.

— As for credit, you know what that means. A little each week will buy anything you want, without a penny extra charge.

— Complete summer outfits for men and women, every garment guaranteed, $10 to $35.

— Cash or credit. Low, plain prices.

FARLEY & CO.

116 MARKET ST., - WILMINGTON, N. C.

BLOOD POISON

Cured by the Marvel of the Century, B. B. B.—Tested for 30 Years.

Drives out blood poison in any stage permanently, without deadly mercury, with pure Botanical ingredients. To prove it we will send you a

SAMPLE TREATMENT FREE

If you have Ulcers, Eating Sores, Itching Humors, Swellings, Mucus Patches, Bone Pains, offensive Pimples or Eruptions, take B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm). All symptoms heal quickly. Blood is made pure and rich, completely changing the entire body into a clean, healthy condition, healing every sore and stopping all aches, pains and itching, curing the worst case of blood poison. DRUGGISTS or by express, $1 PER LARGE BOTTLE, with directions for home cure. SAMPLES SENT FREE by writing Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga. Describe your trouble and free medical advice given.

Vudor

RE-ENFORCED

HAMMOCKS

THE KIND THAT LAST

VUDOR PORCH SCREENS

KODAKS and FILMS

Base Balls, Bats, Gloves, Mitts, and Other Sporting Goods.

C. W. YATES & CO., Wilmington, North Carolina

SMOKE

Cuban Blossom CIGARS!

WHY ?

Because It Is the Best Cigar for the Money.

H. L. Vollers

Wholesale Grocer.

To Carolina Beach!

Grand Excursion on Steamer Wilmington, May 30th, for benefit of Marine Engineers' Association No. 71.

Music for dancing. Refreshments served on boat and at beach. Three boats—9:30 A. M., 2:30 and 7:30 P. M., last boat leaves beach 10 o'clock P. M. Fare for round trip 25c.

Committee—F. H. Hawkins, W. A. Furlong, S. C. Dunn, J. J. Bell, James Copeland, J. W. Fredericks.

my11,21,25,28

MEIER'S

Marble & Granite Works

Designers and Builders of Monuments, Mausolcums and Head Stones, and all classes of building work

FRANK MEIER, Proprietor.

310 N. Front St., Wilmington, N. C.

my14-2w

WILLIAMS' KIDNEY PILLS

Have you overworked your nervous system and caused trouble with your kidneys and bladder? Have you pains in loins, side, back and bladder? Have you a flabby appearance of the face, and under the eyes? A frequent desire to pass urine? If so, Williams' Kidney Pills will cure you—Druggist, Price 50c.

WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props., Cleveland, Ohio

ROOM 312 PHONE 813

MADE BY Southern Map Company WILMINGTON N. C. TRADE MARK

BLUE-PRINTS

SOUTHERN BUILDING

Financial and Commercial

COTTON MARKET WAS STEADY

Closed Eight Points Higher to Five Points Lower—Favored by Lower Cables and Good Weather — Conditions.

New York, May 13.—The somewhat reactionary sentiment noted in the cotton market yesterday was favored by lower cables than expected this morning and continued good weather in the South, but reports of a better domestic trade in cotton goods and the appearance of old crop bull support on comparatively moderate dips restricted selling and following early irregularity, new high records for the season were made on May and July contracts.

The close was steady, net 8 points higher to five points lower, new crop deliveries being relatively easy, owing to good weather and favorable crop accounts. The market opened steady at a decline of one point on May, which was influenced by the disappointing cables, but at an advance of 5 points on July, which reflected bull support and unchanged to two points higher on later positions. The weather map was favorable in the main, for while some complaints are beginning to come in of insufficient moisture, the majority of private reports indicate that the warm, dry weather is beneficial over the greater part of the belt, and with the opening here1 considerably better than due on the cables, the market turned slightly easier after the call under realizing for over the week-end and selling for a reaction. Old crop positions worked off to about the closing figures of last night and the new crop to a net loss of about 2@3 points, but bull support of the old crop, the extremely bullish week-end figures and reports that more seasonable weather was stimulating the demand for cotton goods, held sellers in check and in the later trading the market developed renewed strength on a fresh flurry of covering by old crop shorts who bid May up to 15.78, and July to 15.89, or about 12 points net higher. August and new crop positions were rather slow to follow this advance and sold only 2 to 5 points net higher. Closing prices were only a little off from the best, under realizing. Practically all the weekly reviews of the rop read favorably, indicating that farm work and the plant had made good progress during the week. Receipts of cotton at the ports today, 7,108, against 7,630 last week and 9,305 last year. Today's receipts at New Orleans, 1,749, against 1,329 last year and at Houston 619, against 1,476 last year.

Spot closed quiet, 10 points higher. Middling uplands, 1,000; middling gulf, 16.25. No sales.

Futures opened steady and closed steady.

Month:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
May	15.65	15.78	15.65	15.74
June				15.74
July	15.78	15.80	15.77	15.84
August	15.48	15.50	15.39	15.47
September	13.71	13.72	13.67	13.69
October	13.08	13.11	13.06	13.09
November		12.94	12.94	12.92
January	12.95	12.99	12.93	12.97
March	13.03			13.03

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Firm, 15½; net receipts, 2,583; gross receipts, 2,583; sales, 127; stock, 65,013.

New Orleans—Firm, 15½; net receipts, 1,794; gross receipts, 1,849; sales, 1,221; stock, 92,069; continent, 79; coastwise, 1,109.

Mobile—Firm, 15¼; net receipts, 1,383; gross receipts, 1,383; sales, 25; stock, 10,018; constwise, 134.

Savannah—Steady, 15¼; net receipts, 693; gross receipts, 623; sales, 666; stock, 39,431.

Charleston—Quiet, 15¼; net receipts, 3; gross receipts, 3; stock, 13,988; coastwise, 105.

Wilmington—Quiet, 15¼; net receipts, 111; gross receipts, 111; sales, 68; stock, 12,910.

Norfolk—Steady, 15⅝; net receipts, 281; gross receipts, 281; sales, 15; sotck, 7,007; coastwise, 1,081.

Baltimore—Nominal, 15⅞; stock, 3,817; continent, 150.

New York—Quiet, 1,000; net receipts, 244; gross receipts, 1,856; stock, 135,538; Great Britain, 4,769; continent, 1,736; coastwise, 883.

Boston—Quiet, 16.00; net receipts, 61; gross receipts, 2,899; stock, 11,378.

Philadelphia—Quiet, 16.25; stock, 3,400.

Minor Ports—Stock, 2,209.

Total today, at all ports — Net, 7,108; Great Britain, 4,796; continent, 1,965; stock, 397,307.

Consolidated, at all ports—Net, 7,108; Great Britain, 4,769; continent, 1,965.

Total since Sept. 1, at all ports—Net, 8,239,573; Great Britain, 3,136,380; France, 876,464; continent, 2,798,036; Japan, 144,782; Mexico, 2,025.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Steady, 15 7-16; net receipts, 619; gross receipts, 619; shipments, 1,455; sales, 169; stock, 33,518.

Augusta—Quiet, 15⅝; net receipts, 237; gross receipts, 237; shipments, 2; sales, 118; stock, 19,750.

Memphis—Firm, 15⅝; net receipts, 278; gross receipts, 723; shipments, 2,565; sales, 1,850; stock, 70,209.

St. Louis—Steady, 15¾; net receipts, 192; gross receipts, 1,450; shipments, 2,496; sales, 25; stock, 14,202.

Cincinnati—Net receipts, 403; gross receipts, 403; shipments, 179; sales, 400; stock, 21,631.

Little Rock—Quiet, 14¾; net receipts, 7; gross receipts, 7; shipments, 925; stock, 15,899.

Louisville—Firm, 15⅝.

Total today—Net receipts, 1,736; gross receipts, 3,439; shipments, 7,622; sales, 2,562; stock, 181,229.

NAVAL STORES.

New York, May 13.—Turpentine, quiet; machine barrels, 69.

Charleston, May 13.—Turpentine, firm, at 65@65¼.

Rosin, firm. Quote: B, 6.75; D, 7.10@7.12½; E, 7.15; F and G, 7.22½; H, 7 and K, 7.27½; M, 7.32½; N, 7.40; W G, 7.50; W W, 7.60.

Savannah, May 13.—Turpentine, firm, 65; sales, 570; receipts, 1,112; shipments, 10; stocks, 10,408.

Rosin, firm. Sales, 2,223; receipts, 3,191; shipments, 20; stocks, 44,188.

Quote: B, 6.75; D, 7.10@7.12½; E, 7.17½@7.20; F, 7.22½; G, 7.22½@7.25; H, 7.25@7.27½; I, 7.27½; K, 7.30; M, 7.35; N, 7.45; W G, 7.50@7.55; W W, 7.60@7.65.

THE FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, May 13.—Money on call, nominal. Time loans, firmer; sixty days, 2¾ per cent; ninety days, 2¾ per cent; six months, 3.

Prime mercantile paper, 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.84.50 for sixty-day bills, and at 4.86.40 for demand. Commercial bills, 4.86¾. Bar silver, 53½. Mexican dollars, 45. Government bonds, steady.

OAK RIDGE NOTES.

Examinations in Progress—Personal and General Items—Notes.

Oak Ridge, N. C., May 13.—Examinations are on now in all departments of the school, and will continue up to Wednesday 17th.

Col. Robt. E. Lee, of Virginia, paid us a pleasant call Wednesday evening. He was a most welcome visitor, coming out from Greensboro where he made an address Wednesday A. M. He was accompanied by Col. Morehead and Mr. Clem Wright, whom we are always glad to see. Mr. Robt. O. Holt, of Fairfax county, Va., and Mr. Wm. H. Holt, of Cho, S. C., have been visiting relatives on the Ridge for some days. Mr. R. O. Holt has two sons in school.

Misses Morrison, of Wilkes county, and Sadie Rollins, of Asheville, are visiting at Prof. J. Allen Holt's.

Mr. Johnson, of the Y. M. C. A. work, North Carolina and South Carolina, made a very interesting address to the students in the Chapel Thursday A. M. The boys are always glad to see him come.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Br. str. Kildale, 2,436 tons, Montevideo, Heide & Co.

CLEARED.

Str. Carib, Hale, New York, H. G. Smallbones.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, N. C.

Steamers.

Kildale (Br.), 2,436 tons, Heide & Co.
Blythswood (Br.), 2,243 tons, McLaren, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Schooners.

Waltham, 440 tons, Barter, C. D. Maffitt.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at Port of Wilmington Yesterday.

Wilmington, N. C., May 12.

C. C. Railroad—27 bales cotton; 29 barrels crude turpentine.

Atlantic Coast Line—84 bales cotton; 4 casks spirits turpentine; 20 barrels rosin; 12 barrels tar; 37 barrels crude turpentine.

Str. Alice—8 casks spirits turpentine; 3 barrels rosin.

Schr. C. T. Herman—11 casks spirits turpentine; 75 barrels rosin.

Total—111 bales cotton; 23 casks spirits turpentine; 96 barrels rosin; 12 barrels tar; 76 barrels crude turpentine.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, May 13.—Flour firmly held, with a quiet trade. Spring patents, 4.90@5.15; winter patents, 4.10@4.50.

Rye Flour—Firm. Fair to good, 4.75@4.95; choice to fancy, 5.05@5.25.

Corn Meal—Steady. Fine white and yellow, 1.15@1.20; coarse, 1.10@1.15; kiln dried, 1.06.

Barley—Steady. Malting, 1.15@1.17 c.i.f. New York.

Wheat—Spot, steady; No. 2, red, 98¼, elevator, and 99¾ f.o.b. Futures unchanged to ¼c. net decline; May, 98¾; July, 97¼; September, 95⅝.

Corn—Spot, steady. Export, new, No. 2, 60½, nominal, f.o.b. afloat. Futures unchanged to ¼c. net higher; May, 61; July, 61.

Oats—Spot, steady; standard white, 40½; No. 2, 41; No. 3, 40¾; No. 4, 40. Futures, nominal.

Lard—Firm. Middle West, prime, 8.25@8.35; refined, steady; continent, 8.70; South America, 9.60; compound, 7@7¼.

Cotton Seed Oil—Firm and higher on the crude, strength, broadening consumption and speculative demand, local bull support and with firmness of lard. Futures closed 2 to 8 points net higher. May, 6.35@6.42; June, 6.38@6.45; July, 6.47@6.48; August, 6.50@6.52; September, 6.50@6.51. Prime crude, 5.40@5.47; prime summer yellow, 6.34@6.50; prime winter yellow, 6.40@7.00; prime winter yellow, 6.40@7.00; prime summer white, 6.40@7.00.

Petroleum—Steady. Refined, barrels, 5.25; refined, bulk, 3.75.

Wool—Easy. Domestic fleece, Ohio, 28. Rosin—Quiet. Strained, common to good, 7.30.

Turpentine—Quiet. Machine barrels, 69.

Rice—Steady. Domestic, 2¼@5; Patna, 5¾@6.

Molasses — Steady. New Orleans, open kettle, 30@50.

Sugar—Raw, steady. Refined, quiet.

Coffee—Futures easy; spot, quiet; No. 7, Rio, 11¾; No. 4, Santos, 12¾; mild, quiet; Cordova, 13@15, nominal.

Butter—Steady. Creamery specials, 22; extras, 21.

Cheese—Easy, unchanged.

Eggs—Weak. Fresh gathered, selected, firsts, 16@17½.

Potatoes—Steady; unchanged.

Cabbages—Firm; southern crate, 1.75@2.25.

Freights—Unchanged.

Peanuts—Unchanged.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, May 13.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market, steady at 64½ cents.

ROSIN—Steady; $6.40 per barrel.

TAR—Firm, $2.30 per barrel.

CRUDE TURPENTINE — Market, firm: $4.75 per barrel, or hard; $5.50 for dip; virgin, $6.75.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, steady at 59¾; rosin, steady, at $3.75; tar, $2.00; crude turpentine, firm at $3.00, $4.50 and $5.75.

Spirits Turpentine	23
Rosin	96
Tar	12
Crude Turpentine	76

Receipts same day last year, 26 casks spirits turpentine; 118 barrels rosin; 74 barrels tar; 30 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET

Market—Quiet at 15¾ for middling.
Same day last year, nominal.
Receipts—111 bales; same day last year, 107 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, May 13th.)

PEANUTS—Virginias, .90 to $1.00 per bu.; North Carolinas, $1.50@$1.60; Spanish, $1.15@$1.25.

CORN—Firm; .68 to .70 per bu.

PEAS—White black-eye, $2.50; white lady finger, $2.75; clay peas, $1.75 per bushel, dull.

POTATOES—Yams, 90 to $1.00 per bu.; Irish potatoes, 80@90 per bu.

BEEF—On foot, .03@.04 per lb.

PORK—Net, .09@.10 per lb.

WOOL—Burry, .12@.15 per lb.; free of burr, .18@.20 per lb.

HIDES—Green, .07 per lb.; dry, .12 per lb.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Hams, old, 16c. per lb.; sides and shoulders, 12 to 13½ per lb.

BEESWAX—Firm; .27 per lb.

TALLOW—Firm; .04½@.05 per lb.

POULTRY—Turkeys, on foot, 18c per lb.; dressed, .20@.22 per lb. Chickens, grown, .40@.50 per head; Chickens, last spring, .20@.35 per head. Geese, .50 per grown sheep $1.00 to $2.50.

EGGS—Dull, 17c. per doz.

SHEEP—Lambs, $2.50 to $3.00 per head; grown sheep, $2.00 to $2.50.

Petersburg Peanut Market.

(Reported by Rodgers, McCabe & Co.)

Farmers' Spanish—Firm at $1.25 per bushel; holders asking more. Shelled Spanish—No. 1, Spanish, shelled, 6¾c. to 7c. per lb.; No. 2, Spanish, shelled, 5¾c. to 6¼c. per lb. Virginias—Firm; Bunch, 4¼c. to 4½c. per lb. Fancy Hand-Picked, 5¾c to 6c. per lb.; Extra Prime, 5¾c. to 5¾c.; Prime, 5¼c. to 5½c. per lb.; Machine Picked, 3¼c. to 3¾c. per lb.; Shelling Stock, 2¾c. to 3¼c per lb.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Spot, Dull; Prices, One Point Lower—Sales and Futures.

Liverpool, May 13.—Spot, dull; prices, one point lower; American middling fair, 8.95; good middling, 8.63; middling, 8.41; low middling, 8.1; good ordinary, 7.95; ordinary, 7.70.

The sales of the day were 6,000 bales, of which 300 were for speculation and export, and included 4,000 American.

Receipts, 2,000 bales, none American. Futures opened barely steady and closed quiet, May, 8.10; May and June, 8.08½; June and July, 7.98½; July and August, 7.91; August and September, 7.83; September and October, 7.17¾; October and November, 6.97½; November and December, 6.91½; December and January, 6.90; January and February, 6.89½; February and March, 6.89½; March and April, 6.90.

It Startled the World.

when the astounding claims were first made for Bucklen's Arnica Salve, but forty years of wonderful cures have proved them true, and everywhere it is now known as the best sale on earth for burns, boils, scalds, sores, cuts, bruises, sprains, swellings, eczema, chapped hands, fever sores and piles. Only 25c at R. R. Bellamy's.

Removal Sale of the French Millinery Parlors. All goods at cost beginning Monday, May 15th. tf

NO DEMAND IN STOCK MARKET

Trading Narrow and Dull Yesterday. Wall Street Still Awaiting Court Decisions—Bond Market Was Irregular.

New York, May 13.—The movement of prices on the stock exchange today was so narrow and trading so dull as to indicate an almost complete absence of demand for either the long or short account, except for such stocks as were necessary to close up contracts, while Wall Street has been guessing for months as to what Monday the Supreme Court would choose for announcement of these decisions. Expectations of a change in the financial situation following the announcements has caused a reduction of speculative commitments to a minimum.

The bond market was irregular. Total sales, par value, $1,702,000. United States 2s declined ¼ and the 4s, coupon, ¼ on call on the week. Total sales, 70,600 shares.

CLOSING STOCK LIST.

Allis-Chalmers, pfd	20¾
Amalgamated Copper	62½
American Agricultural	56
American Beet Sugar	47¾
American Can	11⅛
American Car and Foundry	52
American Cotton Oil	55
American Hide and Leather, pfd	32
American Ice Securities	21¾
American Linseed	10½
American Locomotive	37½
American Smelting and Refining	75
American Smelting and Refining, pfd.	104¾
American Steel Foundries	40
American Sugar Refining	117
American Tel and Tel	148
American Tobacco, pfd	98½
American Woolen	33
Anaconda Mining Co	37¾
Atchison	100⅝
Atchison, pfd	103¾
Atlantic Coast Line	123
Baltimore and Ohio	104
Bethlehem Steel	31⅞
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	78¾
Canadian Pacific	232
Central Leather	27¾
Central Leather, pfd	98½
Central of New Jersey	278
Chesapeake and Ohio	79¾
Chicago and Alton	30
Chicago Great Western	20⅝
Chicago Great Western, pfd	49
Chicago and North Western	145½
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	120½
C. C. C. and St. Louis	64
Colorado Fuel and Iron	29
Colorado and Southern	32¾
Consolidated Gas	143½
Corn Products	14⅝
Delaware and Hudson	170
Denver and Rio Grande	25⅞
Denver and Rio Grande, pfd	64¾
Distillers' Securities	34
Erie	31⅞
Erie, 1st pfd	49⅝
Erie, 2nd pfd	38¾
General Electric	156
Great Northern, pfd	120½
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	60
Illinois Central	135⅝
Interborough-Met	18½
Interborough-Met., pfd	52
Inter Harvester	126¾
Inter-Marine, pfd	16⅞
International Paper	10
International Pump	38½
Iowa Central	15½
Kansas City Southern	33½
Kansas City Southern, pfd	67
Laclede Gas	105½
Louisville and Nashville	145½
Minneapolis and St. Louis	27
Minn., St. Paul and Sault Ste Marie	137⅞
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	32¼
Missouri, Kansas and Texas, pfd	66
Missouri Pacific	48½
National Biscuit	133⅝
National Lead	52
Nat. Rys. of Mexico, 2nd pfd	32½
New York Central	106¾
New York, Ontario and Western	42
Norfolk and Western	106
North American	72½
Northern Pacific	124⅞
Pacific Mail	24
Pennsylvania	121⅞
People's Gas	104½
Pittsburg, C. C. and St. Louis	98
Pittsburg Coal	20¾
Pressed Steel Car	32
Pullman Palace Car	160⅜
Railway Steel Spring	31
Reading	155
Republic Steel	29⅝
Republic Steel, pfd	94
Rock Island Co	29½
Rock Island Co., pfd	60½
St. Louis and San Fran, 2nd pfd	40½
St. Louis Southwestern	30
St. Louis Southwestern, pfd	66⅞
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron	49
Southern Pacific	114½
Southern Railway	27⅝
Southern Railway, pfd	65⅛
Tennessee Copper	36
Texas and Pacific	26½
Toledo, St. Louis and Western	19
Toledo, St. L. and Western, pfd	48¾
Union Pacific	177⅛
Union Pacific, pfd	95
United States Realty	76
United States Rubber	39
United States Steel	75½
United States Steel, pfd	118⅜
Utah Copper	44⅝
Virginia-Carolina Chemical	50½
Wabash	15½
Wabash, pfd	35⅞
Western Maryland	38⅝
Westinghouse Electric	67½
Western Union	73⅝
Wheeling and Lake Erie	4

THE GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, May 13.—Attempts to secure week-end profits crowded down the price of wheat in the last hour today. The decline was partly influenced by a prospect of large world shipments and of bearish figures regarding the visible supply.

Closing quotations were ¾c. lower to ¼c up, compared with last night. Corn showed a net loss of ⅝@½ to ⅞@¾. Oats, a drop of ¼ to ⅜, but hog products little change, except in Mayport, which was nominally 37½ harder to get.

Wheat—No. 2, red, 97¼@98; No. 3, red, 95@97½; No. 2, hard, 97¼@98; No. 3, hard, 95@97½; No. 1, northern, 1.04@1.05; No. 2, northern, 1.03@1.05; No. 3, northern, 1.01@1.04; No. 2, spring, 99@1.04; No. 3, spring, 98@1.02; velvet chaff, 95@1.02; durum, 85@97.

Corn—No. 2, 54¾@54¼; No. 2, white, 54½@54¾; No. 2, yellow, 54¾@55; No. 3, 53¾@54; No. 3, white, 53¾@54¼; No. 4, 51¾@52¼; No. 2, white, 52@52½; No. 4, yellow, 52@52¾.

Oats—No. 2, white, 35@36; No. 3, white, 34¾@35½; No. 4, white, 34½@35¼; standard, 35@35¾.

Wheat:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
May	97	97¼	96⅝	97
July	89¾	90½	89¼	89⅝
Sept	89	89⅝	88⅝	88⅝
Dec	90¾	91¼	90½	90½
Corn:				
May	53¼	53⅝	53	53⅛
July	52¾	52⅞	52½	52½
Sept	53	53½	52¾	53⅛
Dec	51	51¼	51	51
Oats:				
May	34⅛	34¼	33⅞	34
July	34	34¼	33⅝	33⅞
Sept	35⅞	34	33½	33⅝

Mess Pork, per barrel:

May	15.62½	17.00	15.50	16.87½
July	15.05	15.15	15.00	15.17½

Lard, per 100 pounds:

July	8.25	8.25	8.20	8.20
Sept	8.32½	8.35	8.27½	8.30

Short Ribs, per 100 pounds:

May	8.30	8.30	8.25	8.25
July	8.00	8.07½	8.00	8.02½
Sept	8.02½	8.05	7.98½	8.00

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, May 13.—The cotton goods market ruled steady, with trading of moderate proportions. A better retail trade during the week is being reflected in an increase of small orders for wash goods and other seasonable fabrics. Yarns ruled quiet. Burlaps are tending higher. Linens are quiet.

Horsman's, Art Dolls, Toodles, Baby Bumps, Campbell's Kids, Laughing Baby and Serious Baby Selling this week at Gaylord's. **

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Announcements by Wilmington Pastors for Pulpits Today.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, Market and 17th streets.—Services at 11 A. M. and 8:15 P. M. Subject of lesson sermon, "Mortals and Immortals."

Trinity M. E. church, Rev. E. C. Sell, pastor.—Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

St. James' church, Rev. W. H. Milton, D. D., rector.—Morning prayer and sermon, at 11 A. M.; evening prayer and sermon, at 8 P. M. A cordial welcome to all.

Grace M. E. church, corner of Fourth and Grace streets, Rev. J. C. Wooten, pastor.—Sermons at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.; Sunday school at 3:30 P. M. You are invited to the services.

St. Matthew's English Lutheran church, North Fourth street, Rev. H. E. Beatty, pastor. Service at 11 A. M., sermon by Rev. J. E. Sheak. Service at 8 P. M., sermon by Rev. H. C. Holland, D. D., president of the Board of Foreign Missions. Sunday school at 10 A. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. You are cordially invited to attend.

Dock Street Christian church, Dock street, between Third and Fourth, Rev. C. Manly Morton, pastor.—Regular services Lord's Day morning and evening. Bible school at 10 A. M.; morning sermon, subject: "Christ's Law Fulfilled," at 11 A. M. Evening sermon, subject: "Christian Evolution," at 8 P. M. Christian Endeavor Society will meet at 7:15. Public cordially invited to every service of the church. "Come with us and we will do thee good."

St. John's church, Third and Red Cross streets, Rev. W. S. E. Cox, rector.—Litany and Holy Communion, 11 A. M. Sunday school, 4 P. M. Evening prayer, 5 P. M. All are cordially invited.

First Baptist church, corner Fifth and Market streets, Rev. J. H. Foster, D. D., pastor. Services today at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday school at 4 P. M. Prayer meeting, Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. B. Y. P. U., Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Visitors welcome.

In the absence of the pastor, Dr. Geo. Worth will preach in the morning at 11 o'clock at Fifth Street M. E. church. Evening service, beginning at 8 P. M., will be conducted by Mr. Huntington, of the Y. M. C. A.

Do Ghosts Haunt Swamps?

No, never. It's foolish to fear a fancied evil, when there are real and deadly perils to guard against in swamps and marshes, bayous and lowlands. These are the malaria germs that cause ague, chills and fever, weakness, aches in the bones and muscles and may induce deadly typhoid. But Electric Bitters destroys and casts out these vicious germs from the blood. "Three bottles drove all the malaria from my system," wrote Wm. Fretwell, of Lucama, N. C., "and I've had fine health ever since." Use this safe, sure remedy only 50c at R. R. Bellamy's.

Horsman's, Art Dolls, Toodles, Baby Bumps, Campbell's Kids, Laughing Baby and Serious Baby Selling this week at Gaylord's. **

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.

Wilmington, N. C., May 14.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 A. M., Saturday, May 13th:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 64 degrees; at 8 P. M., 71 degrees; maximum, 81 degrees; minimum, 61 degrees; mean, 71 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; for the month, .00 inch.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., Saturday, 3.9.

Weather Forecast.

For North Carolina—Generally fair Sunday; slightly warmer in west portion; Monday, fair; light to moderate, variable winds.

Port Calendar—May 14.

Sun Rises	5:11 A. M.
Sun Sets	7:05 P. M.
Day's Length	13 hrs. 54 min.
High water at Southport	8:58 A. M.
High water at Wilmington	11:58 A. M.

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

May 13, 1911.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature: Highest Today.	Temperature: Lowest Last Night.	24-Hour Precipitation 8 P. M.
Abilene	cloudy	82	66	.0
Asheville	cloudy	82	54	.01
Atlanta	clear	80	64	.0
Augusta	raining	82	68	.24
Birmingham	clear	88	58	.0
Boston	clear	80	58	.0
Charleston	clear	78	62	.0
Charlotte	raining	80	68	.36
Chicago	pt cldy	58	46	.0
Galveston	clear	80	74	.0
Jacksonville	clear	80	62	.0
Memphis	cloudy	86	68	.0
Mobile	clear	90	68	.0
Montgomery	clear	90	64	.0
New Orleans	clear	88	68	.0
New York	clear	80	68	.01
Palestine	cloudy	82	68	.0
Oklahoma	cloudy	88	66	.0
Pittsburg	clear	66	48	.0
Raleigh	raining	84	66	.61
Savannah	clear	80	64	.0
Shreveport	clear	86	66	.0
St. Louis	pt cldy	84	62	.0
Washington	clear	84	68	.0

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Lv. Wilmington, A. C. L.	*7:00 p. m
Ar. Goldsboro, A. C. L.	10:05 p. m.
Ar. Wilson, A. C. L.	11:00 p. m.
Lv. Wilmington, A.C.L.	5:30am. *3:25pm
Ar. New Bern, A.C.L.	9:15am 6:50pm
Lv. Goldsboro, N.S.R.R.	*7:15am*10:15pm
Lv. New Bern, N.S.R.R.	9:30am 12:30pm
Lv. Wilson, N.S.R.R.	*8:20am*11:30pm
Lv. Washington, N.S.R.R.	10:50am 2:20pm
Ar. Norfolk, N.S.R.R.	3:35pm 8:00pm

SOUTH BOUND.

Lv. Norfolk, N.S.R.R.	9:00 p. m
Ar. Goldsboro, N.S.R.R.	6:20 a. m
Ar. Wilson, N.S.R.R.	5:05 a. m
Ar. Wilmington	9:45 a. m.

* Daily. ! Daily Except Sunday.

For reservations, address W. J. Williams, T. A., Wilson; F. W. Talem, G. A., Goldsboro; T. M. Bennett, T. A., New Bern.

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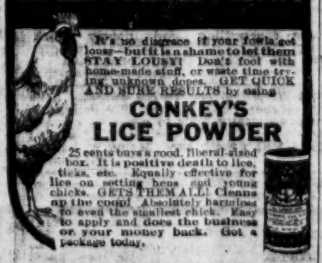
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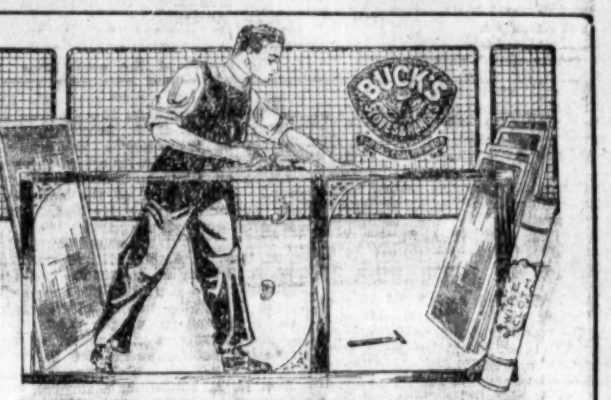

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LUTHERAN SYNOD CHARLOTTE NEXT

(Continued from Page One.)

not centrally located, but he believed that it would be soon as the result of the railroad extension and the interurban syetem of trolley cars in that part of the State. He then asked what Synod hoped to gain in the way of central location by the consolidation of North Carolina College with Lenoir College, when that would mean to move the school out of this Synod and off to one side in the sister Synod.

Rev. J. E. Shenck was the next speaker on this subject and he said that he realized this is a day of forward movements, and that he had come to Synod with his mind made up to vote with the commission, believing the matter to be in safe hands, but that after having heard the discussion of the subject, he desired to offer a motion that the whole of this matter be re-committed to the commission for further negotiations.

Rev. H. A. McCullough again speaking of the work of the commission of which he was a member, said that he would be unconditionally opposed to the proposed plan of consolidation, if he believed it would prove hurtful to the other institutions of learning in the Synod. He said also that all the commission did in its work could not be put on paper.

J. Rom Smith, another member of the commission, expressed the same opinion. Mr. Shenck and Mr. McCullough expressed themselves as very positively opposed to co-education, the latter saying he was opposed to this system of education. Rev. G. H. Cox, D. D., called the attention of Synod to the fact that it is not parliamentary for Synod to order this matter re-committed to the commission without giving instruction to the commission what to do. Rev. W. A. Snyder, D. D., then offered the amendment to the motion of Mr. Shenck which was adopted.

Mr. McCullough called the attention of the Synod to the fact that under the proposed plan of consolidation a financial agent would be placed in the field to secure funds for education and that the funds would not all be applied to the consolidated college but be divided between that school, the Collegiate Institute and Mt. Amoena Seminary.

Rev. G. S. Brown, who was chairman of the commission appointed last year, offered his resignation upon the ground that he will not longer be a sions, but his resignation was not accepted.

Mr. McCullough also offered his resignation, stating that his work as pastor and the other work required of him as recording and statistical secretary claimed so much of his time that he could not conscientiously remain a member of the commission for another year. His resignation was accepted.

J. Rom Smith, another member of the commission, offered his resignation, saying he believed it would be far better for the commission of this year to be composed of men who are not members of the other commissions, and his resignation was accepted.

The report of the committee on amendments to the constitution of the Synod was submitted and adopted.

The report of delegates to the meeting of the United Synod in the South, which was held in Richmond in October of last year, was read and adopted.

The courtesy of Synod was extended to Rev. J. M. Wells, D. D., pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, of this city, whose presence was announced.

Rev. C. P. McLaughlin recommended that a commission from this Synod consisting of three ministers and two laymen, be appointed to extend to the Synod of Tennessee, an invitation from this Synod to unite with this body, thus secure one Lutheran Synod in North Carolina, instead of two Synods, as at present.

The morning session adjourned with prayer at 12:30 o'clock.

Afternoon Session.

The afternoon session began at 3 o'clock and after the opening prayer the President called for the reports of standing committees that were not submitted during the morning session. The following committees submitted reports which were adopted: Letters and Petitions, Minutes and Unfinished Business, Church Extension, Finance, Committee to Nominate Trustees of N. C. College, on Report of Executive Committee.

The subject of the salary of the Synodical missionary was in this connection discussed on the floor, the concensus of opinion expressed being that he should be paid a salary larger than what he has received in the past.

The work of the Synodical Missionary, Rev. J. L. Morgan, was commended highly and especially that which he has done at Mooresville and Landis, those fields being now in such condition that a pastor can be called and Mr. Morgan be moved to another point. The president announced that it is probable the next field in which Mr. Morgan will work will be Raleigh. His salary was fixed at $1,000.

The secretary called the roll of pastorates for pledges on the salary of the Synodical missionary and an increase over the amount of last year was pledged in a number of cases.

Rev. G. H. Cox, D. D., submitted a resolution commending highly the work of the Laymen's Missionary Movement, which emphasized especially the fact that the accomplishment of the movement is proof of its efficiency.

Rev. E. C. Cronk, D. D., general secretary of the movement for the Lutheran church, spoke to Synod regarding the systematic plans of the movement, emphasizing the every member canvass and the weekly offering and citing instances, esepcially in small churches where the adoption of these plans have resulted in the increase, not only of the contributions to missions, but to all the benevolences of the church as well. He advocated the definite plan in giving to the various claims of the church and said it is necessary for the church to get away from the budget idea, and give definitely.

The regular business of Synod was suspended in order to select the place of meeting for Synod next year. Three churches were placed in nomination: St. James', Concord; St. Mark's, Charlotte, and St. Peter's, Rowan county. Ballots were cast, the result being Charlotte received 23 votes, Concord 9 and St. Peter's 3. On motion of Rev. C. P. McLoughlin, pastor of St. James' Church, Concord, the selection of Charlotte was made unanimous.

Synod adjourned the afternoon session at 6 o'clock, Rev. G. H. Cox, D. D., pronouncing the benediction.

The Night Session.

The Synod convened at 8 o'clock, the president in the chair, and the president led prayer with which the session opened. The first report of the committee on Sunday School Normal Work. The Sunday School Normal has been held during the Summer for the past three years, and has proven of great value, especially to Sunday School workers. The Normal is held under the direction of the North Carolina Synod and the North Carolina conference of the Tennessee Synod. The Normal of the coming Summer will be held in Lenoir College at Hickory, July 25th-27th. Mr. McCullough who has been a leader in this enterprise from its beginning, spoke of some of the benefits which have resulted already from the Normal and said the attendance this year promises to be larger than ever before. He gave facts to show that the Normal is attracting attention in different parts of the United Synod, and he said that the Normal must be made such as to deserve the attention which it is attracting.

The president appointed Rev. C. I. Morgan, Rev. L. B. Spracher and Prof. G. P. McAllister to constitute the committee from the North Carolina Synod on Sunday School Normal Work.

The report of the committee on president's report was next submitted. The next report read was that of the committee on the State of the Church. Rev. C. A. Brown read the report of the mission pastorate at China Grove. The report of the committee on Church Institutions was read. The report of the committee on vacancies was submitted. These reports were all accepted.

The president appointed Rev. C. B. Cox, Rev. H. A. McCullough and Rev. W. A. Snyder to constitute the committee to be consulted regarding the style of architecture of new churches to be erected during the year.

The committee on speakers for next meeting recommended the following in their report, which was adopted: Rev. H. A. McCullough, subject, "The Lutheran Church and Education"; Rev. C. P. McLaughlin, subject, "The Lutheran Church and Home Missions"; Rev. W. A. Snyder, subject, "The Lutheran Church and Inner Missions"; Rev. J. W. Shenck, subject, "The Lutheran Church and Foreign Missions."

Rev. V. Y. Boozer was appointed fraternal delegate to the South Carolina Synod and Rev. C. I. Morgan was appointed fraternal delegate to the Tennessee Synod. Rev. J. E. Shenk was appointed to preach before the students of the Collegiate Institute, setting forth the claims of the Gospel ministry.

The secretary was instructed to complete the statistical report and publish the same in the minutes.

The treasurer was authorized to pay the sexton of St. Paul's Church $3 for services rendered during this session of Synod.

The Synod ordered that final adjournment take place at the close of ordination service Sunday morning.

The minutes of the three sessions of the day were read and approved. Synod adjourned at 11 o'clock, Rev. G. H. Cox, D. D., pronouncing the benediction.

The programme for today's session of Synod is as follows:

Sunday Morning—11 O'clock.

Prelude— "Crusaders' Hymn" —Ashford.
Processional Hymn—"Beautiful Savior"—336.
Introit for Cantate—Schmauk.
Sentence—"Blessed is He Who Cometh"—Gounod.
The Lessons—Rev. W. A. Snyder.
Hymn—245.
Ordination Sermon—Rev. R. L. Patterson, Charlotte, N. C.
Anthem—"How Lovely Are the Messengers,"—From St. Paul—Mendelssohn.
The Ordination—The Officers of Synod.
Hymn—258.
Closing, of the Synod.
Benediction.

Sunday Vesper—8 O'clock.

Prelude—"Longing."
Hymn—445.
Psalm 46—Sung Responsively.
The Lessons—Rev. E. A. Shenk, Winston-Salem, N. C.
Responsory—"Sing Unto the Lord"—Schnecker.
Sermon—Rev. A. G. Voigt, D. D., Dean of the Theological Seminary, Mt. Pleasant, S. C.
Anthem—"O Saviour, Precious Saviour"—Schnecker.
Hymn—338.
Closing Vesper Service.

OTHER SIDE PRESENTED.

Mr. R. W. Curtis Makes Statement About the Sixth Street Bridge.

"Burlington, N. C., May 12.—Your correspondent called on Mr. R. W. Curtis, president of Southern Construction Company, at his home in Burlington and asked him what his intentions were in regard to continuing work on the Sixth street bridge. Mr. Curtis was inclined to be reticent and seemed unwilling to say anything for publication but finally said that, after thinking over the matter and the effects the article recently published in The Star might have as reflecting on his business reputation, he would frankly detail to your correspondent the following statement: "In answer to your question will say that I have decided to do nothing more on the Sixth street bridge unless and until the city will agree to pay me for the time lost by their dilatoriness in executing contract and approving shop drawings, etc., and for increased demand in materials. When I bid for the work I did so on the understanding same was to be in accordance with specifications and proposal on which bids were made, that is Cooper's Specifications, Class B., for suburban and interurban bridges, weighing, as per the city engineer's estimate, about 90 tons. Bids for this structure were received August 16th and signed contract was returned me November the 30th. I submitted working drawings for main members for the city engineer's approval, December 13th. On December 20th I received a letter from the city engineer saying that he had made a number of changes in plans, but nothing of a serious nature. I will say right here that these drawings were made in accordance with Cooper's Specifications and the weights, as taken from an itemized bill of material, were about 180,000 pounds, or 90 tons, as the city engineed had estimated. Some time after this these drawings were returned to me completely riddled, showing, to my mind at least, conclusively, that the engineer had changed his mind or had received outside suggestions. We changed these drawings to suit and sent them to the city engineer who sent them back again with other changes affecting parts of the bridge he had passed or approved on first inspection. These changes were made by me and again changes were ordered in parts that had passed first and second inspections. Finally the drawings were approved and were received at Pittsburg, February 22nd. In accorance with the terms of the contract bridge was to be completed March 1st. In other words, we were required to order the material from the rolling mills, fabricate same, ship it to Wilmington and erect it, all in six days! An absurdity on its face. All these things, the delay in approving the bond and signing contract, the delay in giving plans so the manufacturers could fabricate the steel, the changes in the drawing which were, in most instances, arbitrary on the part of the city engineer and which increased the weight of the structure from 180,000 pounds, the weight of bridge bid on, to 218,000 pounds, entitle us to extra compensation and we shall refuse to proceed, further, with the work until the city gives us satisfactory assurance of fair treatment. I feel that I have been imposed upon and made a scapegoat and heaped with blame due to the fault of others. The $702.75 I received from the city is the only money I have handled from that quarter and same was used in the payment of labor and other necessary expenses. I did not go away from Wilmington without leaving my address as stated in The Star. My foreman, my timekeeper and the city engineer, as well as others in the city, knew my whereabouts.

Removal Sale of the French Millinery Parlors. All goods at cost beginning Monday, May 15th. tf.

BUSINESS LOCALS

Advertisements inserted under this head one cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words, more than 25, one cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amounts being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge, A. D. T. (Western Union) Messenger to any address in the city for advertisements in this department upon request by 'Phone to No. 51. A. D. T. Messenger will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for the telegrams, but a small charge for strictly A. D. T. calls or telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams, bills rendered to suit the sender daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call Western Union, 'Phone No. 2. But for advertisements, always call the Star office, No. 51. Copy for Business Locals cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request Messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

add bus locals ... ...

ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of the Rural Building and Loan Association will be held on Wednesday, May 17th, 1911, at 8 P. M., at office of Secretary, 118 Princess street. Jas. Owen Reilly, Sec. and Treas. my14-1t

SEVENTEENTH SERIES of the Rural Building & Loan Association will open Saturday, June 3rd, 1911. You can subscribe for stock now. The easiest way to own your home, or to save money. R. C. DeRossett, president; J. O. Reilly, sec. and treas. my14-tf

FOR RENT—Lower floor in two-family house; five rooms and bath; good location, from about June 1st; rent, $20. Address "C. H.," care Star. my14-1t*

BAND SAWYER wants position right or left hand. Address "Sawyer," care Star, at any time this week. my14-1t*

FOR SALE—A square piano, at a sacrifice. Apply No. 511 South Fifth st. my14-1t*

LOST—A Baby's Coat on belt line car yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock. Mixed Gray with Green Collar and large Pearl Buttons. Finder will receive reward by returning to "A. B." care Star. my 14-1t.

THE BEAUTY SHOP makes old switches and puffs look new; makes hair goods of combings; sell all kinds of hair; shampooing and removing freckles. 404 N. Seventh St., Phone 1543. ma 14-1t*

BUTTER CAKES, apple cake, coffee cake, French rolls, raisin buns and all sorts of delicious cakes. Try our 30c layer cakes. Farris' Bakery, 109 So. Front St., Phone 626. ma 15-tf.

WANTED—One good milk cow and calf. Must be young and good milker. Address "C. O. W." care Star. ma 14?1t*

DOWN TOWN apartment for rent. Seven rooms and all conveniences; if interested apply at once to R. F. Warren. ma 14-1t

WANTED—Position August 1st, by young man 28 years of age. Graduate of recognized business college. Have had experience in shipping, general office work and five years in general store. References furnished. Address P. O. Box 43, Wedgefield, S. C. ma 14-1t*

WANTED—Lady to travel in North Carolina. Good pay and tailor made suit in 90 days; experience unnecessary; reliable firm. Write for particulars. McBrady & Co., Chicago. ma 14-1t.*

SALESMEN to call on grocers, confectioners, general stores. $150 monthly and expenses; yearly contract. Manager, 17 S. Main street, St. Louis, Mo. ma 14-1t*

WANTED—A white woman of good references for companion, or will consider a family without children. Address "A. C. S." care Star. ma 14-1t.

FOR RENT—Modern house in best locality for rent at once. Large lot with all conveniences. Address "House," care Star. ma 14-1t*

FOR RENT—To acceptable party, entire upstairs consisting of four rooms in good condition with modern conveniences and separate bath, suitable for light housekeeping. Good location. "S" care Star. ma 14-1t*

WANTED—By couple, large airy Southern exposure furnished room, use of bath and 'phone, centrally located. References exchanged. "X. Y." care Star. my 14-1t*

MEN AND WOMEN agents to sell proposition which sells at sight. Two to six in almost every home. Particulars free. The Thomas Dixon Co., Winston-Salem, N. C. my 14-1t*

VALUABLE WHARF PROPERTY for sale or rent. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate Agents, 114 1-2 Princess St. my 14-3t

FOR SALE—At a great bargain, 1 four-passenger Buick Automobile, sound as new. Wilmington Carriage Works, 1103 Castle St. my 1416t.

YOUNG MEN become Firemen, Brakemen, Baggagemen; $75 to $100 monthly. Experience unnecessary. Steady, permanent employment. Rapid promotion. State age, weight, height. Railway Bureau, 724 Panama Bldg., St. Louis, Mo. my 14-1t.*

WANTED—To buy one second-hand light-weight surry in good condition. Address, "Buyer," Box 684, City. my 14-2t*

LADIES to copy short letters, at home. $15 weekly made. Particulars 10c. Dixie Mailing Bureau, Sta. E-1, Memphis, Tenn. my 1411t*

NOTICE—On and after May 15th we will close at 7:30 P. M., Saturdays excepted. We respectfully ask that our friends and customers call before that time. Ellis Barber Shop, 109 Princess St., Cowells' Barber Shop, 197 Market St., Orton Hotel Barber Shop. my 14-6t*

WANTED — Book-keepers, Stenographers, Clerks and other commercial help. High grade calls. Service guaranteed satisfactory. Special offer for short time. Southern Business Bureau, Charlotte, N. C. my 14-1t*

FOR SALE—A Carpenter parlor organ in good condition. Will sell cheap. Apply to 104 Red Cross St. my 14-1t*

WANTED—Small second-hand safe. Address "Safe," care Star office. my 14-1t*

WANTED—Two or three nice furnished rooms for light housekeeping in good locality close in. Address "Man and Wife," care Star. my 14-1t*

FOR RENT—One nice front room, suitable for one or two gentlemet Modern conveniences. 309 Nun St. references exchanged. Address "H' care Star. ma 14-1t*

ON THE NORTHERN SIDE of Princess street, between Water and Front, we have for rent a new and large store, all conveniences and large show windows. Possession given at once. The price is reasonable and location excellent. D. R. Foster & Co., 206 Princess St. ma 14-3t.

FOR RENT—One nice large room with all modern conveniences, also a few table boarders desired. Call at 313 North 2nd street. may 14-1t

WANTED—Three rooms on ground floor in nice residence section; centrally located. Address, "P. Q." care Star. ma 14-1t.

AN INVESTMENT—A five-room house and lot, one year old in the busiest railroad and manufacturing center in Wilmington. A location where you can't keep a house vacant. Party moving from city and wants to sell quick. Be the early bird. Hope to see you Monday. Wright's Real Estate Agency. ma 14-1t

A BARGAIN—Seventeenth and Dock on turnpike. Here right at the car line; facing the turnpike. Just across from the elegant new house now being built, we offer several beautiful vacant lots and the two-story stucco house, all for less than their value. This is a bargain and investors and homeseekers had best see us Monday early. Wright's Real Estate Agency. ma 14-1t.

SWITCHES, puffs and all kinds of hair goods made from combings and cut hair. Also old puffs rolled over. Mrs. Sykes, 718 Dock St., Phone 1070. ma 14-1t*

WANTED—A position with some wholesale business as shipping or billing clerk. Have some ability as salesman. Can furnish A1 references. Address "Willing," care Star. my13-1t*

FOR RENT—One nice seven-room house, No. 516 North Eighth street, with large shady yard, back and front. Apply to F. P. Lamb, 'Phone 426. my13-6t*

SALESMEN WANTED for country towns in North Carolina. We pay salary, traveling expenses and freight on goods. California Products Co., Atlanta, Ga. my7-14-21*

FOR SALE CHEAP—One of the best horses in Wilmington; ten-year-old, gentle and stylish; work in any harness; weight, eleven hundred; reason for selling, want auto. Address Box 686, City. ap30-my2,4,7,9,14-6t

$75 WEEKLY selling auto necessities. One agent sold $12 in five weeks. Write today. Enterprise Specialty Co., Chatham, Virginia. my7-10,14-3t*

FOR SALE — Fancy creamery butter, sweet cream and fresh eggs. Quick shipment. Write for prices. Catawba Creamery Co., Hickory, N. C. my11,14-2t

FOR RENT—The City Laundry will vacate No. 105 North Third street about June 1st, to move to their new quarters, and I will offer for rent the entire three floors of building, or either one of said floors. Apply now, so that necessary changes can be made before occupancy. Joseph D. Smith, chairman Building Committee, Cape Fear Lodge, No. 2, I. O. O. F., 120 Princess street, 'Phone 706. ap23-su,th-tf

FOR SALE—Three hundred bushels of field peas. Sam'l Bear, Sr., & Sons, 18 Market st. ap30-su,w-tf

WAKE UP! Spread out! Advertise! Multigraph imitation typewritten circulars cheap as printing; better results. All classes typewriting and notary work Meares Marriss, Notary Public, stenographer, 114 Princess street, 'phone 708. de 1-tu-su-thu-tf.

WE WANT to remove the wrinkles from your clothes. No folding. We deliver in wagon especially built to preserve a press. Try Coster, the Cleanser, 122 Market st.; 'Phone 148; French Dry Cleaner and Dyer. ap26-eod2w

I HAVE OPENED a retail grocery store and commission merchant business, handling all kinds of country produce and solicit your orders. A. Sellars, 510 North Fourth st.; Box 681. my12to27*

NORTHROP COTTAGE now open. Rates quoted on demand. Mrs. T. E. Keel, Proprietress, Wrightsville Beach, N. C. my12-3t*

SOUTHERN SIGN SHOP — Opposite Court House, 3rd st., has greatly enlarged its now elegant quarters, and Mr. R. C. Francis, a top-liner among Richmond sign painting craft, is with us. Give us a trial. Yours truly, J. M. Satchwell. my9-tf

SULTANA OLIVE OIL—Too well known to be recommended. You can get it by 'phoning 280, Northern Fruit Co. my6-2w

TALK OF THE TOWN—Uncle Charles' great pawn brokers' removal sale starts next Saturday, April 29, for 10 days only. 108 Market street. ap25-tf

BOILER FOR SALE—One horizontal tubular boiler, 40-horsepower, carrying 100 pounds steam; virtually new; guaranteed insurance on boiler with Hartford Co. City Laundry Co. Immediate delivery can be made. m y7-tf

BREAD, CAKES AND PIES—We have the largest wholesale bakery in the State. Special attention to out-of-town orders. Write for our prices. Farris' Bakery, 109 South Front st.; P. O. Box 480. ap29-1m

DRESSED CHICKENS TODAY. Spring lamb, dressed chickens, beef, veal. Large supply of early vegetables, Strawberries, best of season. Come in and see our supply today. It will give you an appetite. Palace Market Co. 'Phone No. 72. my13-tf

AGENTS WANTED for Victor Visible typewriter. Best on the market. Write for prices. Raleigh Typewriter Exchange, State Agents, Raleigh, N. C. my12-6t*

FOR SALE—Horse, dray and harness. Weight about 1,100 lbs. Sound and gentle. Address P. O. Box 662, City. my12-3t*

LUMBER for sale. At the old Cape Fear mills, about one hundred thousand feet of lumber, suitable for framing and sheathing. Price $5.00 per thousand on board cars. Must be sold quick. Apply to Neill M. McEachern, at Grain Store, or at the yard. my13-2t*

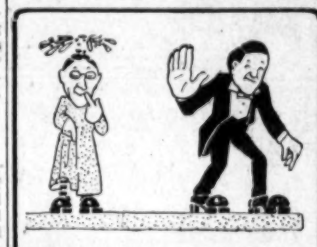
WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH—We have cottages for rent on Wrightsville Beach. If you want health and pleasure in exchange for a few dollars, get a cottage while the limited supply lasts. Wright's Real Estate Agency. my13-2t

THE GILBERT HOUSE combines home comforts with hotel conveniences. Front and Princess streets; junction of all cars. Cars to depot; electric lights and hot water. Table equals the best, and rates reasonable. Transient, $1.25 to $1.50 per day. Special rates to regular and table boarders. ja8-tf

WANTED—Typewriters to repair. Any make repaired. Will loan you a machine while yours is being repaired. Prices quoted upon request. 'Phone 1134, John S. Ramos, Princess Building. ap11-tf

WANTED—Poplar logs for export, 24 inches and up, in diameter; 10 feet and up in length. Inquire H. E. Glaeser, Box 251, Florence, S. C. ap29-1m*

LET US FIGURE on repainting and repairing your old buggies, wagons and automobiles. We can save you money. Wilmington Carriage Works, 1103 Castle street. 'Phone 1019. oc23-tf



Under No Circumstances

would we be afraid to have you compare our goods with any of our competitors, for experience has proven that our line is the most reliable that can be offered to buyers. In purchasing diamonds, watches or silverware, it is necessary to know the exact facts about them. We encourage "inquisitiveness" in our customers, and delight in telling them the plain truth about our goods. That, with courteous treatment has won solid, lasting friends for us, and we propose to keep it up.

A. O. SCHUSTER
JEWELER
104 North Front Street
ap27-tf

CONCORD CHAPTER NO. 1, R. A. M. Companions: The Regular Convocation will be held Monday evening at 8 o'clock.

W. A. MARTIN,
Secretary.

ma 14-1t.

NOTICE OF FIRST MEETING OF THE INCORPORATORS OF WILMINGTON HANDLE COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the first meeting of the incorporators of the Wilmington Handle Company will be held in the office of Davis & Davis, Room 309 Southern Building, Wilmington, N. C., at 10:30 o'clock A. M., May 29th, 1911, for the purpose of organizing the corporation, electing officers, establishing the by-laws and for the transaction of any other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated at Wilmington, N. C., this 5th day of May, A. D. 1911. A. McNeill, C. Hopkins, Jno. M. Hopkins, O. Hopkins, Jr.

Bagging & Ties

19000 Yards 2 lbs "American" Bagging.
16050 Yards 2 1-4 lbs. "American" Bagging.
11100 Yards 21-2 lbs. "American" Bagging.
9200 Yards 3lbs. "American" Bagging.
8900 Yards 2 lbs. "Dundee" Bagging.
6850 Yards 3 lbs. "Dundee" Bagging.
3750 Yards 3 lbs. "Carolina" Bagging.
6700 Yards 2 lbs. "Carolina" Bagging.
4100 Yards 2 1-4 lbs. "Honesty" Bagging.
2850 Yards 2 1-2 lbs. "Bull" Brand Bagging.
4300 Yards 3 lbs. "Jumbo" Brand Bagging.
3000 Yards 2 lbs. Sugar Bagging.
2750 Bundles New Arrow Ties.
1007 Bundles New Prosess Ties.
860 Bundles Pieced Ties.

Don't buy until you get our prices. Write us or wait for our men. We have something for you.

W. B. COOPER
JOBBER & IMPORTER.
my4-tf

A WORD TO THE WISE IS SUFFICIENT

The American is seeking your business and is prepared to care for it. Why not open that account NOW?

Capital $250,000.00
Surplus ..... $ 40,000.00
Assets $1,600,000.00

4 Per Cent on Savings Deposits.

American National Bank
210 N. Front St., Wilmington, N. C.

NOTICE

Valuable piece of property for sale, at Private Sale until June 1st, 1911, and if not sold by that time it will be put up and sold at Auction. This property is located at 116 North Second Street, this city; has a new brick building, 148 feet deep, 50 feet wide, 17-inch wall, 35 feet high all round. The second floor is doubled floored with 2-nch tongue and grooved flooring; in fact, it is one of the best built buildings in the city, and on account of its location should bring a good price. It is opposite the Postoffice Square; in front of The Orton Hotel; only one block away, with a perfect view from Front street. This place has been used since it was built for a sales stable, and we find that we want more room to do a wholesale Horse and Mule business. Any further information, apply,

F. T. MILLS, Manager
WILMINGTON, N. C.
my13-6t

ICE! ICE!! ICE!!!
-:-YES-:-
ICE! ICE!! and ICE!!!

One might almost be led to believe that this community had never seen Pure Ice until this good year 1911.

A great man once said "there is nothing new under the sun" and this is so to a great extent when it comes to the manufacture of ice.

Now, as a matter of fact, The Independent Ice Company has been for ten years and is still making as pure, as clean, as healthful to use ice as can be found in all North Carolina. We defy anyone to prove to the contrary. Our prices are as low as the lowest. We give full guaranteed weight. Our service is the best Wilmington ever had. We have a polite, accommodating corps of officials who will thank any one to report any act of neglect or discourtesy on the part of our wagon drivers or helpers.

Do the right thing for yourselves and for ourselves by taking ice from the old reliable.

THE INDEPENDENT ICE CO.

The Atlantic Trust & Banking Co.

Is anxious to have you become one of its customers, and it Knows that it is better for you to have your money on

DEPOSIT AT FOUR PER CENT.

Than to keep the money hidden away in the house, where it is in danger of **Burglary and Fire.**

This Bank will extend every courtesy to its depositors, treating large and small accounts with the same consideration.

"The Bank that PAYS YOU TO SAVE."
my14-tf

TURPOILINE
CHEAPER THAN TURPENTINE

It is an odorless mineral product, which possesses great solvent power for paints and varnishes, has the requisite high flash for working and the clean evaporation which leaves the coating in perfect condition.

TURPOILINE makes a free flowing varnish, free from bloom. It flat colors better than turpentine.

TURPOILINE is thorough uniform; you can be assured of receiving the same product all the time.

TURPOILINE costs less and works well.

TURPOILINE is the most satisfactory product on the market for the paint and varnish man.

Try TURPOILINE. One thorough trial will convince you.

CAPE FEAR OIL CO.
'Phone 873, Wilmington, N. C.
ap27-tf

"Ask Those Who Use It"

FULL WEIGHT
is Guaranteed, if you buy all your Ice of Us. We serve all our customers with Absolute Fairness.

PURE ICE
that will Cost you Little, and Give Entire Satisfaction, may be had, if you give us your order.

PLATE ICE COMPANY
'Phones 221-222.

SECOND SECTION

THE MORNING STAR

FOUNDED A.D. 1867

PAGES 9 TO 16

VOL. LXXXVIII—NO. 47. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, MAY 14, 1911. WHOLE NUMBER 13,608.

A VETERAN PILOT

An Old Friend and Comrade of Rev. "Jim Billy" Craig Writes Interestingly and Beautifully of Earlier Days On The Cape Fear.

His name is the Reverend James William Craig, Methodist Preacher, but I like to think of him as Jim Billy, the Cape Fear pilot of war times, on the bridge of the swift Confederate blockade runner "Lynx," commanded by the intrepid Captain Reed, as she races through the blackness of darkness on her course west nor'west, straight and true for the Federal fleet off New Inlet, in utter silence, the salt spray of the sea smiting their faces as they gaze ahead for the first sign of imminent danger.

Soon there is added to the incessant noise of wind and waves, the ominous roar of the breakers, as the surf complains to the shore, and the deep sea lead warns them of shoaling water. "Half speed" is muttered through the speaking tube; a hurried parley; a recognized land fall—for Reed is a fine navigator; and "are you ready to take her, pilot?" "Ready, Sir," comes from Jim Billy in the darkness, then the whispered orders through the tube "slow down," as there looms ahead the first of the dreaded monsters of destruction; "starboard, steady," and the little ship glides past like a phantom, unseen as yet. Then "port, port, hard a'port," in quick succession, as she almost touches the second cruiser. She is now in the thick of the blockading squadron, and suddenly, out of the darkness close aboard, comes the hoarse hail "Heave to, or I'll sink you," followed by a blinding glare of rockets and the roar of heavy guns. The devoted little Confederate is now naked to her enemies as the glare of rockets and drummond lights from many men of war illuminate the chase. Under a pitiless hail of shot and shell from every quarter she bounds forward full speed ahead, every joint and rivet straining, while Jim Billy dodges her in and out through a maze of smoke and flame and bursting shells. The range of Fort Fisher's guns is yet a mile away—will she make it? Onward speeds the little ship, for neither Reed nor Jim Billy have a thought of surrender. A shell explodes above them, smashing the wheelhouse, but the imperturbable quartermaster simply says "three spokes gone, Sir." Another shell tears away the starboard paddle box; and as they fly, like lightning, past the nearest cruiser, the Federal commander fires his pistol in the face of Captain Reed; but on and on she goes until a sullen roar from Col. Lamb's artillery warns her pursuers that they have reached their limitations; and in a few minutes the gallant little ship crosses the bar and anchors under the Confederate guns. The Captain and his trusty pilot shake hands and go below, "to take the oath," as Reed described it—for the strain must be relaxed by sleep or stimulation. "A close shave, Jim," was all the Captain said. "It was, Sir, for a fact," was the equally laconic answer.

My shipmate, Jim Billy, is growing old, and so am I. Our lives have been united all these years in a bond which death only can divide, and as we talk, as we often do, about old times and of those who took part with us in the stress of war, all of whom have gone out upon the boundless tide, we are thankful that we are in the convoy of Him Who walked upon the sea, and that we will be guided to our desired haven by His good Hand upon us. Some days ago I drew out of Jim Billy the following narrative, which I have set down as nearly as may be in his own words, and I trust it may serve to interest and instruct some of the readers of the "Star," who do not often hear a true sailor's yarn.

"I was born in May, 1840, and piloted my first vessel into the Cape Fear River when I was seventeen years of age. At that time Mr. P. W. Fanning, of Wilmington, was chairman of the Board of Commissioners of Navigation and Pilotage, and the present custom of issuing branches or licenses was not in vogue.

"I acted under the protection of my father, who was a full branch pilot; in other words he was permitted to carry in vessels of any depth suitable for the water then available. I was an apprentice with him.

"When the war broke out I was twenty-one years of age and, in view of certain circumstances favorable to my reputation, I was given by the Board of Commissioners of Navigation and Pilotage a license for twelve feet, the laws having been changed a year or two before the war in respect to the method of issuing licenses.

"My father, James N. Craig, lived a short distance from Fort Fisher on the river side at a place called Craig's Landing, and his house and landing were both used later by the commander of Fort Fisher, Col. William Lamb, who was so intimately engaged with my father that he gave him general charge of the duty of setting lights for the benefit of blockade runners, under certain restrictions which had been provided. I was therefore engaged for nearly two years after the outbreak of the war in assisting my father, and became more familiar with the channel and the approaches of the channel than many other pilots who had not the opportunity of sounding, as we had frequently, under government instructions.

"The first proposal made to me to take a ship through the blockade was by Captain E. C. Reed, commander of the celebrated criuser Sumter. This vessel had been dismantled of her guns on account of her slow speed and general unfitness for a cruiser, after her destruction of many vessels of the enemy, and she was sent into Wilmington with a cargo of war stores, conspicuous among which were two enormous Blakely guns, which were subsequently used in the defense of Charleston.

"After the discharge of the cargo at Wilmington the Sumter as loaded with cotton, and Captain Reed brought her down to Old Brunswick landing and anchored, before he made arrangements for the engagement of a pilot to take him out.

"In coming into the Cape Fear Captain Reed had, through a successful ruse, passed through the blockading fleet by hoisting the U. S. ensign and pretending to be one of the fleet. The blockaders did not discover his true character until he was under the guns of Fort Fisher, and consequently they were very eager to capture him on his voyage outward.

"At that time of the tide it was impossible to take over the Rip Shoal or across either of the bars a ship drawing more than eleven feet. The Sumter drew eleven feet of water and grounded repeatedly in attempting to go out. Captain Reed offered me $1,000.00 in gold if I would take the ship out successfully and reach Bermuda, where he would discharge me and proceed to England with his cargo.

"I made several ineffectual attempts to get the Sumter outside, but, owing to the lack of water and the vigilance of the blockading fleet, we were baffled repeatedly. At last I took her out successfully over the New Inlet bar, the fleet in the meantime having concentrated at the western bar, expecting to capture her there, and Captain Reed subsequently told me that he proceeded to Bermuda and to England without sighting a single hostile vessel during the whole voyage.

"A short time after that I piloted the steamship Orion in over New Inlet successfully, that vessel having arrived off the bar without a pilot, and, very luckily for the ship as well as for me, hailed me while I was setting some lights for another vessel, the Cornubia, ready to go out in charge of pilot C. C. Morse.

"Some months afterwards a very fine blockade runner called the Don, under command of Captain Roberts, (whose real name was Hobart, a son of the Earl of Buckinghamshire, a Post Captain in the British Navy and who had obtained leave of absence in order to try his skill at blockade running), was brought successfully to Wilmington by pilot St. George, who was there taken sick and I was requested to assume his place.

"On my return to Wilmington in the Don I relinquished this vessel to her former pilot, St. George, and made a contract with the agent in Wilmington, of a firm which owned a number of blockade runners—a notable one being the Hansa—to pilot any vessels which he might designate and be subject to his orders at any moment, the term of engagement being three months.

"Immediately afterwards I was ordered to proceed to Nassau in the blockade runner Fanny (formerly the Orion), and report to Captain Watters, of the blockade runner Annie, for duty on that ship.

"I remember that we left in the Fanny on Saturday night and arrived in Nassau before daylight on Tuesday morning, where I found the Annie fully loaded and ready for sea and waiting for me. We accordingly left about 4 o'clock that afternoon and arrived without incident inside the Cape Fear bar on the Friday night following.

"I made a second voyage through the blockade in the Annie, passing within a cable length of two of the Federal fleet, who failed to observe us.

"We again loaded the Annie in Nassau and cleared for Wilmington, but fell in with a hurricane shortly afterwards and were obliged to heave to for about forty hours, during which we lost our reckoning, and, failing to get observations for three days, waited until the gale subsided and then anchored the ship in smooth water, by a kedge, until the captain succeeded in getting an observation of the North Star, by which he worked out his position, we then shaped our course straight for the blockade fleet off Fort Fisher.

"At that time, and subsequently, it was the custom for the Flag Ship of the blockading squadron to carry a large light, and, this being the only one visible, often served the purpose of guiding the blockade runners until they could get the bearings of the Mound Light.

"On this particular night of May 6, 1864, the Confederate iron-clad ram Raleigh, commanded by Lieut. J. Pembroke Jones and accompanied by two small wooden gun boats named the Yadkin and the Equator, had come out from the river and attacked the blockading squadron. We were of course, unaware of the circumstances and I came very near running afoul of the Raleigh outside of the bar, but, supposing him to be one of the blockaders, got out of his way as quickly as possible.

"This Confederate flotilla returned to the river next day, and the Raleigh unfortunately grounded on the Rip and broke her back, and remained for the rest of the war a most dangerous obstruction to vessels passing that shoal.

"My term of three months' service having expired, I was proceeding in my skiff from Craig's Landing to Wilmington when I was overtaken by a very swift blockade runner, with two rakish funnels, a perfect model of its kind, called the Lynx, and, having been given a tow line, climbed aboard and found, to my great surprise and delight, that the ship was commanded by my old friend Captain Reed, who immediately requested that I would arrange to go with him, as his engagement of a pilot was only for the voyage inward.

"To this I consented, on condition that Gen. Whiting would approve of it, and I received a few days afterwards a telegram to go on board the Lynx at Fort Fisher. I was in a hurricane on this ship, in which she fared badly, her paddle boxes, sponsons and bridge deck having been partly washed away, but we at last limped into Bermuda, and, after repairing damages, proceeded again to Wilmington.

"The longest chase of which I was a witness during the war occurred while I was on the Lynx, which was chased by that very fast cruiser Fort Jackson for fifteen hours. The Fort Jackson's log and official report subsequently showed that she was making sixteen knots an hour, which at that time was considered phenomenal speed, (the average blockade runner seldom exceeding fourteen knots an hour), and on this occasion I remember that the safety valves of the Lynx were weighted down by the iron tops of the coal bunkers, which of course imperilled the life of everyone on board, but increased the speed of the Lynx to more than sixteen knots an hour and enabled her ultimately to escape.

"After making two round passages in the Lynx and running the blockade four times in this vessel, several times under fire, I joined at Wilmington the Confederate steamer Lilian, under the following peculiar circumstances.

"Quite a number of the Wilmington pilots had been captured by the enemy, and the force available for ships waiting in Bermuda and Nassau, belonging to the Confederate Government, was greatly reduced in consequence thereof. The regular pilot of the Lilian was Thomas Grissom, and I was one of four extra pilots, (the three others being Joseph Thompson, James Bell and Charles Craig), who were ordered by Gen. Whiting to proceed to Bermuda and take charge of certain ships to be designated by Major Norman S. Walker, the Confederate agent at that port.

"Trouble began before we got outside. An armed barge from the fleet had come close inside the Western Bar and lay in our track in the channel, and, immediately upon our approach, sent up a rocket and fired a gun, which was instantly answered by the whole fleet outside and I remember that we crossed the bar in a bright flash of drummond lights and rockets which made the night as bright as day. Every one of the blockaders was firing at or over us as we headed out to sea and when next morning dawned which was Sunday, we had just succeeded in dropping the last of the cruisers which had chased us all night.

"We were congratulating ourselves after breakfast that morning that we

(Continued on Page Thirteen.)

STATE FEDERATION OF CLUBS

Interesting Report of Recent Meeting at Asheville by Mrs. M. L. Stover to North Carolina Sorosis—Great Work.

Under the caption "A Notable Meeting," Mrs. M. L. Stover, of this city, who recently attended the State Federation of Women's Clubs at Asheville, gave to Sorosis, of Wilmington, the following interesting report of the proceedings at that great gathering:

A Notable Meeting.

The ninth annual convention of the State Federation of Women's Clubs which convened in Asheville May 2nd, was the most notable in its history, made so by the number of distinguished visitors present and the largest number of delegates ever enrolled in its convention.

Among the distinguished visitors present were Mrs. Philip N. Moore, president general of the Federation of Women's Clubs, of St. Louis, Mo.; Mrs. Georgia Welch, of Fergus Falls, Minn., recording secretary, General Federation; Mrs. J. L. Washburn, ex-president of the Minnesota Federation, now a resident of Tryon, N. C.; Mrs. Cronley Ward, ex-president of the Chicago Woman's Club, the largest club in the Federation and one of the organizers of the General Federation; Mrs. Alvin Bailey, of Newton, Mass., director in the General Federation; Mrs. Julius W. Visanka, of Charleston, S. C., president of the South Carolina Federation, and others prominent in our own State, who by their presence and the inspiring talks gave an impetus to the club spirit and its work in this State.

The opening session was held at Battery Park Tuesday evening. The address of welcome on behalf of the City of Asheville was given by Mr. R. A. Williams, a rising young business man, and though a "mere man," and the only one who attempted to speak in so brilliant an assemblage of women, gave a happy talk and cordial welcome, which did real credit to his sex.

The welcome extended from the Asheville clubs, three in number, was delightfully given by Mrs. Z. B. Vance, who impressed upon us that hospitality was a cult with the people of Asheville. She stated that so great was

(Continued on Page Twelve.)

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.'S MAY SALE

TO CONTINUE THE ENTIRE WEEK AS ADVERTISED

It has been the greatest sale ever conducted by us. Our store has been crowded the past three days. We propose to draw the crowds throughout the entire week. Our entire stock of $75,000.00 worth of merchandise has been reduced. Specials every day this week. Be with us every day.

FOR MONDAY ONLY—At 9 o'clock in the morning we will sell 300 of a Ladies' Lawn Dressing Sack worth 25c; at this hour the price will be . . . . . **10c.**

MONDAY AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, we will sell the balance of our Satin Foulards; sold for 59c and 75c before the sale; at 3 o'clock we offer the entire stock of 50 pieces at a yard . . **35c.**

TUESDAY ONLY, and at 9 o'clock, we will sell our 20c colored bordered Lawn for Dresses; worth 20c.; Special, at this hour, only one dress to a customer; per yard . . . . . **10c.**

TUESDAY AFTERNOON at 3 o'clock, the Biggest Bargain of the Sale—Our $5.00 and $5.50 Silk Underskirts, made of fine black Taffeta and Persian Silks; only one to a customer — for **$2.79**

WEDNESDAY MORNING at 9 o'clock, we will sell our 10c and 12½c Colored Holly Batiste, only one dress to a customer, 10 yds for . **75c.**

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON at 3:30 we will sell 100 large Velvet Rugs, worth $1.75 each, limit of two to one customer, for only . . **98c.**

POLVOGT CO.'S SPECIAL LOW PRICES IN WASH GOODS DEPARTMENT.

One lot of Apron and Dress Ginghams; worth 8c; special at . . . . . **4½c.**

1,000 yards Fine 12½c Dress Ginghams; Special Price . . . . . **9c.**

15c Fine Cambric Percale; Special this sale . **11c.**

White Persian Lawn; worth 15c a yard; Special, this sale . . . . . **9½c.**

Linen Crash Suitings; worth 50c; Special to close this sale . . . . . **23c.**

15c Colored Linene, 36 inches wide; Special this sale . . . . . **9c.**

White Linene and Killarney Suitings; worth 20c; at . . . . . **11c.**

12½c Figured Colored Lawn for Summer Dresses; Special . . . . . **9c.**

40-inch White Apron Lawn; worth 12½c; the May Clearance Price . . . . . **8c.**

All the Best Standard Calicoes; worth 7c; Special Price . . . . . **5c.**

Yard-wide 12½c Bleached Muslin; Special May Price . . . . . **8c.**

White Waistings and Check Muslins; worth 15c and 20c; Special . . . . . **9c.**

White and Colored Madras; worth 25c per yard; Sale Price . . . . . **19c.**

Imported Side Band 40-inch Chambray; worth 35c; Sale Price . . . . . **19c.**

Real Flaxon; worth 25c a yard; will be sold for . . . . . **18c.**

Side Banded Flaxon; all colors; worth 25c; Sale Price . . . . . **18c.**

Remnants of Silks, at . . . . . **Half Price.**

$1.25 Long Cloth, in 12-yard pieces; Sale Price **$1.05**

Drawn Linen Scarfs and Center Pieces; worth 35c; Sale Price . . . . . **22c.**

Drawn Work Linen Pieces, Scarf and Center Pieces; worth 65c; Sale Price . . . . . **45c.**

$4.00 Battenberg Center Pieces; Sale Price each **$2.89**

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR SALE OF LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S GARMENTS.

Not Flimsy or Shoddy Garments, But Good Material and Workmanship.

Ladies' Cambric Tucked and Ruffled Pants, 39c; this sale . . . . . **23c.**

Ladies' 65c Pants, Lace and Embroidery Trimmed; this sale . . . . . **45c.**

Children's Ruffled Cambric Drawers; Special Sale Price . . . . . **10c.**

Children's Gowns, worth 75c; sale price . . . **45c.**

Ladies' Cambric Gowns, Embroidery Trimmed; worth 98c; Sale Price . . . . . **75c.**

Ladies' Lace and Embroidery Trimmed Gowns, worth $1.00 and $1.10; Sale Price . . . . **89c.**

Ladies' $1.25 and $1.39 Gowns and Skirts; Fine Cambric . . . . . **98c.**

Ladies' Cambric Skirts, Hemstitched, Ruffled; worth $1.00; Sale Price . . . . . **75c.**

$1.25 Ladies' Combination Suits; Sale Price **95c.**

$1.75 and $2.00 Gowns and Skirts, extra fine quality; Sale Price **$1.39**

$2.50 Fine Nainsook Gowns; neatly trimmed; Sale Price **$1.89**

Children's Gauze Vests; worth 15c; Special Sale each . . . . . **5c.**

12½c Ladies' Gauze Vests; this sale, each . . . **8c.**

50c and 75c Ladies' Lace Hose; Special, this sale, per pair . . . . . **35c.**

Ladies' All-Silk Boot-Hose, 50c value; Special Sale . . . . . **3 Pair for $1.00.**

$1.25 All-Silk Hose, Black and All Colors; Special, at this sale . . . . . **98c.**

50c Fine Gauze Ladies' Hose, Black or Tan; Sale Price . . . . . **39c.**

25c Children's Bear Brand Black Hose; Special, this sale . . . . . **18c.**

Ladies' White Linene Skirts, $1.00 and $1.25 values; Sale Price . . . . . **89c.**

New Spring Suits and Dresses for both street and evening wear, together with our immense stock of other ready-to-wear garments, will figure very large in this May Sale. We invite everyone to come and see the big reductions in this department.

Sale to Continue This Entire Week

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

Monday, May 15th to Saturday, May 20th

MYRTLE COURT

UP-TO-DATE WATER SYSTEM
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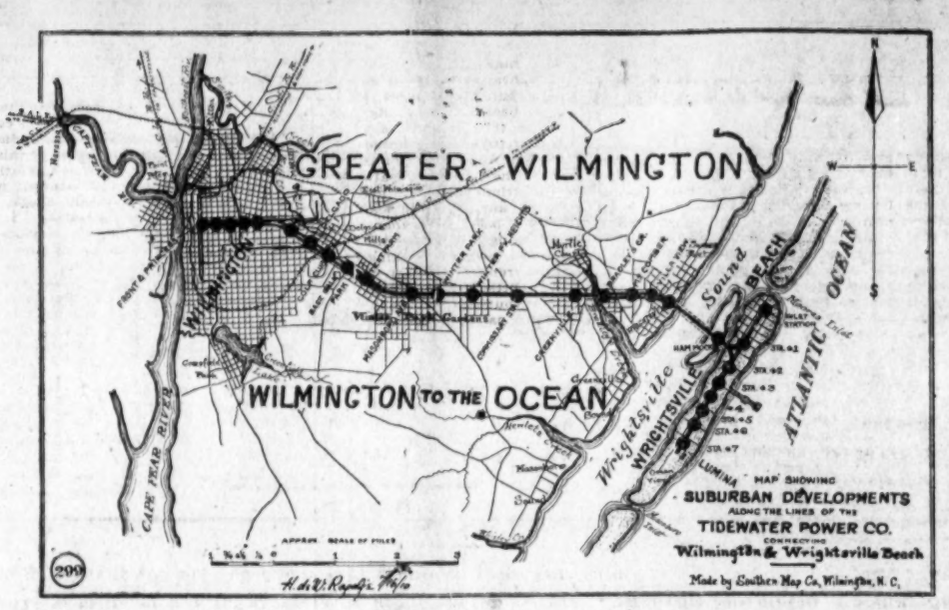

Nicely Laid-Out Park, surrounded by Beautiful Scenery and Salt Water.

Refreshing and Health-Giving Breezes.

No Crowding.

Sanitary Conditions.

To enjoy good health, three things are necessary, viz.: Plenty of Pure Air, Sunlight and Proper Sanitary Conditions. The great suburban movement is the result of the lack of these essentials in the average towns. That this movement is sound and sane no one can deny.

From a Wilmington standpoint, the Most Desirable Suburban Property is the Sound region, and especially the Bradley's Creek section, it being on the Car line and Close to Town. Myrtle Court is situated in the midst of this territory, Five and One-Half Miles from Wilmington, N. C., Right on the Beautiful Wrightsville Turnpike, Five Minutes' Walk to the Car Line Station, surrounded by Salt water and In Sight of the Ocean. The Property is situated High Up, and is laid out so that the Center of it Forms a Large Oval Lawn or Court of Several Acres, and the surrounding margin forms the Building Lots. The purchase of a Lot entitles the owner to Connections with all the Improvements stipulated above. The Lots are Large and Spacious, fronting 170 feet on the Court, and having a varied depth of from 75 to 300 feet.

As Only One Cottage will be allowed on each Lot, Crowding is Precluded. A Cement Sidewalk will skirt the Court on the Lot Side.

Water pipes (Kewany Sanitary high-pressure system) will be laid to the owner's lot. Garage facilities are provided for. A rustic Foot Bridge will lead from the Garage to the Greenville side, to shorten the distance to the station more than half. Telephone and Electric Lights available. Prices and terms reasonable. All those to whom the above appeals are invited to inspect the property. For details and further information, apply to

W. A. DICK, Real Estate Agent

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THE PRODUCTION OF MICA

Discussion in Washington Has Brought North Carolina Into the Limelight—Some Interesting Figures and Facts.

Washington, May 13.—The debate in the House on the Canadian reciprocity bill and the Farmers' Free List bill, and the frequent reference to mica, has brought North Carolina into the limelight. In discussing mica, Douglas B. Sterrett, in a recent paper, said:

"The extensive commercial applications of mica have placed it among the important mineral products of the world. In value of production mica does not rank high, as compared with certain other mineral products, though its properties render it indispensable in several important industries. The world's supply of mica is drawn from India, Canada and the United States, with smaller amounts from Ceylon, southwest Africa and Brazil. In the United States mica deposits have been found in about 20 States.

The most important producers among these have been North Carolina, South Dakota, New Hampshire, Virginia, Colorado, New Mexico, Alabama, Georgia and Idaho.

For many years North Carolina has led in both quantity and value of output, and during some years has furnished over half of the total production. The value of the mica production of the United States during 1908 was $267,925, and of this amount North Carolina is credited with $127,870. The value of the mica production in North Carolina during 1907 was $225,206, the total for the United States being $392,-111.

"Mica is used in various industries, such as the manufacture of electrical machinery, stoves, certain forms of lamp chimnies, fire-proof materials, wall papers, lubricants, etc. The perfect insulating qualities of mica and the adaptability of its sheets to various forms of manufacture render it unsurpassed for use in electrical apparatus. By fitting together and cementing with shellac many small, thin sheets, mica is built up into large sheets of "micanite" or "mica board," suitable for many forms of electrical insulation. The transparency, flexibility and resistance to heat of mica are qualities that make it particularly suitable for use in stove windows and lamp chimneys. When ground, mica is used to impart a silvery lustre to wall paper and for other decorative effects.

Ground mica is also mixed with oils and grease for lubricating purposes. When mixed with shellac, ground mica is used in various types of electrical insulators under the term 'molded mica.'

"A number of the mica deposits of North Carolina were opened in pre-historic times by aborigines. Some of these operations have been described in the early days of mica mining by white people, and several of the deposits where such work was done are described below. The present period of mica mining was begun in 1867 by L. E. Persons, of Philadelphia, previously of Vermont. Mr. Person's attention was directed to Jackson county by some one in Philadelphia, who at the State fair in Columbia in 1858, by D. D. Davies, of Webster. In the had seen a crystal of mica exhibited Fall of 1867 Mr. Persons went to Jackson county and learned from Mr. Davies the location of favorable prospects for mica in Jackson and Haywood counties, which he soon opened.

Shortly after this, the mica industry began in Yancey and Mitchell counties with the opening of the Silvers mine by Thomas L. Clingman.

"Mica deposits have been opened in 18 or more counties in western North Carolina. The deposits occur in an area nearly 200 miles long, extending in a northeast and southwest direction through the State. For convenience, this area may be divided into three belts—the Cowee-Black Mountain belt, the Blue ridge belt and the Piedmont belt. The Cowee-Black Mountain belt extends nearly through the State, parallel to and near its northwest border. It lies northwest of the Blue Ridge, and includes part of Macon, Jackson, Transylvania, Haywood, Buncombe, Yancey, Mitchell, Watauga and Ashe counties.

The Blue Ridge belt follows the Blue Ridge through the State and extends several miles to the southeast among the foothills. It is of small importance compared to the other two. Mines have been opened in Jackson, Transylvania, McDowell, Caldwell and Wilkes counties, in this belt. The Piedmont belt lies in the Piedmont Plateau, and its small mountains, southeast of the Blue Ridge. Mica mines have been worked in Rutherford, Burke, Cleveland, Gaston, Lincoln, Catawba and Stokes counties, of this belt. Mica deposits of commercial value have not been found in unbroken succession in any of these belts.

"The quality of mica obtained from different localities varies considerably, though in a single belt or in adjacent portions of the same belt the quality is commonly very similar. In general, the mica of the Cowee-Black Mountain belt is clear and of a light color (as a rule 'rum'). That from the Blue Ridge belt has a dark, smoky brown or greenish brown color, and much of it is more or less 'speckled.' In a large part of the Piedmont belt, especially in Cleveland, Gaston and Lincoln counties the mica is of good quality nad similar to that of the Cowee-Black Mountain belt. There are exceptions to these characteristics, in part connected with geologic conditions, such as the presence or absence of granite nearby.

Most of the mines described below are in the Cowee-Black Mountain belt. Exceptions are the Rochester mine, in Jackson county; the Reed mine, in Transylvania county, and the Triplett mine in Wilkes county, all in the Blue Ridge belt, and all the mines in Rutherford, Cleveland, Lincoln and Stokes counties, in the Piedmont belt.

"The Cowee-Black Mountain and the Blue Ridge mica belts are in the heart of the Appalachian Mountains. The deposits lie at various elevations between 1,500 efet above sea level and that of the highest mountains, or more than 6,500 feet. Some are high upon rugged slopes or summits where the soil covering is thin. Others are on the gentle slopes of valleys, or former plateau levels or terraces, covered by deep residual clays. Many of the deposits present ideal conditions for mine drainage. This is an important point, for the rainfall is excessive and the level of ground water is not deep.

The deposits in the Piedmont belt occur in the low but locally steep ridges or in the few higher hills or mountains standing above the general level of the plateau. The plateau lies from 800 to 1,500 feet above the sea, in the mica region, and is more dissected by river and creek valleys 200 to 300 feet deep. The sky line seen from any prominent ridge is approximately level, with mountains or peaks rising above it at intervals. The problem of mining mica from deposits in the Piedmont belt is often difficult, on account of their occurrence in hills with but slight elevation and gentle slopes, so that natural drainage can not be readily secured."

H. E. C. BRYANT.

MRS. FLORENCE MAYBRICK.

Death of Her Son Recalls the Past. Serving Term.

Chicago, May 10.—Mrs. Florence Maybrick, who is living at Highland Park, a North Shore suburb of Chicago, has learned of the death in London of her one-time favorite child, James Chandler Maybrick, who was believed at the time of the famous Maybrick trial in England to have been one of the principals, though innocent, instruments of the conviction of his mother as the murderer of his father.

"The past is dead," said Mrs. Maybrick. "This boy has been dead to me for more than 20 years. Before the death of my husband he made arrangements for the future of the children. He had provided that the children be brought up, educated, and required to live in England until of age. If they then wished to continue under the patronage of his estate they must continue to reside on British soil.

"The children were taken in charge by some of Mr. Maybrick's relatives, and I never made any effort to communicate with them. Since I entered the English prison I have never seen my children."

If Your Head Aches

You should Take the Sure Remedy

Hicks' CAPUDINE

There's a cause for every headache—**Capudine** reaches that cause quickly, whether it be heat, cold, gripp, or stomach troubles—and cures, even though it be sick or nervous headache.

Capudine is the surest remedy for Colds and Gripp. Feverishness, Aches and Nervousness disappear and normal conditions are restored.

Capudine is liquid—easy and pleasant to take—acts immediately.

10c, 25c and 50c at drug stores.

METHODIST CHURCH UNION.

Joint Commission in Formal Session at Chattanooga.

Chattanooga, May 10.—The first session of the joint commission of Federation of the Methodist churches opened at 10:30 o'clock today with a brief public session, during which prayer was offered by Dr. C. M. Bishop, addresses of welcome were delivered by Resident Bishop W. F. Anderson, of the Methodist Episcopal Church; Dr. W. E. Thompson and Creed F. Bates, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, and a response by Bishop Collins Denny, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, and a member of the commission.

Following these exercises the commission went into executive session to consider the report of the substitute committee on plans of federation and unification.

Dr. T. H. Lewis, president of the Protestant Methodist Church, presided at the open session.

The Working Man Telephones, Do You?

"WHO was that talking, John?"
"Oh, that was Mr. Blank. He wants me to go to work for him tomorrow."

The workman who has a Bell Telephone in his home greatly increases his chance for work.

Men who hire workmen usually have Bell Telephones. The man who can be reached on the telephone gets the first chance.

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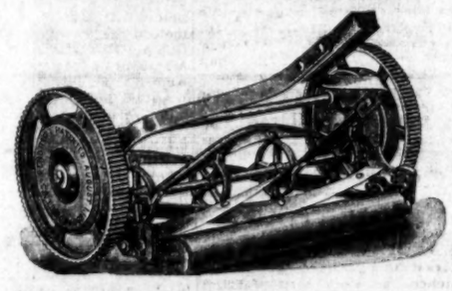

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J. W. MURCHISON & CO.

HARDWARE.

SEED POTATOES.

115 Sacks Red Bliss.	15 Bushels Silver Skin Onion Sets.
25 Sacks White Bliss.	700 Tons Navassa Guano.
75 Sacks Irish Cobblers.	200 Tons Bangles Guano.
25 Sacks Early Rose.	100 Tons Acme Guano.
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Also a full line of Groceries, all of which will be sold on a close margin.

J. W. BROOKS,

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Wilmington, N. C.

MASSANETTA SPRINGS

Four miles east of Harrisonburg, Rockingham county, Virginia. Will open June 1st, 1911. Comfortable accommodations for 150 guests. Large new brick hotel, with all modern conveniences; perfect sanitary arrangements; public and private baths; hot and cold water and electric lights in every room. First-class livery on the ground. Automobiles and carriages used for transportation.

MASSANETTA WATER FOR MALARIA, STOMACH AND KIDNEY TROUBLE, has no equal.

For booklets, rates, etc., address,

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Box 274, HARRISONBURG, VA.

PACKY McFARLAND, BOXING MARVEL OF THE DECADE

By TOMMY CLARK.

WE all must take our hats off to Packy McFarland, the Chicago whirlwind, and acknowledge him as a master of the art of boxing. In his recent bouts he convincingly demonstrated that he is the classiest boxer doing business in the ring.

There is not one boy in the world today who has the remotest chance of outpointing him in a bout up to twenty-five rounds. If given an opportunity there is more than a chance that the stockyards boy would be able to tack the handle of world's champion lightweight after his name on his visiting cards provided he can do 133 pounds and retain his stamina.

In fact, if McFarland were matched with Ad Wolgast at the above weight for a twenty round fight the chances are that McFarland would be at least an even money choice in the betting, if not an odds on favorite, to relieve Wolgast of his title. It would be different if the men were to battle over the full derby or forty-five rounds.

McFarland is a wonderful boxer. Attell is really about the only man in the ring who is his equal when it comes to cleverness. McFarland today is faster than Attell in all probability, but Attell has four years more of experience as a fighter than McFarland.

This experience makes it possible for Attell to stand up with hard punchers and slip or block their leads.

Wolgast, Nelson, "One Round" Hogan or Brown are not clever boys, like McFarland. Wolgast is as strong as a young bull, and when he gets in close and starts working away it is almost impossible for a man to protect himself. But would McFarland let Wolgast get in close in a twenty round fight? McFarland's straight left jab, which he sometimes varies with a short left hook to the jaw, has a sting to it. He has a knockout punch in his right hand, and when the opportunity comes he generally puts it over. If he meets Wolgast in a twenty round bout put your money on the stockyards boy. He will outpoint the title holder.

McFarland has been hankering after a battle with Wolgast ever since the latter won the title from Nelson. The champion is ready to take on Packy at 133 pounds ringside. As McFarland said recently he was willing to make the required weight it is more than likely that the pair will be matched to meet in the near future.

At 135 pounds McFarland is the best boxer in America, but at 133 ringside he would not possess stamina enough to cope with Wolgast in a battle over twenty rounds. McFarland is the tallest lightweight in the ring today and experiences considerable difficulty in reducing his weight.

He is only twenty-two years of age, and if he cannot make 133 ringside now he never will. He is growing right along and in a year will be a real welterweight. The stockyards champion is unfortunate because he is between two weights.

I was present at the Murphy-McFarland battle in New York recently. The bout was one of the most scientific ever held in Gotham. Through the ten rounds McFarland just toyed with Murphy and could have put the latter out in any of the last five rounds had he chosen to. Through overconfidence in the second stanza Packy came near taking the count. McFarland was amusing himself clipping Tommy on the chin now and then, and the latter sent over a hard left that sent Packy across the ring. It taught McFarland to be more careful. But from that on he showed that he was the greatest boxer in the ring.

At the ringside were Abe Attell, Freddie Welsh, "One Round" Hogan, Ad Wolgast and "Knockout" Brown. All watched the work of McFarland with great interest.

Murphy was in good shape for the battle and made a fairly good showing, but he was outclassed in every way. Don't let any one tell you Packy hasn't the punch. When he meets Hogan, Wolgast or Brown it is dollars to doughnuts that something falls.

Few Seriously Hurt In Wrestling.

Considering the number that are engaged in the sport and the gruelling the men have to go through in a contest it is remarkable that so few are injured seriously or killed in the wrestling game. In baseball, boxing and football and other strenuous sports there is a yearly toll, and in none of the others are the men engaged in it required to use as much physical strength.

In the last four years there have been just two killed and none permanently injured in the mat game. One death resulted because the man knew nothing about wrestling. The other was an unusual one, and it has caused Charles Olson of Indianapolis, one of the best mat artists in the country today, to quit the sport. The bout took place in Amarillo, Tex., recently. To a friend the other day Olson explained how he came to kill the man. The coroner exonerated Ilson, but the grappler feels bad over the affair and has announced he will never engage in another contest on the mat.

"The man I killed was a remarkably clever Denver wrestler," said Olson. "He was sailing under another name. So was I. The Colorado grappler had been cleaning up everything down that way and seemed invincible. A friend wrote me that I could make $1,500 by defeating the stranger. That looked pretty soft, and as there are only four men in the world who can throw me—Gotch, Hackenschmidt, Zbysco and Mahmout—I decided to slip down to Amarillo and "cop" the $1,500. We wrestled on a Saturday night. Both of us were billed under assumed names.

"The Colorado man was bigger than me and was some wrestler. He knew that I was there with the real wrestling stuff the moment we clinched. After we had been working for fifteen minutes I discovered that my opponent was a better man than I had figured on meeting. But I was in fine shape. I always keep that way, because you never can tell what's going to happen in the wrestling game.

"After working thirty minutes with the Colorado chap I tried to place him. He was as strong as an ox, very clever and game as pebble. I asked who he was and where he learned to wrestle between breathing spells, but he only smiled and wanted to know who I was. I told him the truth, still he refused to reveal his own identity except to say that the party who was seconding him was his father. Well, after we had been grappling for fifty minutes I began to get tired. The stranger was not even blowing hard and things looked kind of squally for Olson.

"It was nip and tuck between us, but I knew some tricks the stranger never heard of and had a full nelson on him before the Colorado grappler knew what was up. He battled gamely, but I put the pressure on and began to pin his shoulders to the mat. Suddenly he squirmed and wriggled like a snake. I had applied all my strength and something cracked, just like the noise of a teamster snapping his whip.

"I let go and began feeling myself—thought some bone had surely snapped. The kid rolled on the floor and never made another move. His spinal column had broken, and the poor boy was dead.

"My feelings were something awful. I cried like a baby. The dead wrestler's father jumped on the mat and made a terrible scene. My friends hurried me from the place as fast as we could get away, and I took the first train out of town.

"The Colorado wrestler is the second man I have killed in grappling matches. Five years ago I tackled a big negro in Montreal. He was twenty-five pounds heavier than me and was about the most brutal grappler I ever met. He didn't know much about the game, but his strength was something terrible, and he resorted to the most brutal tricks to punish me. Finally I got a good grip on him and tossed him off the stage. He landed out in the parquet, his head hitting the back of an iron chair. That ended his wrestling career, and there was a job for the undertaker. But that Amarillo affair was entirely different. I got $1,500 for winning, but I'd give everything I have in the world, and I'm far from being a poor man, to bring that poor Colorado boy back to life again."

Charlie is worth a snug sum and operates a string of moving picture houses in Indiana.

WAGNER FOR FIRST TIME IN YEARS BUYS GLOVE.

Hans Wagner has invested in a new fielder's glove. The ragged, palmless, ugly black relic that has been breaking them down or scooping them up around Pittsburg's short field for many years goes to the ash heap. Wagner's glove had a reputation for its antiquity and because the sunlight shone clear through its frayed edges every time Honus tossed it into the air at the close of an inning. But the old hand leather, with its triumphs and history, is gone, and, like Jeffries, it can't come back. Wagner is now breaking in the new one—one of those grayish looking effects just from the factory. The glove is a little new to the game just now, but Honus has it working quite as well as the ancient, thumb worn, finger worn and palm worn predecessor. The old glove gave Wagner no protection to the palm of his big hand. From the knuckles to the wrist there was nothing but a big hole that once was started with a penknife when Honus took out the packing.

WITH THE INDIAN ATHLETES

One of the best known athletes in the country is Frank Mount Pleasant, who was graduated from Carlisle and holds records for the quarter mile, 100 yards, 220 yards and the broad jump.

He was a famous football player and represented the United States in the Olympic games in Europe two years ago. He was graduated from the academic department of Dickinson college last year and was the first Indian to get the diploma and degree of this college. He has been selected as athletic director in charge of all student sports at Franklin and Marshall college, Lancaster, Pa., where he resides.

Another of the Carlisle students who had the honor of being an All American quarterback is James Johnson, a Stockbridge Indian, of Wisconsin. He was considered one of the most wonderful athletes of his day. After being graduated from Carlisle he entered the dental department of the Northwestern university, at Chicago, working his way, and was graduated in 1907.

He is now at San Juan, Porto Rico, where he is practicing his profession.

One of the most exciting things to happen during the football season of 1903 took place in the Harvard stadium when the Indians were playing Harvard university. During the game Charles Dillon, a Sioux, after running the whole length of the field made a touchdown with the ball tucked under his jersey. This young man, although he did not stay long enough to graduate, is now living in Montana, where he is in charge of the blacksmithing department of the Crow reservation.

Many will remember Edward Rogers, a Chippewa Indian, who was a famous end and captain of the team in 1900. He was also a good track man, a hurdler and a pole vaulter. He was graduated from the law department of the University of Minnesota in 1904 and regarding his stay there says, "Worked my way through the university; a very happy recollection." He is now living at Walker, Minn., where he is a successful attorney.

A. F. Golding, Australian Tennis Champion, Soon Coming to America

American lawn tennis fans will have the pleasure of seeing the Australian champion A. F. Wilding in action on the courts in this country this season.

The man from the antipodes is considered to be one of the greatest racket wielders in the world. Last summer he won the English title from A. W. Gore in easy fashion.

GEORGE BOTHNER HAS NEW WRESTLING PHENOM.

He's a Bear, Says George, the Veteran Lightweight Wrestler.

George Bothner announced recently that he has a new Turk. Said George:

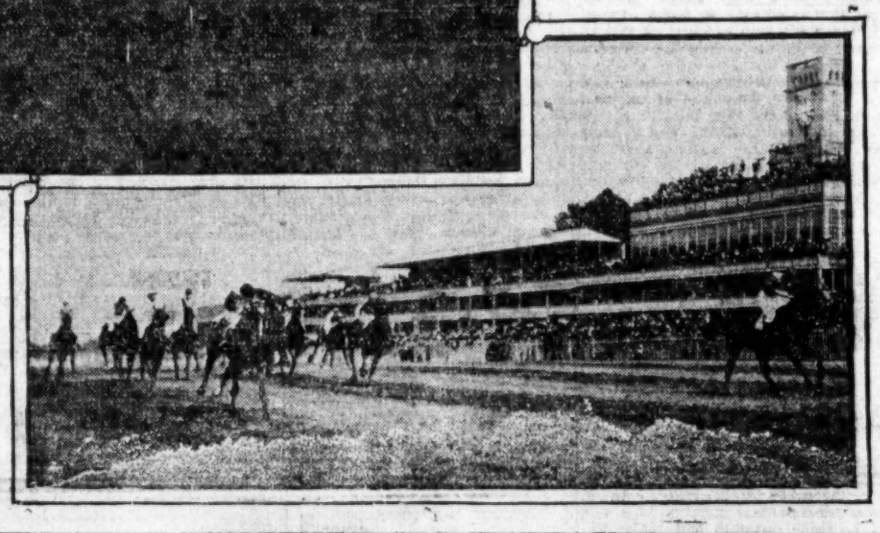
"Say, this guy is a bear! He weighs about 200 kilowatts or kili-o something or other, and that's just his disposition too. Why, when I was told about him and the proposition was made to me to manage him I thought I'd look him over first. I was taken over to where he was staying in East Forty-sixth street, in New York, and another Turk introduced me to the big guy as George Bothner, the world's champion wrestler. There were several others in the room, among them a couple of ladies. I put out my hand to shake, and the big Turk shoved the table over to one side. Then he pushed back the chairs and made a dash for me. He got a good hold and began tossing me about that room as if I was a kid. My, on the second lap of the circuit my feet caught in a lamberquin on the mantelpiece, and the clock and ornaments, bric-a-brac and other things went crashing to the floor. It took the whole gang to separate us, and the janitor came up to see who was breaking up housekeeping.

"That Turk thought I wanted to try him out; but, believe me, I want none of his game on the mat. I'll manage him.

"Huh? What's his name Say, it's so long that there isn't enough letters in the alphabet to spell it, and, besides, it can't be done in English. As soon as I get just one I'm able to pronounce, just one syllable of his name, I'll give him a nickname and let it go at that. And, say, that guy is so hard that you couldn't nick his arm with a razor."

VENICE TO ROME MOTORBOAT RACE.

The motorboat race from Venice to Rome will be one of the events of the summer season abroad. The prize list will be $30,000, and to encourage small boats the restriction regarding eight miles an hour has been revoked, boats being allowed twenty-four hours to complete each day's journey.



Scenes on English Turf Courses, Where Racing Is Now at Its Height

Now that no fear may be felt that American thoroughbreds will be ostracized by the English Jockey club in the near future the horse owners in this country intend shipping their entire stables over to the other side of the big pond. In reply to a petition signed by many of the English breeders, begging that some action be taken to prevent the importation of American horses into England, the Jockey club has decided that there is no immediate danger of the American article cutting a very wide swath into the English product.

At present there are a number of Americans racing their horses on the tracks in England, but it is likely that in another season there will be a hundred or more. Racing in England is patronized by the nobility as well as the middle and lower classes, and there is considerable betting. There are forty-nine tracks. The season opened March 20 and will continue until Nov. 23, during which period there will be 288 days of racing.

NO UMPIRING FOR KID GLEASON.

Many ball players when their days of usefulness are over do not object to a berth as an umpire. But Kid Gleason does not belong to this class. The Kid was asked the other day why he did not try for a job as umpire, and this was his reply:

"No umpiring for me. I have been treading on people's toes all my life, and now I am going to take my feet off. It's this way: If I was made an umpire I would go out there on the field and have to live up to the rules. Of course I would see that the players lived up to the rules too. Naturally there would be a fight, and some fine afternoon things would get so breezy that there wouldn't be enough ball players on the field to start a crap game, much less a game of baseball. No, I guess the Kid better not go in for the umpire thing."

WHEN WAGNER CAME NEAR GOING IN VAUDEVILLE

Larry Lajoie, the Cleveland Americans' great second baseman, almost went into vaudeville last fall. He was willing and anxious, so anxious that he tried to induce Hans Wagner to go on the stage with him. Hans promised and then backed out, and thereby hangs a tale.

Bill Gray, secretary of the New York National league club and formerly a theatrical manager, had a batting act for Larry, Wagner, Cobb and Collins. He had a machine that tested the speed of a ball off the bat. A ball was thrown up automatically in front of the batter, who hit it toward a target. Accuracy in hitting the target and the speed of the ball was shown. There was to be nightly batting contests between the four big stars.

Here is the tale of Hans' promise and refusal to be an actor as told by Larry:

"Gray and I went to Carnegie to line up Hans. He had promised Gray to go on the stage, but did not answer Gray's letters and telegrams. Everybody in Carnegie knew Hans, but they never saw him.

"We ran across Hans' brother Al and asked him when Hans would be home. 'Pretty soon,' said Al. 'He never stays out after dark.'

"Hans came just at dusk—muddy and in old clothes, fresh from the chase. He was tickled to see us and accepted Gray's offer, which was $500 a week for him, $25 a week and traveling expenses for his brother Al, whom Hans wanted as his companion on the road.

"It was all fixed, Gray and I thought. A contract was left with Hans, which he was to sign and send to me.

"Hans was a little shy about signing to be an actor until Gray told him all he would have to do was walk on the stage, his bat in one hand and his cap in the other. 'When the people applaud, take off your cap,' said Gray. 'Then take your bat and hit the ball a half dozen times.'

"Four days later I got a letter from Hans. It read:

"'Dear Larry—I'd like to take up your offer, but I can't stand traveling. It makes me ill.'

"And he never replied to my telegrams and letters."

Ty Cobb Has Peculiar Ideas

Ty Cobb, the Detroit American star outfielder, is a peculiar fellow—peculiar in everything. Most ball players like to bat when the bases are empty, when nothing depends on their showing. They claim that when not working under a strain they can always do better. Cobb, of course, is just the opposite. He likes to step up to the plate when the sacks are filled. Contrary to general opinion, Cobb claims he can always do his best when something depends on his performance. Ty's logic is pretty good at that.

"I find it easier to hit the ball with the bases occupied," says Tyrus. "The pitcher is worried, the infielders are guessing, and when you do hit the ball the flying base runners rattle and disconcert the men who are trying to handle it.

"With men on base I generally lay for the first ball the pitcher hands over. It's dollars to dimes that if he can lay that first one straight over the pan he'll do it, and I soak quite a few of them. The majority of batsmen will pass up the first ball no matter if it cuts the plate in half, but you'll never get this boy overlooking one of that kind. Nine times out of ten I go to the plate prepared to tickle the first ball if the pitcher lays it over."

WALTER WINANS, ENGLISH TURFMAN, TO RACE HARNESS STABLE IN AMERICA NEXT SEASON

It is said on good authority that Walter Winans, the famous English turfman, who bought the trotter Siliko from John E. Madden some years ago, is now after one or two of the crack American pacers. Mr. Winans is highly pleased with American trotting and plans to race several horses in this country. Last season he had two on the grand circuit, and it is said that he intends to get together a large stable for next year.

Accident Started Goulding on His Career as Walker

George Goulding of Toronto, who holds the world's amateur record of 6 minutes 25 4-5 seconds for walking a mile, started his career as a walker by a mere accident. Prior to New Year's day, 1908, Goulding had never taken part in a walking match, but had started in a number of long distance runs with but indifferent success. On Jan. 1, 1908, the Central Young Men's Christian association of Toronto held a walking race, and among those who entered in order to help the thing along was George Goulding. To the surprise of all he won the race easily, walking rings around the best men in his club. Today Goulding is rated as the greatest walker the world has ever known.

At the time of the London Olympiad in 1908 Goulding was among those selected for the Canadian team, despite the fact that he had been walking less than six months. He was not seasoned enough to cope with the great English walkers, but Goulding's perfect and fair style excited favorable comment from even the sour mouthed English experts. The English press commented favorably on his performance, but later when he began to smash records these papers criticised his style. Still later, however, they retracted their criticism and put themselves on record as saying that his style was perfect.

BROOKLYN PRODUCED MANY LEADERS

More managers came from the Brooklyns of 1900 than any other championship team. The present leaders are: Bill Dahlen, Hughey Jennings, Jim McGuire, Jack Dunn and Joe Kelley. The former managers are Jimmy Casey and Tom Daley. The other members of the team were Jimmy McJames, now deceased; Billy Keeler, John Anderson, "Roaring Bill" Kennedy, Jimmy Hughes, Joe Yeager and "Duke" Farrell, scout for the Highlanders.

Billy Keeler could be a manager, but he prefers to remain a high private in the ranks.

BILL LANG A WONDER, SAYS GRIFF

"Had Bill Lang only taken the game of ball seriously he would have been the wonder of the ages," says Clark Griffith.

"He was a big, boyish fellow and played ball like a kid, because he liked to romp and wrestle and have fun and jest. Had he gone in to win, as Cobb and latter day boys do, I believe that he would have been the wonder of the ages. Two hundred and twenty pounds, fast as a deer, strong as an elephant, a good head, a grand arm—ah, there never was such a natural ball player. He quit when at his best. Prince of good fellows, he was one of the most delightful and charming gentlemen I ever have known."

Pari Mutuel Betting System In Germany.

Racing conditions in Germnay, in centers like Berlin, Baden-Baden, Leipzig, Dresden, Helle, Hamburg and Frankfurt, are similar to those in force in France. Pari mutuel machine betting prevails everywhere. Belgium has its share of horse racing, and so has Austria. In Vienna and Budapest there is Sunday afternoon racing, with Willie Shaw, the American boy, once rider for Pittsburg Phil, leading jockey.

CARDINALS MAY HAVE NEW GRAND STAND.

Should the St. Louis Cardinals finish in the first division the directors will erect a $100,000 steel and cement grand stand.

STATE FEDERATION OF CLUBS

(Continued from Page Nine.)

the desire to be hospitable that the merchants even forgot to take an inventory of their stock, so busy were they dispensing hospitality. It indeed was pleasant to have Mrs. Vance welcome us and great was the applause when she concluded her address. Mrs. Palmer Jerman responded in behalf of the Federation and pleased everyone by her charming manner and fine response. She is indeed fitted by her mentality and great personal charm to represent her State in any capacity.

Greetings were extended from the D. A. R. and the U. D. C., and from Mrs. Washburn, of Tryon, ex-president of the Minnesota Federation.

Mrs. Eugene Reilly delivered her annual address in her usual charming and graceful manner. After reviewing the work of the year, she recommended that the clubs hold district meetings under a district chairman, as the Charlotte Club had done, suggesting that great good could be derived from such meeting and the social feature would serve to cement a bond of friendship among those participating. This was later offered as a resolution and adopted by the Executive Committee. The closing address of the evening was made by Mrs. Philip N. Moore, who, to quote Mrs. Fairbrother, made this impression: "The tradition still preserved in some quarters that modesty is one of the cardinal virtues of womanhood was strongly exemplified in the person of our distinguished president of the General Federation, whom we were so fortunate to have with us. The beautiful poise and simplicity of manner, the absolute freedom from anything suggesting the consciousness of her own worth, was an object lesson in true greatness and one which adds force and power to a most pleasing and attractive personality." The credentials committee reported 94 delegates representing 21,800 club women, the total vote of the convention being 102 together with the State chairman and officers.

The officers' and chairmen's reports were given in their logical order. It is absolutely impossible to give anything like the worth of them, but in hearing them read the best as we saw it was culled to bring back to our home club.

The recording secretary requested that all clubs answer letters written them as the year book has been delayed six weeks by such failure. The corresponding secretary was swamped with letters and telegrams from all over the United States as greetings. Too many to think of reading. We were gratified that one from Miss Gibson, of our own club, and ex-president of the Federation did not pass unread. The Legislative Committee reported the passage of the library bill but without the full appropriation asked for. A health committee also appeared before the Legislative Committee on behalf of the health bill. The Club Extension Committee reported 21 new clubs federated this year. The delegates representing these clubs were invited to the platform where they sat until all new club reports were read. Chairman, Mrs. D. Y. Cooper, of the Industrial and Child Labor Committee, reported $1,000 raised excepting for a small sum for Jackson Training School. This was speedily raised in the convention much to the gratification of the Federation in general and Mrs. Cooper in particular, who retires fom office.

Mrs. W. J. Cocke, chairman of the Conservation Committee, reported that she was working in the establishment of a chair of Forestry at the State University. Her report was so fine that the Asheville paper commented upon it in an editorial the following day. Resolutions were passed by the convention to petition the preident and trustees of the State University to establish a Chair of Forestry at the State University. Mrs. Kimball, chairman of civics, after telling of the many things accomplished, urged the study of civics in the Public Schools, the formation of Junior Leagues and that each club celebrate civic day and invite representatives from other towns where there are no civic leagues. Mrs. Stevens, of the Educational Committee, reported numerous mother's meetings were held with a desire to strengthen the bond between teacher and mother, also the placing of 12 scholarships, the first time in the history of this department.

If health is the most important possession from this standpoint, to Mrs. Hutt, chairman of Health Committee, is due the commendation of having done a fine work. A report which showed such an individual effort in behalf of the health. She reported 197 talks made in rural districts on this important subject. She also supplied to every club member in North Carolina whose name was sent in Health Bulletins, besides to women in the remote districts. She recommended that all efforts for the coming year be concentrated on the extermination of the fly in North Carolina, of calling upon all of the women of the State to assist in ridding the State of the pest. She urged the study of health and sanitation in the schools and stated that enforcement of health laws must be done by the women by keeping right after the men to do it. One evening was devoted entirely to fine arts. Every piece of vocal and instrumental music on the programme was written by the Federation and the papers read were all prize papers, conspicuous among them the History of Our Country, by Mrs. J. P. Lucas, a former Wilmingtonian. A few of the club's best achievements as presented in their reports were noted for the benefit of those in search for a good work to be undertaken by clubs.

Charlotte reported medical inspection of schools, a Spring cleaning and $100 in prizes offered for the largest trash piles, has supported a nurse at a cost of $500 who also instructed the school children in schools, also observed Arbor Day. Taboro reported placing galvanized trash cans in the streets. Goldsboro has been interested in tree-planting. The first day of May is observed as Park Day, the school children taking part by marching in procession to the park.

High Point reported $1,200 raised, they also turfed railroad embankment entrance to the town (we might follow the example and produce great results). Goldsboro changed conditions in R. R. station. The children were given prizes for the greatest number of coupons on which were written promises to clean up; also had a medical inspection of schools in April.

Bruce (Mrs. Cotton president), reported a club of seven women and obtained a screen odinance which required the screening of all meats, fruits and vegetables. The market floor was cemented so that it is washed thoroughly every night and fish are required to be kept in ice water tanks. Shelby Club established drinking fountains in the public schools, established a playground, planted trees in school grounds. Marion agitated the fly question and improved the town square.

Carthage improved Court House square, has the grass cut, attends to the removing of garbage and pays for the same, has planted 200 shade trees and urged the inauguration of the individual drinking cups in public schools.

Southern Pines supports a nurse in the public schools who also teaches health.

Roxboro reported a clean-up day.

Raleigh reported $1,000 raised and numerous reforms.

Hendorson succeeded in being instrumental in passing a screen ordinance.

Asheville supports a scholarship at the State Normal College.

Whiteville is interested in civic improvement and has improved the Court House square.

Miss Adelaide Fries stated as chairman of the Literature Committee that a great work had been done in this line; that if all the work done by the literature departments of individual clubs be taken together that it would equal a six-year college course.

Mrs. Hook reported having attended a council meeting in Memphis, Tenn., and referred to Dr. Ward's address on the "Modern Function of the Schools." He made a plea for the schools to be kept open all day, to be used as a meeting place for lectures to mothers and discussions of all matters pertaining to school problems. He spoke of the necessity of educational pictures and the schools as the proper place for them to be used, and the necessity of the playgrounds being opened in the afternoons and also the gymnasiums for the benefit of children.

In the choice of its new president, great judgment has been shown in the selection of Mrs. Cotton, who for years has been one of the foremost and widely known women of the State, a woman of wonderful mental and executive ability and possessed of charms and womanly graces, ready in wit, and one who places work above self interests.

She has been called to lead while the Federation is the largest in its history. Her's will be a steadying influence, but with such a vision for the future as she possesses and plans for, with her hand at the wheel, the Federation will sail out upon wide waters to do a great work, but will never dash against the rocks or be misguided in turbulent seas.

Two great plans for work suggested by Mrs. Cotton for this year will be the Endowment Plan, as the Federation now has a charter and stock will be issued and all clubs and individuals asked to take shares, the interest on the same to be used for educational purposes. The other plan is to work for representatives on the schools boards by women.

In choosing a president this year, a fight was on for a native North Carolinian and as Mrs. Cotton was the first to call the clubs together to federate, an honor long deferred has been conferred on her.

The Raleigh Club made a lasting impression upon the convention in the fine work they did in revising the proposed constitution and by-laws. When this proposed constitution was received by them, they immediately went to work for its improvement. They obtained the constitutions from all over the United States of the State Federations, and appointed a special committee to report. The best was culled, typewritten copies were made and the delegates went armed with these to the convention. They won. Each proposal went through without a hitch. The convention is much indebted to them for their interest and help in the revision.

"In forcing the issue and securing definite action one the proposition of Dr. Foust, president of the State Normal and Industrial College, for college extension work in North Carolina, through the Federation of Woman's Clubs, the Greensboro delegation feels that it accomplished something really worth while. On the first reading of Dr. Foust's letter, setting forth his plan, there were signs of opposition on the part of certain friends and supporters of private and denominational educational institutions. In view of this fact, some of those most heartily in sympathy with the move felt a hesitancy in pushing it for fear of interrupting the beautiful harmony which had prevailed throughout the meeting. But the unterrified said:

"Let them go on record; let us know if there is any woman in North Carolina unpatriotic enough to oppose such a generous offer on the part of this magnificent state institution—the college established for and supported by the women—all the women of North Carolina; the college which, as Dr. Foust has explained, belongs to all the women of the State, and is now trying to inaugaurate a plan by which all the women—irrespective of age or condition—can enjoy its benefits and share its privileges. Working by bulletins and lectures through the women's clubs, thus getting in closer touch with the county teachers who, in their turn, can aid and interest and secure the co-operation of wives and mothers in the rural districts, he hopes to penetrate the remotest corner of the most benighted district within our borders, carrying the gospel of sanitation, pure food and all the good and helpful things which tend to the physical, intellectual and moral uplift of our people."

In the opinion of those who recognize the far-reaching influences and incalculable value of the proposed plan, no more important matter came before the convention, and future action in reference to it on the part of the educational department, to which it was referred, will be watched with interest. Prominent among the clubs which not only voted for the acceptance of Dr. Foust's offer of co-operation, but who talked for it, were Charlotte and Hendersonville—through Mrs. Hook and Mrs. Rogers, of the former, and Mrs. D. Y. Cooper, of the latter.

One of the features of the convention was an address by Dr. Delia Dixon Carroll, of Raleigh which we should like to report in full. Her talk was inspiring and helpful. She presented so many phases of this subject and made a forceful appeal to the women to organize their forces and work for the health of the State and see to it that the laws made were carried out. Dr. Carroll is a member of the American Medical Association and assured the women of its co-operation in their work undertaken.

As to the social side, it would be impossible to do justice to the entertainment of the convention. A reception at Battery Park, daily luncheons served there; an organ recital at Biltmore, in All Saints' church; a drive over the Vanderbilt estate and an inspection of the dairy; a performance by the Ben Greet Opera Co., to which the delegates were invited as guests, and last but not least the warm welcome and unbounded hospitality accorded us by our hostesses. The memory will long live as a pleasant event in our lives.

Another Report of The Work.

Treating an entirely different phase of the convention, but none the less interesting, was the report of Mrs. Herbert McClammy, which is as follows:

At the opening session of the convention of the N. C. F. of Woman's Clubs held in Asheville, May 2, 1911, Mr. R. Williams, representing the Mayor of the City delivered a most eloquent address of welcome filled with a series of beautiful tributes to the work of the women of the Federation and breathing welcome in a truly hospitable spirit.

After the delightful welcome by Mrs. Z. B. Vance in behalf of the Asheville Clubs, the response by Mrs. Jerman, of Raleigh, other greetings and the President's splendid address, in which she told of how the Federation had grown during her administration from 41 to 80 clubs, now representing 2,899 members, Mrs. Philip W. Moore, President of the General Federation, was introduced and in an interesting and delightful manner explained the significance of the General as opposed to the National Federation. Since the organization was no longer confined to the nation, but repreesnted clubs of Europe, Asia and many parts of the canal zone.

In speaking of the various phases of the work undertaken by the Federation she stated that while its ultimate object was the benefit and upbuilding of the womanhood of the world in general, the motto of the Federation was "Unity in Diversity," and it was easier to tell what it did not do, than what it did. Among the things not touched upon by the General Federation were politics, prohibition, religion and woman's suffrage. Tho' she saw the latter inevitably coming and believed in same in a restrictive sense, she said because men had made the mistake in giving universal suffrage, women need not follow their example and make the same blunder. It was often said that the twentieth century had discovered woman, but she said that woman was her own Christopher Columbus and was carving out her destinies. Mrs. Moore's special plea to the convention was that every State and individual club contribute to an endowment fund for the General Federation in order that its work might be prosecuted to better advantage. She said that with their present resources it was impossible to comply with the demands constantly made for aid in various departments and urged that clubs unite with the Federation for their mutual benefit, and that every State Federation and individual club contribute for one time the amount of its dues to the endowment fund.

At the conclusion of Mrs. Moore's address a most delightful reception was tendered the delegates and officers of the Federation by the management of the hotel in the drawing and palm rooms of the Battery Park. A delicious salad course and punch was served in the dining room and several hunderd guests were in attendance.

The Wednesday sessions were featured by reports of the Executive Board, chairman of departments and special committees. Luncheon was served each day in the assembly room of the hotel by the local club in turn after which the business of the Federation was resumed.

Mrs. Hook, of Charlotte, in reporting the bi-ennial council recently held at Memphis, told of the great preparations being made for the bi-ennial to be held in San Francisco next year, and stated that many concessions had been made by the railroads in the way of reduced rates, stop-overs, lengthened ticket limits, etc., and urged a large attendance fom the State. Mrs. Moore stated that the date of the convention had been postponed from May to July in order that all schools being closed, families might go West for the Summer.

At this juncture was introduced Mrs. C. Ward, of Chicago, a past president of the Federation and now President of the Chicago Woman's Club of more than 1,000 members, the lagest club of its kind in the United States. She spoke briefly and most happily of "peace, and its relation to ourselves, the home and the nation," saying she was opposed to the raising of fortifications, the maintaining of standing armies, etc., as all this implies to warfare, and instead of preparing for war we should think, talk and act peace, and not be afraid of being called cranks, for by such are great movements started and great things accomplished. She thinks a great enemy of our club is the tendency to hurry and the attempt to do too many things at one time.

Mrs. Hollowell, of Goldsboro, spoke in behalf of the rural school teacher of whom we hear so much and for whom we do so little. She urged that the clubs send old magazines to these several husdred teachers who have no access to libraries and no means of keeping up with the great world movements of the day and yet hold in their hands the training and to a great extent the destines of thousands of children.

Following other reports Mrs. Welch, of Rhode Island, Recording Secretary of the G. F. W. C., was introduced and spoke interestingly of conservation, as opposed to the spending of our energies in trying to do too much.

At 5 o'clock Wednesday P. M. the delegates and visitors of the Federation were entertained with a most delightful organ recital given by Mr. and Mrs. F. F. Harkness in the beautiful All Souls' church at Biltmore, on Wednesday evening. Dr. Delia Dixon Carroll, of Raleigh, representing the American Medical Association made a fine address and urged that we use our influence to have medical education taught in the schools, saying that we alone are responsible for a disgraceful death rate and tremendous infant-mortality within our borders.

On Thursday the election of officers took place and our club was honored in having our honorary member, Mrs. R. R. Cotton, of Bruce, made President of the State Federation. Mrs. Cotton in an address to the convention expressed in a graceful and happy way her appreciation of the honor, and made an earnest plea for an endowment fund for our State Federation, especially now that the Federation had secured a charter. She confessed that she had gotten the idea from Mrs. Moore's appeal, but was opposed to individual clubs belonging to the General Federation and thought they should rather support the State organization and that in turn the General. She asked particularly that the matter be presented to the different clubs and the co-operation of each be urged, to the end that the work and expense of the Federation be better provided for. She moved that the North Carolina Federation contribute for one year the amount of its dues, as asked by Mrs. Moore, but did not approve of individual clubs doing this since it was destructive to unity and correct organization. Mrs. Cotton stated that the special effort of her administration would be to raise a large endowment fund for the State Federation and the securing of a law permitting women to serve on school boards.

Mrs. Hull in giving her report of the teachers of North Carolina in giving health and education and stated that the arrangements had been made whereby one room in every school could have free examination for hookworm by applying to Dr. Ferrell, of the State Hookworm Commission. She also showed that it was in the power of women to enforce the sanitary and health laws that we have, before securing others, and recommended several simple and attractive works on sanitation and hygiene for boys and girls. After the conclusion of the Club reports on Thursday the delegates and visitors to the convention by courtesy of the Asheville Board of Trade, were given a delightful drive in tallehoes and carriages through the beautiful Biltmore estate, with the privilege of inspecting its wonderful dairy, poultry and truck farms, and the day was concluded with a complimentary presentation of Shakespeare's "MidSummer Night's Dream," by the Ben Geeet woodland players in the opera house. This courtesy was extended by the Men's Club of Asheville, and was much enjoyed by all.

A special feature of this occasion was the appearance before the curtain of Mr. Greet himself, who asked that the women of the State encourage a revival of the study of human nature's greatest teacher and philosopher, William Shakespeare.

Friday's session of the convention was taken up by the framing and adopting of a new constitution, the disposing of unfinished business, etc., after which adjourned what was perhaps the most notable and enthusiastic gathering of women ever held in North Carolina, and needless to say, one of the most delightful as well.

Removal Sale of the French Millinery Parlors. All goods at cost beginning Monday, May 15th. tf.

Carnations, white and pink, for Mother's Day May 14th, at Will Rehder's. **

WOMAN ESCAPES OPERATION

Was Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Elwood, Ind.—"Your remedies have cured me and I have only taken six bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I was sick three months and could not walk. I suffered all the time. The doctors said I could not get well without an operation, for I could hardly stand the pains in my sides, especially my right one, and down my right leg. I began to feel better when I had taken only one bottle of Compound, but kept on as I was afraid to stop too soon."—Mrs. SADIE MULLEN, 2728 N. B. St., Elwood, Ind.

Why will women take chances with an operation or drag out a sickly, half-hearted existence, missing three-fourths of the joy of living, when they can find health in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound?

For thirty years it has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has cured thousands of women who have been troubled with such ailments as displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, indigestion, and nervous prostration.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be absolutely confidential, and the advice free.

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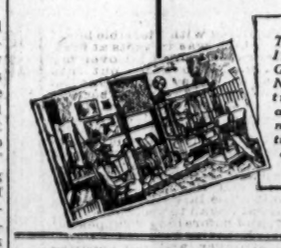
W. H. OSBORN, Presiden

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE

GREENSBORO N C.



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BRITAIN'S VAST RESOURCES

Problems Analagous to Those in the United States for Conserving Economic Resources of United Kingdom.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Chicago, Il., May 13.—Confronting problems analogous to those encountered by the United States Department of Agriculture and by experiment station workers in this country, and guided in the venture to no small extent by exciting American experiences and results, Great Britain is formulating plans for the greater development of the economic resources of the United Kingdom by means of government aid.

This move in England, one of the most comprehensive of the kind ever undertaken by any nation, is of much interest to those in this country who are interested in and familiar with the American methods of stimulating agricultural advancement. The plans are the result of an act of Parliament known as the Development and Road Improvement Act. Although not restricted to agriculture, the act seems likely to lead to far-reaching benefits to that industry. Having studied the methods of the American Department of Agriculture and the United States Reclamation Service, which was created for the benefit of the people through the efforts of the National Irrigation Congress, the British idea is to enlarge to a considerable extent upon American methods, one of the first provisions of the act providing for a board of development commissioners, upon whose recommendations advances may be made from the treasury.

These advances may be employed for the aiding and developing of agriculture and rural industries, forestry, the reclamation and drainage of unoccupied lands, the general improvement of rural transportation, the construction and impovement of harbors and inland navigation, the development and improvement of fisheries and for many other purpose which the commissioners decide will promote the economic development of the United Kingdom.

The funds available for this work consists of what is known as the consolidated fund for which the new act appropriates the sum of $2,500,000 annually for five years. To this, however, may be added any special appropriations which may be made subsequently, or any gifts or legacies which may be forthcoming. The fund is available until used and any revenue derived from such sources as interest or profits in the repayments of loans or the sale of farm poducts may also be utilized.

The commissioners constitute the administrative body in charge of the fund. There are five of these commissioners, appointed by King George for terms of five years each, the tenure being so devised that the term of one member expires every two years. Two of the commissioners may receive salaries not to exceed $15,000 per year each.

The term agriculture and rural industries, as used in the act, is subsequently defined as including agriculture, horticulture, dairying, the breeding of horses, cattle and other live stock, the cultivation and preparation of flax, the cultivation and manufacture of tobacco, and many industries immediately connected with or subserviant to any of these. The lines of developmnt open also include the promoting of scientific research, instruction and experiments in the science, methods and practices of agriculture, the organization of co-operating bodies, instruction in marketing produce and the extension of the provision of small holdings. Forestry work likewise may include experiments, the teaching of methods of afforestation and the actual purchase of planting of lands.

The road improvement clause provides for the appointment by the treasury of a road board distinct from the development commissioners. No funds are directly appropriated for this work, but provision is made for borrowing money from the consiliated fund or from any other available source, the sums so obtained to be repaid from the road improvement grant.

The various provisions of the act make it apparent that broad discretionary powers are vested in the development commissioners, and that the results obtained will be largely influenced by their decisions regarding the lines of work to be entered upon and the way in which the work is to be conducted. As would be expected, keen interest has been manifested in the move throughout England and the applications for aid already have been so general that a statement has been issued that the grants already sought would involve, if granted, an expenditure three times greater than the sum available.

The development of one industry has been given aid, this industry being considered one of the more important of all of England's immediate needs. This is the encouragement of light horse breeding, which is of particular importance to Great Britain because of the requirements of the British army, now largely met by importations of foreign stock. A grant of $200,000 has been made for this year for such investigations and encouragement as that fund will provide.

The utilization of a portion of the fund for agricultural instruction and research has not yet been definitely provided for, but is understood to be receiving much consideration. The desirability of such aid seems to be generally conceded. The need for additional resources for these purposes has long been felt, and has been a frequent subject for discussion not only among agricultural workers, but also among scientific men in general.

Contending that the claims of agriculture on the development fund are obviously greater than the claims of agriculturists, the British Science Guild, interested greatly in the movement, urges that the value of investigations can rarely be translated directly into terms of pecuniary gain and that the benefits to be derived lie more in the methods of thought that are included among the farmers because of the work, in the stimulus it gives to a more exact conduct of the business of farming and in the confidence with which men take up the fresh resources which science and the industries are always putting at the disposal of agriculture. The fact that those countries whose agriculture has made the greatest advances in recent years are those which pay greatest attention to research, the Guild asserts, is itself sufficient justification for the action of the Guild in urging the British government to move in this direction.

A VETERAN PILOT

(Continued from Page Nine.)

would have a clear sea towards Bermuda and by the way the sea was as smooth as glass, when the lookout in the crow's nest reported a vessel of war ahead, shortly afterwards another on the starboard bow, and a little later a third one on our port bow, and in a few minutes a fourth one on our beam. We had unfortunately run into the second line of blockaders, called the Gulf Squadron, and it was not more than two hours before they were all in range and pelting us with bomb shells.

"The chase lasted until half past one in the afternoon when a shell from the cruiser on our starboard beam, called the. Gettysburg and which was formerly the blockade runner Margaret and Jessie, struck us below the water line, making a large hole through which the water rushed like a mill stream.

"All our efforts to stop the leak with blankets were unavailing. We had previously thrown over our deck load of cotton, but it was impossible to reach the hole from the inside, as the hold was jam full of cotton, and in a short time the vessel began to steer badly and gradually sank almost to the level of the deck. Finding further efforts to escape utterly fruitless, our Captain stopped the ship and surrendered to the boats which immediately surrounded us.

"I remember that when the ship was hove to and the Federal officers came on board, our sullen and dejected commander was standing on the starboard paddle box, with his arms folded and his back turned to the approaching Federals, when one of them, with a drawn sword, approached and asked if he was in command of the ship. Captain Martin responded with an oath: I was commander, but I suppose you are captain now.'

"Although every effort had been made to escape, those of us who knew Captain Maffitt, the former commander of the Lilian, regretted very much his absence on this occasion, as he would most likely have been more fortunate in getting away.

"Knowing how eager the Federals were to identify the pilot of the ship, they being in blissful ignorance that there were no fewer than five Wilmington pilots on board, we all agreed to personate firemen or members of the crew, and succeeded in passing ourselves as such. Subsequently all of us escaped except the ship's pilot, who was detained at Point Lookout until the end of the war.

"Our ship's company numbered forty-eight men, and now, after a lapse of forty-seven years, we two, James Sprunt, purser, and J. W. Craig, pilot, are the only survivors of them all.

"After our escape from prison, we made our way to Halifax, Nova Scotia, through the medium of some gold coins, which I fortunately kept next to my body in a waist band and which paid the passage of four of my companions, including Mr. Sprunt. I poined the steamer Bat at Halifax, and proceeded as pilot of her to Wilmington. When off the bar, and in the midst of the blockading fleet, which was firing heavily upon us, my captain lost his nerve, and, notwithstanding my expostulations, persisted in stopping the Bat. The cause of the captain's excitement was due to this remarkable incident: one of our sailors was a survivor of the desperate battle betwneen the Alabama and the Kearsarge off Cherbourg some months before, he having served on the Alabama, but, instead of proving to be, as might have been expected, a very brave man under the fire of the blockading fleet, he became terrified and hid himself as far forward under the turtle-back in the eyes of our ship as he could squeeze himself. During the firing of the fleet a shot struck the exact spot where this poor fellow was hiding and cut off his leg, causing him to utter such shrieks as to demoralize our captain, who ignobly stopped and anchored his ship in the midst of the enemy, when he might just as well have gone on, with less risk of destruction. The ship that boarded us that night was the U. S. steamer Montgomery.

"For the second time I was made a prisoner of war, under the following circumstances, which I have never mentioned but once.

"Before I became engaged in the blockade running service. I was acting as mate on the Confederate steamer Flora McDonald, a transport on the Cape Fear river, and when the Confederate privateer Retribution sent a prize schooner into Wilmington which she had captured at sea, in charge of one of the Retribution's officers named Jordan, who had shipped with Captain Joseph Price in Wilmington, I assissted in towing that vessel from the bar to Wilmington, and of course, saw much of Jordan.

"When I was captred by the Montgomery, I was taken to the Portsmouth navy yard, when we were boarded by a Federal officer in a Captain's uniform, who proved to be none other than my quondam Confederate friend Jordan, who had gone over to the enemy, and who immediately recognized me and informed against me.

"I was then put in irons and sent on board the U. S. man-of-war Sabine, where I was most kindly treated by its commander, Captain Loring, and while a prisoner on his ship I was repeatedly approached by the Federal officers, who offered to pay me any sum I would name if I would join their fleet off Fort Fisher and take part as a pilot in their attack against my home. I told them that the United States Government did not have enough money to induce me to accept such a proposition, and I accordingly remained a prisoner at Point Lookout until after the war was over.

"I may add that while I was a prisoner on the Sabine, two of the Cape Fear pilots, C. C. Morse and John Savage, were brought on board as prisoners, under suspicion of being pilots, and, although they were intimate friends of mine, I took particular pains to treat them as total strangers and paid no attention to them, lest it might get them into further trouble. They were much relieved when they discovered my purpose. Savage was subsequently released, but Morse, having been identified later by some other means, was made a prisoner with me until the end of the war.

"The monotony of prison life affords so few incidents worth mentioning that this experience is hardly worth recalling, and yet, I remember some diversions, which gave us much merriment at the time.

"While our friends of the Lilian were confined for several weeks in a casemate of Fort Macon, that garrison consisted of what the Yankees called the First Regiment of North Carolina Volunteers. These men were known to us, however, as "Buffaloes," and they were a mean lot, as can be imagined, who had turned against their native State in time of great stress of war. Every day an officer and guard took us outside our gloomy casemate and permitted us to stretch our legs along the beach, while we gazed with longing eyes across the intervening sound to Dixie's Land. The marsh grass was full of sand fiddlers, which scuttled away at our approach. I pretended to be surprised and asked the guard what these things were, as they would be called lobsters in my country if they were larger. The old renegade looked at me with a most contemptuous expression, and replied: 'You know what they are; you've got millions of them at Smithville, whar you come from.'

"Another daily experience was the persistent, though unsuccessful, effort of the officer of the day to tease out of our young purser, James Sprunt, whom he thought an easy mark on account of his youth (17 years), a betrayal of our pilot, little dreaming that we were five Wilmington pilots.

"A warm attachment began in that prison life, between Mr. Sprunt and myself, which has been true and steadfast through all these intervening years. We little thought then that our lives would be so long united in the bonds of Christian fellowship and commercial enterprise.

"During my subsequent confinement on the Sabine as a prisoner of war, a large number of blockade runners who had been captured at sea were brought to that school ship for confinement, and Captain Loring tried in every way to surprise those suspected of being pilots into an admission of the fact. One fine day, while the prisoners were lying on the deck, Captain Loring, looking like an old seadog, bluff and hearty, paced up and down among them, and suddenly, turning on his heel, he called out: 'All you North Carolinians stand up quick!' I cast my eyes over a number of our pilots, fearing they would be taken by this surprise and betray themselves, but not a man stirred, and old Loring, who was really a good fellow and kind to us, went on his way.

"And I hope it may not be amiss in the conclusion of these reminiscences to allude to the fact that, although I have been all these years engaged as a Cape Fear pilot, in the duties of my vocation, it has pleased God to call me also to the higher duty of preaching His Gospel, as a Methodist Minister, and to make me the humble instrument, in His Hands of guiding some of my fellow men to their eternal rest, as I have guided the ships to the haven where they would be.

"There was a moral lesson, to those who heeded, in the devious path of our hunted fugitives of the sea in war times, for the Christian warfare is a running fight through many adversaries of the soul, and if we will but follow the lead of the Great Pilot, He will bring us safe at last to 'an anchor within the vale whither our fore-runner is already entered.'

"There is a beautiful figure in this Scripture, which few landsmen recognize. The approach by sailing vessels in the olden time to the inlets of the Mediterranean sea was often baffled by adverse winds, or calms; a little boat was then lowered, which carried into the harbor a kedge anchor which was dropped oveboard. To this small anchor was attached a line by which the vessel was warped by the windlass into the haven. The man who carried the anchor is in was the fore-runner, and, in a figure, He is Christ the Captain of our Salvation; the line is the line of faith, and the man at the windlass is a human soul who trusts in God."

BACK HOMERS.

Business Organizations to Meet in Chattanooga This Month.

Chattanooga, Tenn., May 13.—President J. P. Winn of the "Back Home" Movement Association, is today sending invitations to all chambers of commerce and other business organizations in the States east of the Mississippi and south of the Ohio and Potomac rivers, to meet in conference at the Read House, in this city, on May 17th. The railroads of the territory are also invited to send representatives. It is generally known throughout the South that the object of the "Back Home" movement is to check the outflow of people to the West by stimulating a return movement of Southerners to their home States.

That the movement is of great importance to the South is shown by advices from Southerners in the West to the effect that the Western railroads are doing everything possible to forestall it. A letter from a Southern man now in Seattle to Secretary W. D. Roberts, of Johnson City, Tennessee, says: "The 'Back Home' movement is very unpopular with the railroads and land 'sharks' here in the West, but by all means keep it going."

Carnations, white and pink, for Mother's Day May 14th, at Will Rehder's. **

Removal Sale of the French Millinery Parlors. All goods at cost beginning Monday, May 8th. tf.

S.S.S.

CURES BLOOD POISON

A great many so-called remedies for Contagious Blood Poison are composed almost entirely of strong mineral ingredients. They seem to be compounded with the idea that one poison will counteract another—provided the stomach and delicate portions of the system can withstand the effects of the strong treatment. These concoctions are intended to kill the poison in the system. In this article we want to tell you of S. S. S., a purely vegetable remedy for Contagious Blood Poison, a medicine that not only cures the disease, but one which from the first dose has a fine tonic effect upon the stomach and the entire system. Nor does S. S. S. attempt to kill the germs within the system, but cures by REMOVING them from the blood—which is absolutely the only way to cure the disease.

It does not require any argument to establish the fact that a blood disease can be cured only by a blood purifier; every one will admit the truthfulness of this statement. The question of most importance therefore is, what medicine has proven by actual results its superiority as a blood purifier? We claim this distinction for S. S. S., and offer as proof the fact that for more than forty years it has been sold under this claim and the demand for it has steadily increased, and we have thousands of testimonials from cured patients from all parts of the country.

Contagious Blood Poison, as the name implies, is an infectious blood taint which may be communicated from one person to another. Its virus is of a most insidious nature, multiplying from an insignificant germ in the blood, until it becomes a thorough systemic poison. Its first symptom is usually a tiny sore or pimple, but it rapidly spreads, and in a short while the entire body gives evidence of the poison in the blood. The mouth and throat ulcerate, glands in the groin swell, the hair begins to come out, copper-colored splotches appear on the body, and frequently running sores and ulcers break out on the flesh.

A condition of such serious nature requires proper treatment. Not only must the disease be driven out, but the system which has been weakened by the ravages of the poison, must be built up before health can be restored. ***S. S. S. CURES CONTACIOUS BLOOD POISON BY PURIFYING THE BLOOD.*** It goes into the circulation and removes the last trace of the infectious virus, acts with fine tonic effect on the stomach, bowels, kidneys and all portions of the system, and thus makes a perfect as well as lasting cure. S. S. S. is made entirely of roots, herbs and barks, each of which has a specific action on the system. Not a particle of mineral of any kind enters into the composition of this great medicine. S. S. S. is perfectly safe for any one to take, and instead of upsetting the stomach as mineral medicines do, it tones up this important member and makes digestion easy. Thousands have cured themselves of Contagious Blood Poison by the use of S. S. S., and if you will write and request it we will send you, without charge, a Home Treatment Book, which will give you all necessary information for curing yourself at your own home. We will also give you free any special medical advice you ask for. S. S. S. cures by making pure, healthy blood—Nature's real remedy.

S. S. S. CURED HIM.

I was afflicted with a terrible blood disease, which was in spots at first, but afterwards spread all over my body. These soon broke out into sores, and it is easy to imagine the suffering I endured. Before I became convinced that the doctors could do me no good I had spent a hundred dollars, which was really thrown away. I then tried various patent medicines, but they did not reach the disease. When I had finished my first bottle of S. S. S. I was greatly improved, and was delighted with the result. The large red splotches on my chest began to grow paler and smaller, and before long disappeared entirely. I regained my lost weight, became stronger and my appetite greatly improved. I was soon entirely well, and my skin as clear as a piece of glass.

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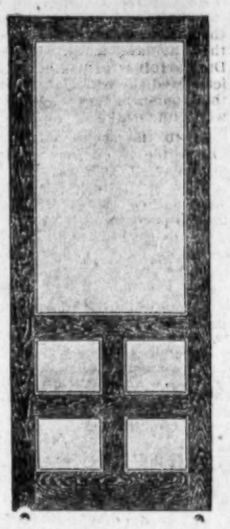

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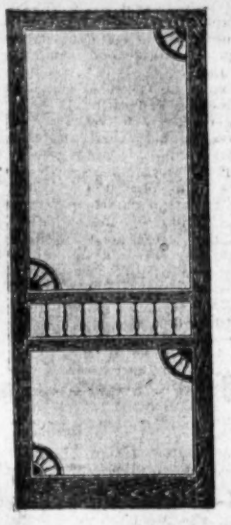

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Sleeper leaving Wilmington 3:15 P. M., arrives Columbia 11:10 P. M., AND MAY BE OCCUPIED UNTIL 7:00 O'CLOCK THE FOLLOWING MORNING, but seat fares will be sold to Columbia for passengers who do not care to occupy berths until morning and will likewise be sold to passengers arriving Wilmington from Columbia at 11:50 P. M., which car may also be occupied until 7:00 A. M.

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Bayboro, N. C.	22.35
Elizabeth City, N. C.	22.70
Washington, N. C.	22.05
Newbern, N. C.	22.05

Reduced rates in same proportion from all stations on Norfolk Southern Railroad.

Final limit May 23rd, unless tickets extended by deposit at Little Rock. For complete information apply to any ticket agent, or address,

W. W. CROXTON, G. P. A.
apr 9-su-6t Norfolk, Va.

Annual Reunion United Confederate Veterans.
Little Rock, Ark., May 15th-18th, 1911.

For this occasion the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad has authorized special low rates, May 13th, 14th and 15th; limited until May 23rd. Ticket can be deposited at Little Rock, and upon payment of a fee of fifty cents, at time of deposit, limit of ticket can be extended to, and including June 14th, 1911.

For rates and information, apply to nearest Agent, or T. C. White, General Passenger Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

T. C. WHITE.
General Passenger Agent.
apr 10-su-6t.

SEASON'S ATHLETICS AT A. & M.

Baseball Year One of the Very Best on Record—Cancellation of Washington & Lee Game—Individual Playing.

(By A. T. Bowler.)

West Raleigh, N. C., May 13.—The 1910 baseball season at the college closed Monday with the cancellation of the Washington and Lee game on the home grounds, on account of rain. It was thought at first that a game with the Virginians could be arranged for Wednesday afternoon, but it was found impracticable to do so, on account of the fact that the cadet battalion had to take part in the Raleigh Memorial Day Exercises as the escort of Major J. C. Hemphill, editor of the Richmond Times-Dispatch, who delivered the Memorial Address. Washington and Lee was then offered a game here Wednesday morning, but Coach Pollard decided that it would tax his men too much to play a hard game with Trinity Tuesday afternoon and then play A. & M. Wednesday morning.

The cancellation of this game was a source of great regret to the team, the student body and to the people of Raleigh generally, as a mighty pitcher's battle was impending between the two premier southpaws in college baseball in the South today, Moran, of Washington and Lee, and Robertson, of A. and M. being slated to pitch against each other, and also because of the clean article of ball always put up by the W. and L. team.

The season just closed has been one of the very best in the history of the college, the team winning seventeen out of twenty college games played, which gives them a per cent of 850, the highest per cent of victories of any team in the State, and also the highest average of any team in the South Atlantic States, when the per cent is figured on the basis of games with colleges both in and out of the State. The game with the Philadelphia Nationals, which was won by A. & M., is not counted in the list of games played.

At the beginning of the season the chances for a winning team were not of the brightest. Freeman, perhaps the best college centerfielder in the State, and also one of the heaviest and most consistent hitters in college baseball anywhere, who, as captain of the team, was to hold the team together, was declared ineligible by the college athletic authorities because of his participation in organized baseball last summer with the Jacksonville team of the South Atlantic League. However, Farmer, a freshman, who played at Oak Ridge last year, was a candidate for a position in the outfield, and on account of the vacancy in center he was tried in that position, and with the very first game he demonstrated his ability to hit, and has held the position of "lead-off" batter in every game this season except one, in which he did not play. He has a batting average for the season of 379.

Ross in left field and Brown in right, both excellent players, made good records this year, but will not be seen in A. & M. uniforms another season, as they both graduate this session.

The infield this year was a fast one, with Speer on third, Hartsell at short, Patton and Tucker on second, and Williams, are a trio of players invaluable for their heavy hitting. Second base was the weakest position on the taem, owing to Patton's bad throwing arm. The work of Williams at first base was of the very best kind, ground balls not seeming to worry him in the least. He fielded his position better than any other first sacker A. & M. has ever had. The team did not play an errorless game the entire season.

Seifert, behind the bat, played better ball this year than ever before, and every victory won was due in no small measure to Seifert's good head work and fighting spirit.

Good pitchers was the most pressing need of the team at the beginning of the season, Stafford being the only man on the squad known to be able to deliver the goods. But coach Frank Thompson had seen Robertson's tremendous speed and sharp curves and believed that with careful coaching the big southpaw could be developed into a phenomenal pitcher. Robertson's main trouble was his lack of control and lack of confidence in himself on account of his wildness. Coach Thompson devoted a great deal of time to the Portsmouth boy and developed him into one of the very best pitchers who ever wore an A. & M. uniform, until now he has no superior and few equals in college baseball anywhere in the country.

Robertson pitched ten games and won eight of them. In the Game against Guilford College on the local grounds he struck out twenty-three men, equalling the world's professional record for strike-outs in nine innings, and breaking the college record. He struck out forty-one men in three games, with Wake Forest, and only allowed four hits, one of them being a scratch hit. In only one game during the season did he strike out less than twelve men, and in the V. P. I. game he shut out the Virginia Techs—4 to 0, allowing them not a semblance of a hit, and striking out seventeen men.

Stafford this year won seven out of eight games pitched, losing his first game in three years of college baseball. Stafford is steady, works hard all the time, and fields his position well. His pitching record is an enviable one, placing him in the front rank of college pitchers in the State.

A. & M.'s only substitute pitcher used this year, Tucker, pitched three games and won them all. It was Tucker who pitched against the Philadelphia national and defeated them—6 to 4.

At the close of the season A. & M. has five men who batted over three hundred during the entire season, these men being Farmer, Robertson, Hartsell, Patton and Ross. The batting average for the team for the season was 274, which is considered a good showing for a college team.

The record of Frank Thompson as a baseball coach has few equals anywhere. Since he took up the duties of baseball coach at A. & M. three years ago he has turned out teams that have lost only nine games in three seasons. Year before last A. & M. played 21 games, winning 15, losing five White team played 18 games, winning and tying one; last year the Red and 14, losing one and tying three; this year the team has played 20 games, winning 17, and losing three.

This gives them a record for the past three years of playing 59 games, winning 46, losing nine and tying four, with a percentage of 836. Thompson is a former A. & M. star athlete, being one of the best all-round athletes in the State, and no coach has ever been held in higher esteem by his men than Thompson.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY SESSIONS

Southern Presbyterian Church in United States Will Convene Thursday of This Week in Louisville, Ky.

(By Mamie Bays.)

During the present week the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States, known familiarly as the Southern Presbyterian Church, will convene in annual session in Louisville. Beginning on Thursday morning, the closing session will not be held until about ten days later.

Added to many other important features of the General Assembly this year, is the fact that this meeting will include the semi-centennial celebration of the organization of this church, this being the 51st session of the Assembly. During the meeting of the General Assembly of last year, which was held in Lewisburg, W. Va., a committee on programme for a semi-centennial celebration, to be held this year, was appointed, and the report of that committee, which was adopted, recommended that the celebration be held on Thursday evening of the first day of the Assembly of 1911, and Friday morning and evening following. The principal speakers selected and appointed for this occasion are the following: Rev. Henry Alexander White, D. D., of Columbia, S. C.; Walter W. Moore, D. D., of Richmond, and Rev. Egbert W. Smith, D. D., of Louisville. Dr. White will discuss the past of the church, Dr. Moore, the present, and Dr. Smith, the future.

When the Southern Presbyterian Church was organized, in December, 1861, the membership was only about 72,000, and it has grown during the half century that has passed since then until its membership is now 300,000.

The General Assembly, which is the highest court of the church, is composed of the Synods of Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia. Each Synod is divided into a convenient number of Presbyteries, and whatever power in the Presbyterian church that may be termed Episcopal power, is vested in the Presbytery, and any appeal from the action of a Presbytery is carried to the General Assembly.

The membership of the General Assembly consists of an equal number of ministers and elders, these members being known as commissioners. The commissioners are elected by the Presbyteries, each Presbytery being entitled to two commissioners—one minster and one elder—except those Presbyteries in which there are 24 or more ministers, and these are entitled to elect two ministers and two elders as commissioners to the General Assembly, but no Presbytery is entitled to a larger number.

The growth of the Southern Presbyterian church has not been so rapid as some of the other denominations, but the growth of no other denomination has been more sure. This church through all of its history has emphasized the importance of Christian instruction and training of children and young people, the family altar, the observance of the Sabbath as a day of rest, an educated, well trained ministry, and liberality in giving to the various claims of the church, with a force that has not been surpassed by any denomination, and it is to this adherence to the principles and practice of the founders of Presbyterianism that this church owes much of her splendid history, and her strength and power today.

According to the latest published statistics of the Southern Presbyterian Church, the territory of the General Assembly includes 14 Synods, in which are included a total of 87 Presbyteries. There are in this church 1,694 ordained minsters, 62 licentiate ministers, and 422 candidates for the minstry. There are also 3,324 churches, 24,516 teachers in Sabbath School and Bible classes, and 202,129 scholars in these classes.

One year ago the Southern Presbyterian Church contributed $106,042 to the Assembly's Home Missions; $232,321 to Local Home Missions; $55,431 Ministerial Relief; $27,010 to Ministerial Education; $20,113 to Publication; $16,675 to Colored Evangelization; $9,413 to Bible Cause; $140,144 to Schools and Colleges; $87,550 to Orphan's Homes; $2,417,486 to Congregational and Pastors' Salaries; $323,134 to miscellaneous causes, and $420,602 to Foreign Missions. The reports to be submitted to the General Assembly this year will no doubt show a large increase in a number of these figures. The report of the executive committee of Foreign Missions has been published already, and this report shows that on March 31, the close of the fiscal year, there has been contributed for this cause $444,480.60.

This church sustains mission stations in Africa, East Brazil, West Brazil, Mid China, North Kiangsu, Cuba, Japan, Korea, and Mexico, and in these countries the church is represented by 294 missionaries. One of the most urgent calls that will be presented to the General Assembly this year will be that of the need for more missionaries to be sent at once to the foreign field, and equally urgent will be the call for more liberal contributions to the cause of Foreign Missions, in order that more missionaries may be sent to this work, notwithstanding the fact that the contributions to their cause during the year just closed have been larger than ever in the history of the church.

The report of the executive committee on Home Missions also is full of encouragement and cheer, and this meeting of the General Assembly will be in a large degree what will be remembered as the "Home Mission Assembly." The work of the church in this connection is progressing rapidly and satisfactorily, and the contributions to this cause never have been so large as during the past year.

There was inaugurated during the Assembly of last year a new system of beneficence, and the plans in full for this new system will be presented this year. This subject will doubtless prove to be one of the most interesting to be discussed on the floor of the Assembly, not that the presentation of the plans will provoke opposition, but discussion will be necessary in order to develop and carry out the same. The adoption of these plans amounts to the institution of a distinct and important department of systematic beneficence in the church.

The cause of schools and colleges and that of minsterial education will be brought to the attention of the Assembly in an emphatic manner, as is always the case, for it can be said with all safety that the Presbyterian church through all of its history has stood among the leaders in the educational work of the world.

The first business of the Assembly will be the election of a Moderator. This election will take place on the first day following the sermon of Rev. J. W. Bachman, D. D., of Chattanooga, who is the retiring Moderator. The commissioners will be enrolled at the close of the sermon, and they will then proceed to elect a Moderator and two temporary clerks. Rev. T. H. Law, D. D., of Spartanburg, S. C., is stated clerk of the Assembly, and Rev. J. D. Leslie, of Ballinger, Texas, is permanent clerk. Only three times during the 50 years' history of this Assembly, ruling elders instead of ministers, have been elected Moderator, the three elders receiving this honor being Hon. J. W. Lapsley, at the Assembly held in Macon in 1893; Hon. Joseph W. Martin, LL. D., at the Assembly held in Atlanta, in 1900, and Hon. Allen G. Hall, LL. D., at the Assembly held in Greenville, in 1906. The Moderator is elected for one Assembly only, and no one receiving this honor succeeds himself or is ever elected a second time.

Presbyterianism has no greater stronghold than in Mecklenburg county, North Carolina. There are 5,000 Presbyterian in Charlotte, the county seat, alone, including those who are members of the Associate Reformed Presbyterians in Charlotte, the county itants of Mecklenburg county were the sturdy Scotch-Irish, and they were the founders of Charlotte as the county seat. Owing to the fact that these first settlers of Mecklenburg county brought Presbyterianism with them, Charlotte and the entire county, has been considered through all these years a stronghold of Presbyterianism of that type which is known as the purest, both by inheritance and environment.

There has been growth, development, and marked advancement along all lines of the work of the Southern Presbyterian Church during the 50 years that have passed since the General Assembly of this church was organized in Augusta, Ga., on December 4th, 1861. The men who were the leaders in the movement for the organization of the Assembly were the following named: Rev. J. H. Thornwell, D. D., Rev. B. M. Palmer, D. D., Rev. J. Leighton Wilson, D. D., Rev. John B. Adger, D. D., Rev. James R. Wilson, D. D., Rev. John N. Waddell, D. D., Rev. J. D. Lyon, D. D., Rev. Theodore Pryor, D. D., Rev. James B. Ramsay, D. D., and with them were associated a number of other representative men of the Presbyterian church in different States of the South.

Abundant evidence will be presented during the General Assembly to show that this church which has enjoyed a past and is enjoying a present filled with much that stands for success, faces a future just as promising.

NEW SOUTHERN INDUSTRIALS

What is Going on in the South of Progress and Seen by Baltimore Manufacturers' Record—Week's Undertakings.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Baltimore, May 11.—Among the Southern industrial and other developmental undertakings reported in this week's issue of the Manufacturers' Record are the following:

Continental Coal Corporation, Chattanooga, Tenn., was formed with $6,000,000 capital stock to consolidate seven coal mining companies and an 11-mile steam railway of Kentucky; properties include 30,000 acres of land estimated to contain 300,000,000 tons of coal; Deene & Co., Moline, Ill., contracter for erection and equipment of plant for daily capacity of 100,000 feet of hardwood lumber in Ouachita county, Ark., for developing 33,000 acres of timber land.

Edge-Dowling Lumber Co., Taylorville, Fla., decided to invest about $100,000 to erect and equip saw mill with daily capacity of 50,000 feet and planing mill with daily capacity of 25,000 feet of lumber; this will replace plant recently burned.

American Red Rose Granite Co., Granite, Ark., will invest $125,000 for granite cutting and finishing machinery and $25,000 for erection of steel shed for plant; company was incorporated recently with $500,000 capital stock.

Clifford B. Harmon, New York, and associates purchased Charles Page oil properties near Tulso, Okla., and incorporated Phoenix Refinery Co., to build refinery reported to cost about $2,000,000.

McLean Lumber Co., Chattanooga, Tenn., awarded contracts for erection and equipment of $50,000 plant with daily capacity of 40,000 feet of lumber.

Aldora Mills, Barnesville, Ga., will erect 100x240 foot additional building and equip it with looms so that present yarn output can be woven into cloth; reports state that $150,000 will be the cost of the enlargement.

Kentweva Coal & Lumber Co., Elkins, W. Va., was incorporated with $500,000 capital stock to acquire and develop coal and timber lands in Kentucky.

North Carolina Orchard Co., Fayetteville, N. C., was incorporated with $350,000 capital stock by North Carolina and New York parties to develop 10,000 acres of land for orchards.

Southern Car Co., High Point, N. C. was reorganized and determined plans for erecting additional buildings of brick, steel and concrete in order to provide space for new machinery to largely increase capacity; company recently increased capital stock from $250,000 to $500,000.

Rowesville Cotton Oil Co., Rowesville, S. C., will erect 100x100 foot building of mill construction and install machinery for capacity of 40 tons of cotton seed products.

Rocky Face Silica Sand Co., Rocky Face, Ga., which was incorporated recently with $100,000 capital stock, decided to install machinery for 500 ton daily crushing plant.

Moultrie Oil & Fertilizer Co., Moultrie, Ga., was incorporated with $75,000 capital stock to build cotton gin, fertilizer factory and cotton seed oil mill.

Farmers Canning & Ice Co., Ocala, Fla., was organized with $100,000 capital stock to build cannery and ice plant.

Pelham Phosphote Co., Pelham, Ga., awarded contract for erection of 80x350 and 100x450 foot buildings and will install machinery for annual capacity of 15,000 tons of acid phosphate and for manufacturing sulphuric acid.

Consolidation Coal Co., Baltimore, decided to develop waterpower of Elkhorn creek to transmit electricoty for lighting and power in connection with its extensive coal developments in Letcher and Pine counties, Kentucky

Piedmont Traction Co., Charlotte, N. C., awarded contract at about $300,000 for transformers, trolley wires, switchboards, etc., for interurban railways under construction in North and South Carolina.

General building activities continue throughout the South and among the structures contracted for during the week were the following: $300,000 office building at Richmond, Va.; $350,000 bank building at Shereport, La.; $60,000 club house at Dallas, Tex.; $26,000 church at San Angelo, Texas; $52,000 church at San Antonio, Tex.; $25,000 warehouse at Danville, Va.; $12,000 school at Green Cove Springs, Fla.; $35,000 bank building at Ocala, Fla.; $45,000 church at Richmond, Va.; $51,000 court house at Prescott, Ark.; $20,000 school at Winters, Tex.; $13,000 church at Fort Stockton, Tex., and $30,000 school at Perry, Okla.

Removal Sale of the French Millinery Parlors. All goods at cost beginning Monday, May 15th. tf.

Read Star Business Locals.

How She Keeps Her Baby Healthy—Test Free

An easy way for any mother to raise sturdy children

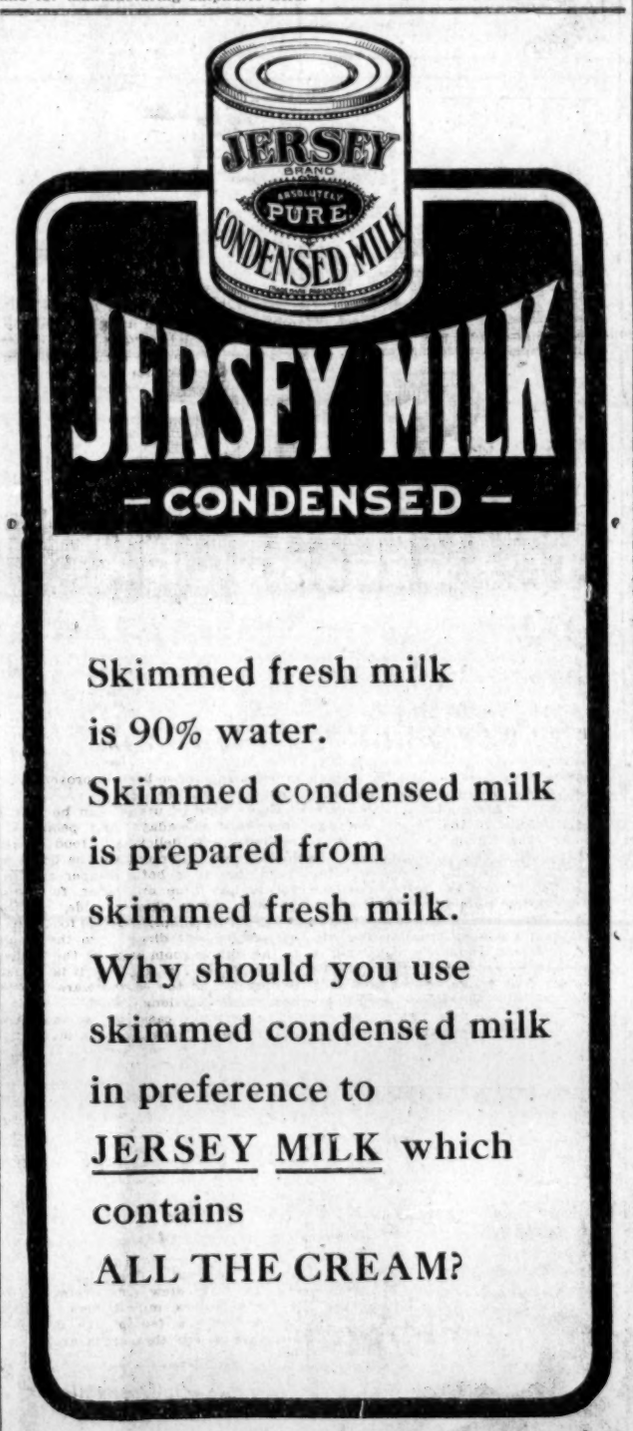
So far back as the memory of man goes every mother has had her own peculiar ideas about how to keep her children healthy. But women are getting to agree on the main point more and more, and that is that it is of first importance to keep the little one's bowels open.

From the bowels comes health or sickness. Unless a child is born diseased it can be kept healthy, and made to grow to vigorous maturity, if the bowels are kept free and pure in infancy and childhood. It is the main point for the mother to look after. The amount of romping and playing a child does keeps its bowels moving naturally, but there comes a time when they overeat or eat something that does not agree, and then a laxative is absolutely necessary.

Don't wait until matters get worse—give a laxative at once. What laxative are you going to give? Stewed fruit and things of that kind? No, not when the child is really constipated. Give a scientific laxative, a formula based on forty years of experience with children. Such a laxative is Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, which thousands of mothers are already giving in these emergencies. It is the mainstay of the children of Mrs. J. R. Whiting of Lena, Wis., Mrs. Chas. H. Reichert, Richmond Hill, L. I., and numerous others.

Don't give pills, tablets or strong cathartics for the child doesn't need it. Go to your druggist and buy a fifty cent or one dollar bottle of Syrup Pepsin. It is mild, gentle, free from griping and exactly suited to the needs of infants and children. If you want to try it before buying write Dr. Caldwell and he will send you a free sample bottle. He has sent thousands such bottles to mothers.

Dr. Caldwell does not feel that the purchase of his remedy ends his obligation. He has specialized in stomach, liver and bowel diseases for over forty years and will be pleased to give the reader any advice on the subject free of charge. All are welcome to write him. Whether for the medical advice or the free sample address him Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 541 Caldwell building, Monticello, Ill.



DON'T INSURE

Your property against fire then neglect your roof. "TENACITY BRAND" roof paint insures you against leakage. Withstands severest heat, cold and moisture—guaranteed not to crack or blister.

Atlantic Paint & Varnish Works

MANUFACTURERS.

'Phone 343.

WARM SULPHUR SPRINGS

BATH COUNTY, VIRGINIA

This famous resort with the most delightful bath in America is now open for guests. Write for rates and information. Mrs. John L. Eubank, Warm Springs, Va.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Cheap Excursion Rates to Little Rock, Ark., and Return Account of Annual Re-union United Confederate Veterans, May 15th-18th, 1911.

For the above occasion the Southern Railway announces the sale of very low round-trip tickets as follows:

From:	
Raleigh	$19.90
Durham	19.40
Burlington	18.75
Oxford	20.05
Selma	20.45
Goldsboro	20.85

Proportionately low rates from all other stations.

Tickets will be on sale May 13th, 14th and 15th with final return limit to reach original starting point not later than midnight of May 23rd.

Extension of final limit can be secured making ticket good to reach original starting point not later than June 14th, 1911, by depositing same with Special Agent and paying a fee of 50 cents.

Southern Railway will operate through Pullman Sleeping Car, Raleigh to Little Rock. Car to leave Raleigh at 4:05 P. M., Sunday, May 14th.

For information as to rates, schedules, Pullman reservation, etc., address the undersigned.

J. O. JONES,
Traveling Passenger Agent.
Raleigh, N. C.

M. H. SCHELL,
City Ticket Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY.

$15.95.

JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA.
SOUTHERN BAPTIST CONVENTION

Tickets on sale May 14th to 17th, inclusive. Returning, good to reach starting point not later than midnight May 31st.

Extension: Original purchaser may secure an extension of final limit to June 30th, by depositing ticket with Special Agent, Jacksonville, not later than May 31st, and upon payment of fee of $1.00 at time of deposit.

For schedules or any other information, address nearest Agent, or

T. C. WHITE.
General Passenger Agent.
W. J. CRAIG,
Passenger Traffic Manager.
Wilmington, N. C.

my3to16

ELECTION NOTICE:

The Board of Commissioners of New Hanover County in accordance with the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of North Carolina passed at its 1911 Session, entitled "An Act to empower the Board of Commissioners of New Hanover county to issue bonds for road improvement and to construct bridges," and by virtue of the power therein given, do hereby call and give notice of an election to be held by the qualified voters of New Hanover county, on Wednesday, the 31st day of May, 1911, between the hours of sunrise and sunset, to determine whether New Hanover county, North Carolina, shall issue $50,000 of its bonds, with interest coupons attached, to continue and complete the repairing, construction and improving the public roads and bridges in said county.

At this election the ballots tendered and cast by the qualified electors shall have written or printed upon them "For continuing and completing the construction and improvement of the public roads and bridges of the County," or "Against the continuing and completing the construction and improvement of the public roads and bridges of the County".

All qualified electors who favor the issue of said bonds shall vote "For continuing and completing the construction and improvement of the public roads and bridges of the County," and all qualified electors who are opposed to the issue of said bonds shall vote "Against the continuing and completing the construction and improvement of the public roads and bridges of the county."

For the purpose of this election as authorized by the said Act, the said Board of Commissioners have ordered, and do hereby order, a new registration for said election, and the following are designated as the polling places in the several townships, precincts and wards, and the persons hereinafter named have been appointed as the Registrars and Judges of election in the said several townships, precincts and wards.

Cape Fear Township—Polling places, Blossom's Store, Castle Hayne; registrar, W. B. Hand; judges, W. H. Shearin and J. R. Johnson.

Harnett, First Division—Sneeden's Store, Delgado; Geo. H. Ward, registrar; W. A. Woods and E. C. Holt, judges.

Harnett, Second Division — Township House, polling place; J. A. Everett, registrar; Geo. R. Smith and Gerrit Walker, judges.

Masonboro township, Township House, polling place; F. A. Montgomery, registrar; D. D. George and Andrew Capps, judges.

Federal Point township, Carolina Beach, polling place; Hans A. Kure, registrar; Thos. J. Barnett and Melvin Horne, judges.

Wilmington—First ward, Precinct No. 1, Engine House, 4th and Campbell streets, polling place; Fred Moore, registrar; C. W. Rehder and F. P. Lamb, judges.

Wilmington—First ward, Precinct No. 2, Kerr's Store, 4th and Harnett streets; Isaiah West, registrar; Geo. H. Heyer and C. L. Spencer, judges.

Wilmington — Second ward, Woolvin Building, Princess street, polling place; C. H. Ward, registrar; T. W. Wood and F. S. Shepard, judges.

Wilmington — Third ward, Giblem Lodge, 8th and Princess streets, polling place; J. D. Bowen, registrar; L. B. Sasser and Russell Bellamy, judges.

Fourth Ward—W. P. Oldham's Store, Dock between Front and 2nd streets, polling place; M. Cronly, registrar; W. D. McMillan, Jr., and T. G. Pickett, judges.

Fifth Ward, Precinct No. 1, Engine House, 6th and Castle streets, polling place; Jno. W. Gafford, registrar; J. E. Taylor and Henry Gerdes, judges.

Fifth ward, Precinct No. 2, Market House, 5th and Castle streets, polling place; R. A. Burnett, registrar; J. O. Brock and T. B. Willard, judges.

The Registration Books of each Township precinct and ward will be kept open for the registration of electors for twenty days preceding the day for closing the registration books as hereinafter provided, Sundays excepted, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and sunset on each day, beginning the 25th day of April, 1911; and said books shall be closed for registration at sunset on the second Saturday before the election, to-wit: On the 20th day of May, 1911, and on Saturday, the 27th day of April, 1911, and on the 6th day of May, 1911, and on the 13th day of May, 1911, and on the 20th day of May, the Saturdays thereafter, the registrars shall attend with their registration books at the polling places of their respective Townships, precincts and wards, for the registration of electors.

The registrars will attend the polling places of their respective Townships, precincts and wards with the registration books, on the Saturday preceding the election, to-wit, the 27th day of May, 1911, from the hour of 9 o'clock A. M., till the hour of 3 o'clock P. M., when and where the said books will be open for the inspection of the electors of said Townships, precincts and wards, and any of the said electors shall be allowed to object to the name of any person appearing on said books.

This, the 24th day of April, 1911, by order of the Board of Commissioners of New Hanover County.

D. McEACHERN,
Chairman.

Attest:
JOHN HAAR,
Clerk.

ap25-to je1st

State Summer School

For Colored Teachers

June 5-30, 1911.

TWELFTH ANNUAL SESSION.

Agricultural and Mechanical College, for the Colored Race

GREENSBORO, N. C.

Expert teachers will demonstrate most approved methods of teaching public school subjects. Prominent lecturers upon education and pedagogy. Attend State Summer School where best instruction can be secured at lowest cost; where greatest attention is given to develop the patriotism and State pride so much needed to produce highest standard of negro citizenship.

Write at once for terms and accommodations.

JAMES B. DUDLEY,
President
GREENSBORO, N. C.

$310,000.

NORTH CAROLINA STATE BONDS.

Dated July 1st, 1911, payable July 1st, 1951, without prior option.

Interest Four Per Cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, January and July. Both principle and interest payable at the National Park Bank, New York City.

All bids must be accompanied by certified check for Two Per Cent. of amount bid.

Sealed bids will be opened at the office of the State Treasurer, Raleigh, North Carolina, at twelve noon, May 25th, 1911.

These bonds are coupon bonds in denominations of one thousand dollars and one hundred dollars.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

B. R. LACY,
State Treasurer.

my7,10,14-3t

Chesapeake and Ohio Railway

SCENIC ROUTE TO THE WEST

Two Fast Vestibule Trains With Dining Car Service.

Through Pullman Sleepers to Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis.

Lv. Richmond	3:30pm	6:45pm	11:00pm
Ar. Louisville	11:00am		7:30pm
Ar. Cincinnati	8:15am	10:00am	5:00pm
Ar. Chicago	5:25pm	8:05pm	7:10am
Ar. St. Louis	5:55pm	9:15pm	7:17pm

Direct connections for all points West and Northwest.

Quickest and Best Route.

The line to the celebrated mountain resorts of Virginia.

For descriptive matter, schedules and Pullman reservations, address,

W. Q. WARTHEN, D. P. A.,
C. & O. Ry. Co., Richmond, Va.

SUPERIOR TO COPAIBA & INJECTIONS

SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY

RELIEVES IN 24 HOURS

GREATLY REDUCED RATES

:- SOUTHERN BAPTIST CONVENTION -:

JACKSONVILLE, FLA.

MAY 14-17.

Norfolk Southern Railroad will sell tickets from all stations upon its lines to Jacksonville, Fla., May 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th.

Following will be the round trip fare from points indicated:

Beaufort, N. C.	$19.85
Belhaven, N. C.	19.70
Elizabeth City, N. C.	20.70
Edenton, N. C.	19.80
Greenville, N. C.	18.35
Kinston, N. C.	17.25
Newbern, N. C.	18.60
Norfolk, Va.	20.60
Washington, N. C.	18.85
Wilson, N. C.	16.65

Tickets limited to return until May 31st, 1911.

For complete information, apply to any Ticket Agent, or address,

W. W. CROXTON,
General Passenger Agent,
Norfolk, Va.

apr 9-su-6t.

THE WINSTON-SALEM SOUTH BOUND

Important New Railroad Connections FOR WILMINGTON.

On May 1st, the Winston-Salem Southbound Railway, ninety miles in length, in connectio with the Atlantic Coast Line inauguarted through train service between Winston-Salem, N. C., and Florence, S. C., where close connections are made to and from Wilmington, and thereby opening up an entirely new territory already having twenty towns and regular stations with this section.

The train leaving Wilmington at 5:45 A. M. daily, and reaching Florence at 9:30 A. M., connects with the new train leaving there at 10:00 A. M. daily and arriving at Darlington 10:25 A. M., Cheraw 11:43 A. M., Wadesboro 12:42 Noon, Lexington 4:09 P. M. and Winston-Salem 5:15 P. M.

The return schedule is to leave Winston-Salem at 12:10 Noon daily, and reach Wilmington 11:50 P. M.

W. J. CRAIG,
Passenger Traffic Mgr.,
Wilmington, N. C.

my3-tf

ATTENTION TRAVELING PUBLIC.

The Atlantic Coast Line operates double daily through solid trains with Pullman service between Wilmington and Norfolk.

Sleeping car leaves Wilmington 7:00 P. M. and arrives Norfolk 8:00 A. M., Broiler-Buffet service between Wilmington and Rocky Mount.

Parlor car leaves Wilmington 8:40 A. M. and arrives Norfolk 5:55 P. M.

T. C. WHITE,
General Passenger Agent.
W. J. CRAIG,
Passenger Traffic Manager.
'Phone 160. Wilmington, N. C.

How a Business Woman May Dress Well

BECOMING GARB FOR THE BUSINESS GIRL

THE business girl earning an average salary of from $12 to $15 a week faces a puzzling problem in the matter of clothes. When board, car fares, luncheons, church expenses, a modest sum for a saving account in case of illness and another modest sum for the recreation which keeps the business woman brave and bright for her work have been taken out of her menger salary not more than $4 or $5 a week may be spent on clothes. Some women can make a dollar go a very long way. They never come home from a shopping trip loaded down with a host of little things which seemed enticingly cheap on the counters, but which really could have been passed by without any of them being missed later. Marked down neckwear is not for the business woman unless she is on the hunt for something special in neckwear at a bargain price. This keeping a memorandum of needed articles and always maintaining a watchful eye on bargains along the line required are among the greatest helps to making a small dress allowance go a long way. In this manner promiscuous buying and wasteful expenditure may be avoided and the apportioned sum of money be wisely and satisfactorily spent.

This question of buying to suit all needs is a vital one with the woman who must make $20 or less a month supply an adequate wardrobe. Two color schemes at most should cover the summer outfit, and this should afford a pleasant variety that will avoid the depressing monotony of a wardrobe all in one color. For instance, if the tailored suit be gray or black one may have a little foulard frock and several pretty cotton frocks in greens and grays, using a smart black hat and green parasol with the lot.

When the smart tailored suit is picked up at a marked down price late in the season a thoroughly good model, a real bargain in fact, should be selected. Attention should be paid to the material, grade of lining used and the stitching of the seams, many so called bargains in tailored wear being stitched with cheap cotton, which soon loses its color and makes the garment look dingy and hopeless.

The best all around summer suit for the business woman is one of mohair, which is cool, sheds the dust easily and does not require frequent pressings, like linen. A serge or cheviot suit light in weight is also a good selection if there is enough money in the dress allowance to add several cool little cotton frocks for intolerably hot days.

It goes without saying that the tailored suit, be it of serge or mohair or of linen, should be rather of the mannish type than in any dressy or exaggerated style which will soon go out of fashion. Much braided effects should be avoided, and also trimmings of satin or silk, as these are apt to fade a different color from the suit material, with disheartening results, when the second season comes around and the suit must again be made to do duty. The attractive little suit illustrated is a ready made model in dark blue serge with no trimming save black bone buttons. The hat also is a most practical model trimmed with black velvet and a black and white braid ornament.

A good investment would be a turban, like the one in the photograph, of black hemp trimmed with a velvet bow or perhaps a few flowers. Such a hat would serve for business as well as matinee wear.

No one loves fluffy, feminine things more than the little business woman who must spend so much time in severely neat tailored garb. And small blame to her if she is extravagant in the matter of one delightful summery dress for holiday wear. The illustration shows a pretty net frock purchased in robe form for a small sum and made during the winter by a clever girl.

The business woman's outfit should be as simple as possible. Fluffy, much feathered hats are likely to wear badly and ere the season is over present a sadly bedraggled appearance. Frills and fluffs of any sort on the dress that goes to the office every day are equally incongruous. Light gloves and lace trimmed and embroidered shirt waists, which soil easily and are soon shabby, are undesirable. Moreover, it should never be forgotten that it is in bad taste for the business woman to affect any of the extremes of fashion. Her appearance when she is out in the business world should be such as will not attract undue attention on account of eccentricity in dress. Hobble skirts, high heeled shoes, cart wheel hats and kindred monstrosities should all be religiously avoided.

CATHERINE TALBOT.

YOUNG GIRLS' CARDS

THE time honored rule still holds good among conservative people that the visiting card of the mother should bear her name and those of her daughters, and this not only while the latter are in their teens, but as long as their mother finds herself equal to taking them out, and when she ceases to be so the hour is struck for separate cards of their own to come into force.

The opposite is the case in surroundings where the daughters take a different position in life from that occupied by their parents and move in a different circle in consequence. Their mothers have probably lived a retired home life and have confined their visiting to their own immediate relatives. The daughters, on the other hand, have made friends with girls of their own age at school, at golf, at croquet and tennis clubs and have enjoyed many social advantages from so doing. There could be no question under these conditions whether they should or should not have cards of their own. It is a foregone conclusion, and when they call on the friends they have made and at the houses where they have been entertained they must leave cards bearing their name and address upon them.

It is different when a girl's mother who formerly went into society has become an invalid. In this case the daughters' names still remain on their mother's cards, and they can leave them when calling upon their friends. Even when making first calls it is advisable to do this. Daughters hardly realize—in fact, they do not care to do so—how much their social standing is enhanced by being able to leave their mother's cards with their names upon them. It is, so to speak, a guarantee of social position. It denotes that a girl is residing with her parents and that she is not a unit, residing anywhere and alone. The parents have a position known to all, and the acquaintance of a girl so situated is likely to be approved by the mothers of other girls, whereas the card of a young spinster is of little significance in the social scale, and daughters who would "throw over" their mother's protecting mantle or poohpooh the use of her cards and start cards of their own should think twice before putting their wishes into effect, as the loss is all on their side and the gain absolutely nil.

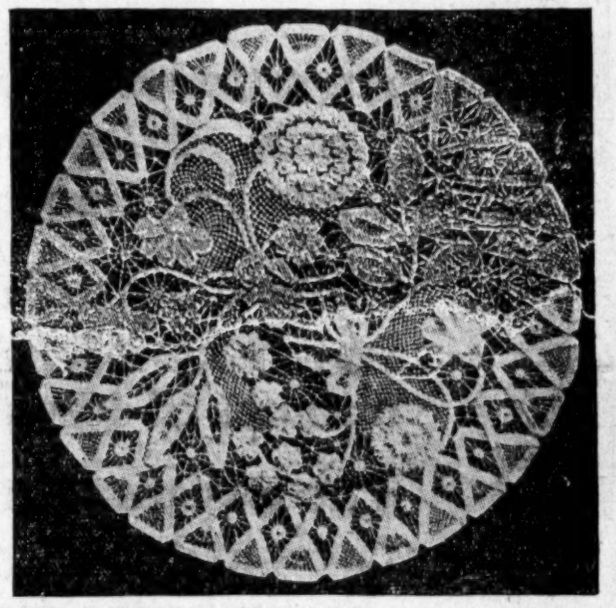
Daughters who have lost their mother usually have cards of their own to leave upon those friends with whom their father is unacquainted. If a relative resides with the daughters to act as chaperon their names are printed on her cards, as was formerly done on their mothers' cards. Failing this and a daughter goes into society with her father, his and her name are printed on a lady's size visiting card, and these cards are left upon those with whom they are mutually acquainted, the daughter being regarded as the mistress of her father's house even if just out.

Point Lace Doily

LACE in any form is so fashionable this season that it is not surprising to know that tablecloths are lace trimmed and that undraped tables are adorned with lace doilies. The illustration shows a handsome design in point lace work, the novelty being the raised flowers, their shell-like appearance being achieved by drawing a thread in the braid. Roses, lover's knots, forgetmenots, daisies and leaves form the separate pieces. No. 100 thread should be used for the stitches, fine French braid for the outlines.

When the separate designs have been made take a piece of glazed brown paper, which should be rather heavy and ten inches in diameter. Draw a circle near the edge and another circle about one and a half inches from this, fold the paper in four, and with compasses mark sixteen divisions around each quarter on the inner and outer circle. By following these marks the braid may be tacked to form the border.

Next group the leaves and flowers to suit the taste, tacking each firmly on the paper. Then work in the open spaces with point lace stitch. In the border diamonds every other space has a small crocheted disk from which the bars radiate.



THE LACE FAD FOLLOWED EVEN IN TABLE FURNISHINGS.

PICTURESQUE BOWS

SMART millinery is adorned with bows, those illustrated here being three of the prettiest and newest types. The long straight effect here shown is known as the right quill. It is adapted for trimming the right hand side of a hat and stands straight up, like an arrow pointing to the sky. It may be made of any number of harmonizing colors or of various shades of the same color. All the ribbons must be of the same width. Three shades of green, three shades of brown and three shades of yellow may be used in one bow. The ends are pointed, and each strip is pulled down a quarter of an inch below the strip just beneath it. The bow at the bottom must be of one pronounced color. This arrangement enables one to use up short ends of ribbons.

The sausage bow, with its twisted knots, is made with narrow quarter inch tucks on the back of ribbon five inches apart. Through these tucks a wire is run. When the ribbon is pulled taut it assumes the appearance of a sausage. After the ribbon is tightly twisted around the wire it is looped back and forth in the hand and tied in the center. This bow is equally well adapted for a corsage decoration and for hat garniture.

The butterfly bow—butterfly effects are exceedingly fashionable at present—is light in weight and dainty and airy in appearance. Perched on the large flat brim of one of the modish hats it is seen to special advantage. The body of the butterfly is made of tucked wire ribbon, similar to that in the sausage bow, but the ribbon is folded differently.

The two loops at the top and the two at the bottom are placed flat, one loop being just outside and larger than the one first made. The body of the butterfly is made by winding the ribbon round and round to construct a foundation to which the wings may be attached. The wings are made of four pieces of No. 100 ribbon sewed together, each strip being eighteen inches long. The two ends are cut in a fashion similar to the outlines of the wings of the butterfly. The shirring at the bottom when drawn up gives the wings the proper flare.

It is noticeable that ribbon conceits of this sort are a feature on some of the most exclusive models, ribbons forming one of the most popular trimming of the season.

Designed by Ora Çné.

THREE BEWITCHING BOWS.

Casserole Cooking

Earthenware Vessels Are Now Popular In Every Form.

THERE is no doubt that cooking in earthenware has come to stay, and it is hardly a matter for surprise when the advantages of this form of cookery are really understood, whether it be casserole cookery, so called, or cookery in fireproof dishes.

Of late years the prices of these utensils have been reduced so greatly that they are within the reach of the modest housewife's purse, and yet at the same time the actual pots and fireproof dishes have been improved enormously in quality.

Every kind of utensil can be had in this ware nowadays, and people are realizing how delicious is food cooked in this way. It must also be borne in mind that it is both cheaper and involves less time and labor, for these utensils, being glazed inside, can be cleaned very simply, and the food cooked can be sent direct from the range to the dining room without the bother of dishing it. In this way it is served piping hot, as the earthenware retains heat for a very long period.

The ordinary casserole, so called, is well known to most, but the many variations of this pot are not familiar. The roasting dish is particularly to be commended where it is not already known. Bacon cooked in this and sent direct to the dining room is delicious, while anything can be broiled or roasted in it, the dish itself being most attractive in appearance, with its rich brown glaze outside and the yellow glaze in.

Then another form is the oval casserole with side handles, and a chicken cooked in one of these, with simply the addition of a little butter or clarified dripping, is a revelation. Again, too, there are stew pots, frying pans, potato steamers, milk boilers, etc., to mention only a few of the different forms in which these pots are to be had.

THE QUIET GIRL

"Julia is so quiet and retiring she hardly ever cares to go out anywhere, so I just let the child alone," a mother remarked the other day about her sixteen-year-old daughter.

It is a great mistake to let a young girl grow up in this way.

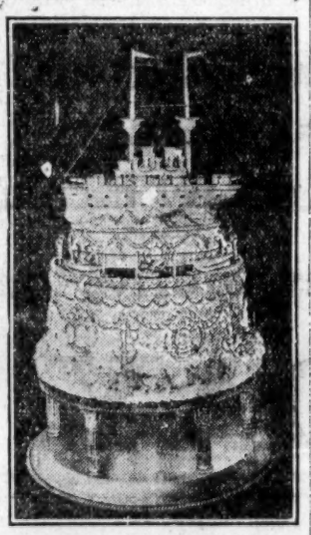
No girl should be allowed to get to the stage where she is content to stay at home and sit in the background in, apparently, stupid silence, while other people take the burden of the conversation. It is a habit that quickly grows on a girl unless she is encouraged to go out and talk. It may be the means of spoiling what would have been a happy life.

Talk to her and get her to talk to you and encourage her to talk to other people and she will soon get over her self consciousness, for it generally is self consciousness that brings about such a state of things.

Original Bride Cakes

Touches of Individuality In Their Construction and Decoration.

SPRING bridal fashions are peculiar to an age that demands individuality. Novel touches are more appreciated than elaborateness or lavishness in appointment. Characteristic bride cakes are aimed at, the form or decoration being fitted to the particular wedding it is meant to grace. Of course such cakes are a little more expensive than the plain ones, but a wedding cake, next to the bride, is the most interesting thing about a wedding. At the marriage of a young naval officer and a Washington belle recently the cake was built in several sections, the top one ornamented with a man-of-war sailing over a sea of white frosting. The main portion of the cake was adorned with anchors, life buoys and other nautical symbols, while shells in white frosting formed an effective border.



SAILOR'S BRIDE CAKE.

THE ROYAL TASTE

Queen Alexandra is fond of soft, subdued colors, and pale shades of rose, green and blue have been largely used in the redecoration of Marlborough House, which is now being prepared for her majesty's occupation. Queen Alexandra very much dislikes changes in her rooms, and it is said she is so particular about everything being always put in exactly the same place that plans of her rooms have been made, showing exactly where each object is meant to be, so that when anything is moved it can be replaced in its original position.

JEWELRY FADS

THIS is likely to be a great jewelry season owing to the new fashions in jewelry which the coronation will bring about. A coronation year always means that the ladies of the great families of England bring out their gems and have them reset in the newest fashion. Dames of lower degree, who have no heirlooms, but much money, follow the fashion. So do American society women. The consequence is that every coronation inaugurates a new fashion era so far as jewelry is concerned. London and Parisian jewelers are showing many novelties. Not the least startling of these is the jeweled ornament which is suspended by a chain on the back of the neck. The low cut bodices which show so much of the back are possibly responsible for this fad. It is one which ladies who have shapely necks and are not averse to showing even a great deal of their backs are likely to affect.

Apropos of jewelry, all who saw Queen Mary at the opening of parliament were much interested in the newly set (so most folk imagined) diamond coronet worn by the queen at this her first great public function. It was the beautiful design of alternate St. Andrew's crosses and fleur-de-lis which was unrecognized among hitherto familiar crown jewels. But, instead of being a newly set coronet, this beautiful crown was the one worn so constantly, quite at the beginning of her long reign, by Queen Victoria. In the early years of Queen Victoria's reign it was of course the mode to wear the hair quite flat and drawn well over the ears, so that even an all round crown of this kind was set very low on the head. But with the now much raised and waved coiffure, affected invariably by Queen Mary, this splendid crown is equally well worn, and a truly imperial effect it had, donned by her majesty with the imperial robes.

NEW BACK PENDANT.

Cleaning House

Some time before you propose starting your cleaning you should go carefully over the house and note down exactly what has to be done in the way of calcimining and repapering. Next examine all your chairs, especially those with stuffed seats, observing which require repairs; also inspect the casters on all heavy furniture, such as pianos, wardrobes, beds, etc., for if any should happen to be broken or twisted very serious damage will be done to your carpets and oilcloth when you have to move the furniture to and fro at cleaning time. Then your tables and other flat topped furniture should receive attention. If scratched, dented, discolored with hot dishes or worm eaten make a note of the damages. When your list is completed begin at once to repair, scoring off as each is completed.

THE BRONX!

Wilmington's Newest and Most Attractive Suburban Development

Announced For The First Time!

An attractive proposition to the suburban home builder or conservative investor. Long time, extremely easy payments and no taxes and interest while you are paying.

Situated immediately on Castle Street Boulevard and suburban car line, between Seventeenth Street and Delgado. Five-cent car fare. Within five minutes of downtown.

The lots are all high and dry, naturally drained, being on this main thoroughfare and decidedly attractive for residence or investment. The Bronx will shortly be the most attractive suburban section in Wilmington.

Lots in this immediate section are selling from $400 to $600, but the prices of Bronx lots are $150 to $200 and the payments are **only $1 a week.**

Never before in the history of Wilmington real estate development have such excellent lots been placed on the market at such extremely low prices. These values will surely increase 100 per cent. within the year.

Take the street car or drive out to The Bronx. Lots on sale tomorrow,

MONDAY, MAY 15th, 1911

REMEMBER THE DATE! WE ADVISE PURCHASE AT ONCE!

D. R. FOSTER & COMPANY

"WE SELL THE EARTH"

206 Princess Street -:- Telephone 1220